REGD. NO. B. 1035

The Bombay Chronicle

REGD. NO. B. 1065

PRICE ONE ANNA

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

32 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1934 SIXTEEN PAGES

INSURANCE

SWADESHI in INSURANCE is easy. INDIAN INSURANCE COMPANIES are ready with their service.

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE

ATMA BOWS TO POPULAR WILL

I Explain His Position

TY VOTE ON FRANCHISE

Retires Others Follow Suit

onicle" definitely understands and hi will attend the Bombay , he will not place his proposals franchise before it officially. rstood, realized that the bulk of country does not favour his pro- f the Congress approves of them mere loyalty to him.

rstood, address an informal meet- mmittee and explain his position without putting his proposals to

ls in this regard will be plac- here will be no question of the Committee following suit in n the Congress.

d and Sardar Vallabhbhai Pa- esident and member of the ectively.

BU'S RETORT ALAVIYA

Only Aggravate fficulties

OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

PATNA, Oct. 1.

a resolution rejecting the Commun- and shouting "rejection" I felt sure rd will be in fact rejected. I for one for Pandit Malaviya's programme. uch delusion and it is, therefore, that the Congress programme and vote in the forthcoming Assembly elections." ad addressing a well attended public tna City last night under the presid- ji.

gress programme, Babu Rajendra Pra- A.I.C.C. had decided in this very City of Council Entr. They were aware r or five years the country had made the call of the Congress.

now been suspended and the Cong- erdict people on their policy all that they had sufferings that the people had been with

this hour of trial as they ways done in the past. d to the call of Sacrifice fering by them in the e present demand of the s was almost insignificant ey should have no difficul- acceding to it.

rring to the Communal Babu Rajendra Prasad that it was necessary to misconceptions and mis- ensions prevailing among regarding the Congress at- on the point.

FERENCE OF METHOD.

speaker explained in brief story of the Award. It mmon ground between the s and its critics said the that the Award was anti- l and should be modified as possible. The differ- ose in regard to the me- which modifications were ecured. They must re- in this connection that ad been distinctly

ntinued on page 10).

"REDS" BUSY IN AUSTRIA

Plan For New Pustch Causes Considerable Anxiety In Capital

MONARCHISTS ON SCENE

VIENNA. Oct. 1.

Considerable anxiety is felt in Government circles following the reports that Communists splendidly equipped are preparing to launch a putsch. It is believed that many Communists entered the auxiliary forces partly to obtain training and partly to create cells of discontent.

It is rumoured also that the Monarchists may attempt to bring back Archduke Otto some time in October.

Vienna is quieter now than for months, but their is a vague feeling of uneasiness and Government is adopting wide protective measures.—Reuter.

Nationalist Candidate From Orissa

NEW DELHI, Oct. 1.

In addition to the names announced yesterday the Congress Nationalist Party will support the candidature of Mr. Srikant Mahapatra from Orissa.—A.P.

STOP PRESS

MAHATMA WON'T RETIRE.

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 1.

Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai arrived here to-day and left to-night for Bombay. He met Mr. Vallabhbhai Patel during the course of the day. Interviewed by a press representative he said that he was sure that Mahatma Gahdhi would not retire from the Congress.—A.P.

SARDAR MEETS WORKERS.

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 1.

Mr. Vallabhbhai Patel met this evening about a hundred local Congressmen at the Congress House. He told them to carry out the programme that might be decided upon by the Congress at Bobmay, Referring to the Socialists, he said that they should not create unnecessary bitterness.—A.P.

DURAND TROPHY.

SIMLA, Oct. 1.

In the final of the Durand Association Football Cup, the B. Corps Signals beat the Argyle and Sutherland Highlanders by 3 goals against 1.

The Governor of the Punjab presented the cup to the winners.—A.P.

BUCHAREST GOVT. RESIGNS.

BUCHAREST, Oct. 1.

The Government has resigned. The King has charged Prime Minister Tatarescu to form a new Ministry Tatarescu stated that the reason for the step was the King's wish to examine the political situation before he reassembly of Parliament with a view to finding solutions to outstanding problems. —Reuter.

WAKELY TO SUCCEED KERSHAW

LONDON, October 1.

In connection with the approaching retirement of Sir L J Kershaw, Sir Samuel Hoare has appointed Mr. L D Wakely, as Deputy Under-Secretary of State for India and Mr S K Brown, Joint Secretary Military Department, as Assistant Under-Secretary of State.—Reuter.

RAJEN BABU FEELS OVERWHELMED

Issued from the Congress House).

Sjt. Rajendra Prasad, the President-elect of the 48th session of the Indian National Congress to be held in Bombay was informed by wire of his unanimous election to the Presidentship of the Congress.

Sjt. Rajendra Prasad has wired back to the Reception Committee as follows:—

"Thanks. Feel overwhelmed by responsibility. Accept nation's call in humbleness of spirit, full of faith and hope.

RAJENDRA PRASAD."

NAVY DISCIPLINE ACT COMES IN FORCE

New Designation For Indian Marine

SIMLA, Oct. 1.

The following Communique is issued:—

His Majesty the King-Emperor has been graciously pleased to approve of the Royal Indian Marine Service being designated from the 2nd October as "The Royal Indian Navy." His Majesty has been further pleased to signify that he wishes every success to the force in its new role.

Simultaneously with the announcement of His Majesty's gracious decision, a Gazette of India Extraordinary has been issued bringing into force the Indian Navy (Discipline) Act of 1934 which was passed by the Indian Legislature during its last session, and which provides for the application of the British Naval Discipline Act to Indian Naval forces.

To celebrate the inauguration of the new service, ships of the Royal Indian Navy in harbour at Bombay and Karachi will dress overall and fire a salue of 31 guns, the military authorities at these ports co-operating by firing similar salutes. The designation of Flag Officer Commanding and Director, Royal Indian Marine, have been changed to "Flag Officer Commanding the Royal Indian Navy."

The following message has been received from the Admiralty:—

"The Admiralty congratulate the Flag Officer Commanding, Royal Indian Navy, on the New Status of the force under his command. They welcome it as a happy augury for the future and are confident that it will inspire officers and men to develop still further the fine tradition so long maintained by the Royal Indian Marine."—A.P.

BENGAL CONGRESS DISPUTES

Aney Gives Award On Party Feuds After Inquiry

NEW DELHI, Oct. 1.

The following are the main points determined in the orders passed by Mr. M. S. Aney, the arbitrator in the Bengal Congress Committee election dispute. It will be recalled that Mr. Aney agreed to arbitrate despite his resignation from the Working Committee. The following is the outcome of his enquiries.

1 The last day for elections of District Executives and representatives to the B.P.C.C. is seventh October. Districts that fail to comply with this instruction within the specified time will go unrepresented on the B.P.C.C.

2 The B. P. C. C. meeting will be held on the 10th October.

3 A.I.C.C. elections will be held on the 13th October.

4 Regarding the Faridpur dispute, the electoral roll hung up at Election Board office on the third October (?) is accepaed as final.

TIPPERAH DISPUTE.

5 Regarding the Tipperah dispute in view of the report made and the evidence recorded by the enquiring officer, forty names have been expunged from the electoral roll. The general meeting will be held by issuing admission cards.

6 For holding District and B.P.C.C. elections the arbitrator has appointed Mr. Satis Chandra Roy Choudhry for Faridpur, Mr. Suresh Chandra Das Gupta for Bogra and Maulvi Habibur Rahman Choudhry for Tipperah. Barisal is to hold its general meeting immediately and Mymensingh will follow the instructions already given by the Election Board.

7 Regarding the 24 Parganas, the election Tribunal will re-hear the objections filed by Mr. Lal Mohan Mitra immediately .

NORTH CALCUTTA.

8 Regarding North Calcutta, the election of the District Executive Committee is confirmed. The election to the B.P.C.C. from that district will be either by ballot or at a meeting of the District Executive Committee.

9 Regarding South Calcutta a small committee of five has been entrusted with the work of selecting (nominating) District Executives and representatives to the B.P.C.C.

10 Regarding Central Calcutta the same procedure has been adopted. Objection petitions regarding this district are not to be filed as they are now regarded as unnecessary.—A.P.

Angry Scenes In Labour Party Conference

COMMUNISTS ON BRA

Ex-Minister Creates Disorder And Tenders Apology Later On

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Oct. 1.

Angry encounters marked the opening day's proceedings of the Labour Party Conference at Southport which was attended by 800 delegates representing an affiliated membership over 2 millions.

The first scene occurred when exception was taken to the alleged extremist character of the Committee over which Lord Marley presides. Lord Marley asserted that it was not run by the Communist Party.

In the course of discussion Mr. Herbert Morrison of the Party Executive characterised one of Lord Marley's statements as "lie" and declared that Lord Marley knew that it was untrue. Lord Marley denied.

Later Mr. Aneurin Bevan, a member of the House of Commons objected to the proposal to take action where the Labourites associated themselves with listed organisations. Ex-Minister Shinwell, thereupon created a great disorder by suggesting that Mr. Bevan's attitude was dictated by coming events. This was interpreted as alluding to Miss Jennie Lee, ex-member of the House of Commons and a member of the extremist organisation who was recently betrothed to Mr. Bevan. Mr. Shinwell apologised.

Mr. Bevan's amenument was defeated by an overwhelming majority. Subsequently Mr. Ernest Bevin (Transport Workers) in a bitter attack said: "In this Conference, Mr. Aneurin Bevan, you are not going to get the flattery of the gossip columns that you get in London. Mr. Shinwell joined the attack and Miss Jennie Lee was visibly angered.

British Laboour Condemns Fascism As Old Deadly Reaction

LONDON, October 1.

The Labour Party meeting at Southport to-day and the Conservative Party meeting at Bristol on Thursday have reawakened interest in domestic politics.

Mr W R Smith in his presidential address at Southport sweepingly condemned fascism as a disastrous blow to democracy and liberty. Despite its new outfit of shirts slogans and salutes it was the old deadly Reaction, the historic enemy of the worker.

He accused Government of surveying the scene with smug self-satisfaction, but Labour looked on with growing apprehension on both the National and international situations.

The longstanding controversies in the Labour Party are expected to result in liveliness when the conference discusses the report of the National Executive to which Sir Stafford Cripps and the Socialist League have tabled innumerable amendments demanding more militant socialism with a five years' plan.

The question of Mr. Arthur Henderson's successor as Secretary to the party will lead to the momentous decision as to whether he be permitted to run a political career or remain solely an administrative official of Labour.—Reuter.

Karachi Shipper's S.O.S. To Govt. Of India

(From Our Correspondent).

What is characterised in the local an S.O.S. to the Government with a vie Shipping Companies from the threatened result of the menacing rate-war for contained in a communication by the Chamber to the Government of India.

Intervene Immediately

The Chamber urges immediate Indian Shipping Companies can har of those non-Indian companies who of reserve behind them accumulate ing certain exclusive privileges wh never enjoyed.

90 Per Cent Reduction

It will be interesting to note rates have been reduced by about ed rates, the present rate for one rachi to Tuticorin and Madras, co the rate-war commenced.—A.P.

CHINA ON GOLD AS CHECK TO U. S. SILVER POLICY

"Financial Times" Points Way To Nanking Govt.

LONDON, October 1.

It is a pity that the Chinese Government is so emphatic in its denial of any intention to adopt the gold standard according to the "Financial News" because, if unable to oppose Washington's present silver policy which is resulting in severe deflation in China the adoption of gold by the Government as the basis of currency will be her only other alternative.

This will be possible indirectly by selling her silver to America and acquiring French francs for dollars obtained and by withdrawing gold from the Bank of France. As China's sales of dollars would bring the dollar-franc rate to the gold export point, the Bank of France would recover its losses through arbitrage shipments from New Cork.

On the balance the United States would lose gold equivalent to her acquisition in Chinese silver, meaning the failure to broaden her note issue, thus inducing her to reconsider silver policy.—Reuter's Special.

GANDHIJI WILL ATTEND CONGRESS SAYS RAJEN BABU

PATNA, Oct. 1.

The information that Gandhiji is definitely attending the forthcoming Congress session at Bombay was communicated to the "United Press" by Babu Rajendra Prasad who returned here yesterday from Wardha after discussing with Gandhiji and Sardar Patel various issues arising out of his recent statement.—United Press.

TABULATED ADLETS

1 Anna Per Word.

Minimum Re. 1

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No.—The "Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

...S TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under: "Box No.— The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

1. PERSONAL.

Mahmoud Bey, the famous Egyptian Spiritualist, is now in Bombay and can be consulted at Amrut Building Ballard Estate opposite E. D. Sassoon & Co., Fort Bombay Fee Rs. 5. (3005).

5. SITUATIONS VACANT.

...nted Immediately.—Experience... and qualified mining engineers ... Cobalt and Nickel Mines. Ap... Parker and Company, 22, ...pollo St., Fort. (3021)

...nted an experienced Dyer for ...lour testing work in Laboratory. ...ood prospects. State lowest ...lary. Apply Box No. 3016, ...ombay Chronicle."

...anted Secretary. Salesmen, Chief Salesmen, Organizers for Ltd. concern salary Rs. 75-75-150-40 respectively. Royal Service Bureau, Meerut. (3008).

Wanted immediately a young Parsi (Graduate preferred) who has experience of Dairy business and can promote sales of butter and milk. Must be able to correspond well and attend to office routine. Good salary to a capable man. Apply Box No. 8980, "Bombay Chronicle".

Urgently Required:—Experienced Architectural Draughtsman by well established concern, on decent salary, apply personally, Parker and Company, 22, Apollo Street, Fort. (2998).

12. TO BE LET.

To Be Let At Reduced Rent:— (1) At Harbour View Colaba Causeway, near Hotel Majestic near Tram Terminus:—Upper floors vacant flats, each containing Drawing-Room, Sitting-Room Bed-Rooms, separate Lavatory, separate ...ittings:—

...at ...ram ...per ...in- ...m. ...y, ...e

...94A

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Organiser Imbued With True Missionary spirit wanted for the recently opened Model Industrial Home and School for boys of the Poor from 7 to 9 years old. Ability to manage and train the boys on Modern Intensive lines to be self-supporters at the age of about sixteen quite essential. Applications stating age, qualifications with copies of testimonials, remuneration required be submitted by post before 20th October to the chairman, Model Industrial Home and School Kandivli (Bombay Suburb.) ((3018)

Local Self-Government Service:— Next session of the Training Classes for Officers of the Local Self-Government Service, conducted under the joint auspices of the Government of Bombay and the Local Self-Government Institute commences at Bombay, Poona and Ahmedabad from 22nd October, 1934. Apply for prospectus and admission to the Superintendent, Local Self-Government Institute, 11, Elphinstone Circle, Fort Bombay. (8956)

68. PARTNERSHIPS

Wanted partnership in concern acting as sole agents of Automobile Companies. Apply Box No. 3012, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted Capitalist Partners by old established firm of Government and Railway Contractors to develop new lines in Machinery for workshops, railways, electric companies, etc., Building materials, Hospital Requirements. Lines already secured under agency contract. Interview given to 'bona-fide' investors. Apply Box No. 2993, "Bombay Chronicle".

74. AGENCIES WANTED

Gentleman with 47 years' experience in tea business, expert in blending and enjoying best influence with the traders offers his services. Please write Jamsetji Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikalwadi, Bombay.

73. AGENTS WANTED.

Applications are invited from persons desiring to take up the Selling Agency of the "Bombay Chronicle" Daily and Sunday Editions, particularly at Rajahmundry, Malegaon, Barnagar, Ratlam, Larkhana, Mirpurkas, Sd Jhansi, Jubbulpore, Manmad Dhond, Pandharpur, Raichur Balapur, Ernakulam, Dharmavaram, Trivandrum, Bezwada, Cochin, Coimbatore, Cocanada Guntur, Nidadavole, Palghar Ongole, Ottapalam, Samalkot Salem, Katni, Meerut, Agra Kamptee, Seoni, Saugor, Ajmer Harda, Mysore, Anantapur, Nandura, Dehra Dun, Honawar, Delhi Simla, Wardha-Castle, Rock Arvi, Ellichpur, Hingangnat Kamptee, Pithapuram, Madras Adoni, Nellore, Gwalior, Mhow Sangli, Satara. Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Chronicle", Co., Ltd., P. O. Box No. 322, Bombay.

73. AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED INFLUENTIAL AGENTS to sell "Bombay Sentinel" Daily Edition, particularly at the following places:—

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Borivli	Bhusaval	Dahod
Deolali	Dhond	Daman
Dhanu Road	Golvad	Karjat
Kasara	Lonavla	Manmad
Matheran	Neral	Navsari
Nasik	Sholapur	Virar

Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Sentinel," Red House, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

132. BEAUTY REQUISITES.

Why Not Use Keshkala Hair Lotion and look ever young? Remember it is not a dye. (2985).

134. JEWELLERY.

A few expensive pieces of jewellery of Diamonds, Emeralds, Rubies, etc., are to be sold privately. Only genuine purchasers are requested to communicate with N.S.D., 2nd Floor, Old Oriental Building, Medows Street.

156. MISCELLANEOUS.

High Class Tin Factory—We manufacture in our Factory by electric automatic machinery tin cans of all descriptions, such as for kerosene oil, and for packing and preserving articles like confectionery, tea, coffee, cigarettes, phenyle, greese, paint, etc. Various suitable sizes. Strong make. Write for prices and particulars to:—The National Tin Factory, Dongri Street, Bhimpura, Bombay No. 9. (3020)

If interested in Illustrated Weekly Competitions, send a rupee for solutions to, Yeshwantroy, Untdi, Surat District. (3010)

Tea with excellent flavour and of best quality available at cheapest price. Trial solicited. You are sure to be satisfied. Apply Jamsetji D. Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikkalwadi.

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THE NAMJOSHI TEXTILE WORKS, LTD
(In voluntary liquidation.)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the above company held a GENERAL MEETING on 21st September, 1934, and by a special resolution resolved to put the above company into voluntary liquidation and has appointed Mr. N. M. Namjoshi as a liquidator to wind its affairs.

Bombay, 1st October, 1934.
NAMJOSHI & CO.,
Managing Agents
3019

NOTICE TO JURYMEN

Gentlemen of the Special Jury, summoned for the current Criminal Sessions are required to attend at the High Court on Tuesday the 2nd Instant at 10-45 a.m. (S.T.)

SULEMAN C. H. MITHA,
Sheriff of Bombay.
Bombay, 1st October, 1934
8989

THIS WEEK
Scoring Triumph Everyday!!
JOIN THE CROWDS TO SEE
SABITADEVI
in
Lure of The City
with
KUMAR
MOTILAL
and
K. C. DEY
with his Inimitable Songs
Directed by:—
K. P. GHOSE, B.Sc
SAGAR PICTURE.
IMPERIAL CINEMA
Lamington Road.

Osaka Shoshen Kaisha
O. S. K. Line

REGULAR SERVICE
To Japan Via
SINGAPORE, HONG-KONG & SHANGHAI

Steamer		Arrival.	Departure	
Shunko	Maru	23rd Sept.	2nd	Oct.
Argun	,,	9th Oct.	22nd	,,
Manju	,,	24th ,,	8th	Nov.
Celebes	,,	8th Nov	22nd	Nov.
Juyo	,,	23rd ,,	8th	Dec.
Havana	,,	9th Dec.	24th	,,

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SHIPPING NEW

ARRIVALS
Bombay, Oct
Litiopa, Pederson, Miri.
Trelawny, Uren, Dunstan Tyne.
Saugor, Borgess, Calcutta.
C/Calcutta, Henderson, Liverpool.
Keyeson, Coyres, Barry.
Garmila, Collins, Moulmein
Viceroy of India, Thornton London.

DEPARTURES
Bombay, Oct
Clan Macbath, Andrews, magoa.
Masula, Dawes, London.

LOADING
Bombay, Oct
Steamer Graciosa for B
Steamer Reuenfels for burg.
Steamer Ormarty for Said (for Order).
Steamer Viceroy of In London.
Steamer Haidari for Bu
S.S. Litiopa—The B S C Co's steamer Litiopa arri harbour on Monday fron with a cargo of Disel oil.
S.S. Trelawny :— The Lous Drefuse Co's steame lawny arrived in harbour day from Duntan on Tyn ballast.
S.S. Saugor.—The M steamer Saugor arrived bour on Monday from with a cargo of 8470 ton
S.S. C/Calcutta—The steamer City of Calcutt in harbour on Monday f erpool with a general c 26 passengers.
S.S. Kayoson—The Kayeson arrived in har Monday from Barry wit of 4100 tons of coal.
S.S. Garmula—The Co's steamer Garmula harbour on Monday fr mein with a general car
S.S. Viceroy of India.— O S N Co's steamer Vi India arrived in harbour day from London with cargo and passengers.
S.S. Clan Macbeth—Th steamer Clan Macbeth to-day for Marmagao w bottom cargo.
S.S. Masula.—The M steamer Masula will sa for London with a gen same bottom cargo a sengers.

STABBED IN ST

A daring outrage wa ted on Saturday night men, who are allege waylaid and stabbed a was walking in the st two of his friends.
Hari Govind was s the chest and he was the G.T. Hospital, wh reported to be lying in ous condition.
The incident was rep police and Gurappa B arrested on suspicion.
The police applied and of the suspect in which was granted by H. Brown, Presidency on Monday.

SONGS Y
WILL NEVER
THE STORY
Will Always Rem
A NEW NOTE IN LO
SPEAKING SCREEN
DELIGHTFUL I
JANET
GAYN
AND
CHARLE
FARR
In a Sparkling, A Musical
FOX MOVIETONE
HIGH SO
BLUE
ABSOLUTELY
NEW CO
TO-DAY AT 6-30
AT TH
WELLIN

Life's Search Fo

Realisation Of Infinite Perso Of God, Says T

Dr. Rabindranath agore writes in the "Calcutta Rev w":— "During my last visit to China I had the opportunity of coming into close contact with young Chinese students in various educational centres that I visited. They used to come to me in small groups and I had some very interesting discussions with them, the report of one of which I produce below. It was a genuine he to heart talk and I have thoug it wise not to change it into the form of an article.

Q. What is your conception of God?

A. Our conception of God is different from that of the Christians. It is both immanent and transcendent. The New Testament idea, that of Christ, has little in common with that of the Jew, for whom God was both jealous and exclusive. But Christ's idea has something in common with the idea of the East and of India, the idea of God as related to human beings, in bonds of love, as Father, Friend and Lover. His meaning was that God was related to us in a spiritual relationship of love and this spiritual relationship you may look on as that of a father to his children, or of friend to friend, or of lover to lover. But this is immaterial. The important idea is that human beings are related to an Infinite Person, that they are not like so much drift-wood, that they have a personal root in an Infinite Personality, which we name God.

But you ask further: "How you do know there is a God?"

This is a difficult question. Let me answer according to my own light. This physical world you know because you have eyesight, you can recognise light because you have appropriate sense organs. Thereby your physical organism is in intimate relation with something big and permanent,—this world. If your physical organism had no such background it would be a bubble, a nothing. Your very blood too has elements in common with the streams and rivers. It is the same with all the particles of your body,—cells, atoms and molecules. You know therefore that the realisation of your physical organism depends upon the realisation of this great physical world.

But is the physical body the most important part of your self? Is it not a fact that your body itself gives expression to a personality in the centre of your life? My personality finds expression in my body; my eyes, for instance give expression to that personality. If then you have no doubt as to the reality of your physical body because it is related to some wider, eternal reality, this physical world, and if you have a personality which you recognise to be more real than your physical organism, do you mean to say that this personality is a bubble, a 'maya,' an illusion, that it has no significance?

INFINITE PERSONALITY.

Your eyes grope for light in a dark room. You are miserable because you cannot see. So our personality seeks its own fulfilment, its reality, where it can have its freedom,—seeks it in other personalities, in friends. This personality not only seeks other human personalities, but it is always changing. Our friends may become enemies. There is death. So my personality needs the assurance of reality just as much as my body does. That is why it craves the touch of some Infinite Personality. To this infinite personality I give the name God.

LIFE OF LOVE.

Q. What is this relation of God to Man?

A. As my physical body has its physical relationship, so my personality has its personal relationship. You have to breathe air, you are standing upon the floor. These things we have in common. But our personality has qua which are different, which are physical qualities. It finds highest joy in the life of love father, in friend, in wife, in human beings. It seeks re in union with other personali and when it realises perfect u then it is glad.

In this unity our personal finds truth. And, in order that craving for such truth may be tisfied, there must be foundati of unity somewhere in which can find permanent shelter, and happy. Argument does not help here, but men in this world procured direct evidence of in their own personality; have received, in what them the soul, the infinite touch infinite personality. Sup you are blind and I have ey and I describe light to yo you do not believe in it. Y say it is all a hallucination may even say that only the are wise because they do n May be from the point of v the blind you will be righ the same way, all the evi from men of spiritual visio to show that in the centre existence is this infinite per lity, and because our own p

ality is sonalit is not related GUI
Q. Is
A. I tionshi rise. are; th pear, b from yo you had market p destitute guests of vish in h therefore enjoy. Y ture if yo spend all examinat
Q. Wha
A. Sin idea, has of a comm or of som can be pu ment. W human li from self, munion v nite Soul possible t love of o souls.
Buddhi On the o pation fr is negativ in love o creatures you gain in the im soul. Wh prison wa dom to c touch wi
Sin is t in gaining realisation truth th hatred an drances, f life of sel faculty of love, whic daries of come into others. the All the one access so th vent th sympat ling a truth India are kil advoca If you for sel it is a sport, shootin Thoug draw t lives i tiger, spirit tive in be subj is the go That whi house of ness, is s

10 Years

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431, Bombay.

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tastes as good as choco- te. It ensures *complete* ner cleanliness. It is so afe, so gentle, that it will ot disturb the most delicate tomach. In bottles of 25, 0 and 100 chocolates from our chemists.

G CO. KARACHI. ncess Street, BOMBAY.

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Accused Committed To Sessions On Charge Of Bigamy

HIGH COURT REJECTS REVISION APPLICATION

The revision application filed by Nadirshaw Framji Engineer against the order of the Presidency Magistrate, fourth court, committing him to the current criminal sessions on the charge of bigamy, was rejected by Mr. Justice Murphy and Mr. Justice Sen at the High Court

Facts of the Cease.

The petitioner stated that he was married to one Baj Aimai Fakirji Gandhi in 1921. Six months after the marriage, she left his home, and for secen years was not heard of by the petitioner as being alive. In 1929, the petitioner was induced to go through a ceremony of marriage with one Sheran Nadirsha Cama, the complainant in the present case, who was only 17 years old at that time. At that time she falsely represented to him and to the officiating priests that her age was 21, and she signed the marriage certificate mentioning the same age. When she gave evidence before the magistarte, the petitioner learnt that her true age was 17 at the time of the marriage.

Consent Not Given.

The petitioner further stated that the complainant's father or guardian had not given his consent to the marriage and was not present on the occasion. Under the circumstances the petitioner's marriage with the complainant was invalid under section 3 of the Parsi marriage ande Divorce Act.

In 1931, the petitioner learnt of the death of his first wife and he himself informed the complainant about it. Even after this the complainant continued to live with him for two years till July 1933 when she was instigated by some designing persons to file this complaint charging him with bigamy.

Question of Age.

The petitioner stated that he would not have contracted the second marriage but for the misrepresentation by the complainant about her age, and therefore, she had no grievance in law. Under the circumstances the magistrate erred in taking cognisance of the offence. The petitioner, therefore, prayed that the magistrate's order committing him to the sessions be set aside.

Petition Rejected.

After hearing Mr. Pardiwala for the petitioner, their lordships rejected the application.

CONSTABLE TO HANG

Found Guilty Of Killing Jemadar For Trivial Offence

D. I. KHAN, Sept. 30.

It is alleged that a police constable of D. I. Khan prohibited a Jamadar to speak with a boy, but the Jamadar did not heed the advice of the constable.

The constable thereupon finding an opportunity, killed the Jamadar near Company Garden outside D. I. Khan City.

The Jamadar died at the Civil Hospital where he was removed.

The case was challened by the Police and yesterday Khan Abdur Rahim Khan Sessions Judge Darajat Division sentenced the accused to death.—United Press.

ADMINISTRATION OF JHABUA STATE

New Council To Make Important Changes In Civil Service

(From Our Correspondent).

RATLAM, Sept. 29.

Interest is centering round the abdication of the ruler of Jhabua.

The Agent to the Governor-General is at present camping at Jhabua and the new Council of Administration with Prince Dulipsinhji as President and Mr. Ramnarayan Mulla as Vice-President, has come into existence since yesterday.

A formal Darbar was held at Jhabua yesterday when the Agent to G.-General made a speech explaining why the administration had come into force. It is understood some important changes in the Civil Service will be made. Some prisoners as a token of rejoicings have been released.

The present Dewan Mr. Gharda of Bardoli fame, now retires.

HEAVY RAIN IN BURMA

Low Pressure Wave Moves Westwards

POONA, Oct. 1.

In connection with the low pressure wave which was moving westwards across Central Burma, a shallow low pressure area has appeared over Chittagong and Arakan Coast, and locally heavy rain has fallen in the central and coastal districts of Burma adjacent over Chittagong and

Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, West Central Provinces and local in Upper Burma, Bihar, East United Provinces, East Central India and North Hyderabad; while a few falls have occurred in Bengal, Orissa, Chota Nagpur, Bombay Deccan Malabar, North Madras Coast and Madras Deccan.

Chief amounts of rainfall are: Kyaukpyu nine inches; Gwa six; Bassein five, Diamond Island, Akyab and Monywa two. Tavoy, Toungoo and Yameth'n one and a half; Amherst and Minbu one; Hoshangabad and Pachmarhi one and Cocanada two.

Forecast:—Rainfall will decrease in Central Burma, continue to be widespread and locally heavy in Arakan Coast, and will extend in East and North Bengal and Assam.—A. P.

TEN STRIPES FOR CYCLE THIEF

Also Gets Nine Months' Sentence

A Hindu Youth who was found guilty of three charges of theft by Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, was sentenced on Monday to an aggregate term of nine months' rigorous imprisonment and to receive ten stripes.

Somia Hema was charged with to theft of two bicycles and some clothes and lamps from the house of Mr. William D. Clauton, Keeper of Prongs Lighthouse, Colaba.

The police made inquiries and succeeded in recovering all the stolen property.

The accused pleaded guilty to the charges

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 1-10-34.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours plus .033 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 82.1 degress.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 77.2 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 89.0 degrees 2.1 (above normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 77.4 degrees 1.6 (above normal)

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 79 p.c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. WSW

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 4 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 103 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 15 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10). 3

Rainfall in 24 hours 0.00 inches.

Total rainfall during the month 0.00 inches.

Total fainfall during the year 69.81 inches.

Weather remarks—Variable sky.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 1-10-34.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 84.5 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.04 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.83 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

SEEDS TRADERS ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, Oct. 1.

Castorseeds Delivery May Opening Rs. 27/12; Lowest Rs. 27/11/6; Closing Rs. 27/15

Cottonseeds Delivery January Opening Rs. 18/11; Closing Rs. 18/11.

Groundnuts Seeds Delivery February Opening Rs.32/14; Highest 33/1/6; Lowest Rs. 32/8/6; Closing Rs. 33

READY COTTON SALES.

Bombay, Oct. 1.

73 Mithabhai Nathoo Jalna 177

100 Oshman Suleman Hansi 10 off

50 G G Kesha and Co., Pandurna 2 off

42 Ashar Virji Ludhiana 110.

100 Narshi Nagshi Purna 161 1/2

100 G G Kesha and Co, Dabhoi 6 off

BELABOURED WITH STICKS

Police Party Attacked In A Building At Girgaon

While the attack on the Police Officers of the Palton Road Station by "Dr. Chhawayya" with a sword is still fresh in the memory of the public, there comes the story of two police constables of the Lamington Road Police Station being attacked with sticks by a mob at Girgaon on Sunday night. Both the constables, who received serious injuries, were removed to the J. J. Hospital, and have been detained for treatment. The condition of one of them is precarious.

From enquiries made it transpires that a middle aged Hindu went to a Fruit shop situated in Daruwalla Building on Grant Road at about 9 p.m. and purchased Rs. 19-4 worth of fruits. The customer told the fruit-seller, Umer Kassam, that he would hand over the amount to the shop servant at his residence. The servant of the shop accompanied the Hindu in a Taxi with the fruits.

The Hindu, with the fruits went up a Building at Sadasiv Lane, Girgaum, closely followed by the shop servant. The Hindu after keeping the fruits in his house and after some discussion with some of his friends informed the servant that he would come to the shop after half an hour and pay the amount. The servant returned to the shop and informed his proprietor accordingly.

Umer Kassam kept his shop open till about 10 p.m. and on finding that the Hindu had not put in an appearance he closed his shop and went to the Lamington Road Police Station and lodged a complaint of cheating against the unknown Hindu.

Sub-Inspector Honavar sent two constables Nos. 1691 and 249 to accompany the complainant and arrest the suspect.

The complainant, the servant, the Taxi Driver and the two constables entered the Building, where the Hindu went with the Fruits and were searching for him, when it is alleged about 8 to 10 persons with sticks attacked the party. The constables, who were in plain clothes received severe injuries and the whole party took to their heels and dashed towards the Maharbavdi Police Station shouting "Help, help Police. Police." When they reached the Maharbavdi Police Station Inspector Paul, Deputy-Inspector McCarthy and four other officers accompanied by constables rushed to the building in question and searched the whole place. After nearly two hours search they arrested three Hindus but they could not trace the man, who bought the fruits.

The constables, who had received serious injuries were removed to the J J Hospital where they have been admitted for treatment. The condition of Constable No. 1691 is stated to be precarious as he has received a very severe injury on the head.

Further enquiries are being made by the Maharbavdi police.

STRIKE IN "NAVSHAKTI" PRESS

The compositors of the "Nava-Shakti," the daily Marathi paper, run by the Free Press Journal, Ltd., went on strike on Monday morning.

It is alleged that when the compositors in a group approached Mr. Sadanand on Monday morning to place their demands before him, they were pushed out of the office.

From enquiries made it transpires that about 25 compositors of the "Nava-Shakti" have formed a Union amongst themselves, with Mr. Jayaram B. Desai as their leader. Two months ago, an agreement was signed between the leader of the compositors on the one side and Mr. S. Sadanand on the other that the compositors should bring out the "Nava-Shakti" paper and should be paid in return by Mr. Sadanand Rs. 1,350.

On Saturday the compositors, finding that it was difficult to cope with the heavy work within the abovementioned amount, made an application to Mr. Sadanand asking him to pay them Rs. 1,500 a month. Mr. Sadanand replied that he would consider their application and give them a definite reply on Monday.

When all of them in a group approached him on Monday morning, he is alleged to have told them to go to court for the recovery of their money (September salaries) and it is further alleged that were pushed out of office.

Rainbow Colours

SUITABLE FOR ALL KNITTING NEEDS

WRITE FOR THE FULL RANGE OF ATTRACTIVE SHADES AND SAMPLES

TRADE MARK

The CAWNPORE WOOLLEN MILLS CAWNPORE

Local Agents:—
Messrs. KAPURCHAND & Co.,
23, Princess Street, BOMBAY.

Lalimli Materials may be obtained from all Good Dealers.

TO MEN AND WOMEN OF ALL AGES! ESPECIALLY THOSE OVER FORTY!

Keep your Arteries Young! Your Blood Pressure Down!

Many people blame the extreme Indian climate for their loss of vitality, for premature ageing and for a general feeling of lassitude. Especially in men and women over forty, these conditions are aggravated by shortness of breath and a heart which "thumps" all too readily. The climate is not responsible. The frequent cause is hardening of the arteries with high blood-pressure.

Such a condition impairs your enjoyment of life and is a serious handicap to efficiency. It is one of the most common causes of premature old age.

"Phyllosan," prepared under the direction of E. Buergi, M.D., Professor of Medicine at the University of Berne, restores the elasticity of the arteries and corrects the blood-pressure. Breathlessness and dizziness disappear, and all physical and vital forces are increased, irrespective of age.

Just two tablets three times a day, before meals. Take them regularly and the results will astonish and gratify you. "Phyllosan" is a pure vegetable product, free from animal fats and all deleterious chemicals—it is perfectly harmless in any dose.

Start taking 'PHYLLOSAN'

(Pronounced FIL-O-SAN)

TO-DAY!

To revitalize your Blood, rejuvenate your Arteries, correct your Blood Pressure, fortify your Heart, strengthen your Nerves, and increase all your Physical and Vital Forces—irrespective of age.

Obtainable from all Chemists, Stores and Bazaars.

Issued by Natural Chemicals, Ltd.

Sports Jottings From Here and There

A. I. L. T. A: Needs Overhauling

(By J. C. Maitra)

MR. GUPTA'S INTEREST AS KEEN AS EVER.

In my previous articles I have dwelt on the activities of the All-India Lawn Tennis Association. During the last few years it has done a great amount of spade-work in its organisational sphere, I freely admit, for which Mr. A. C. Gupta, as its general secretary, was in a large measure responsible. And it was for this devotion to duty and zeal for unostentatious work, no doubt, that he has been translated to the Presidential chair of the A.I.L.T.A. It is, indeed, gratifying to see him still taking the same amount of active interest in the Tennis activities of the country in general and the welfare of the A.I.L.T.A. in particular, as he was doing as its chief executive officer.

AN ASSOCIATION IN EVERY PROVINCE.

It was mainly through his inspiration and guidance that most of the provincial Associations were formed. Now there is an association in every province, namely, Assam, Bengal, Behar and Orissa, Bombay, Burma, Central Province, Delhi Province including Simla and those territories of Central India, Rajputana and Ajmer-Merwara as are administered by the Government of India, Madras, North-West Frontier Province, Punjab, Sind and the United Provinces, and they are all affiliated to the A.I.L.T.A. Besides these, there are the Lawn Tennis Associations of the Indian States and the Army Sports Central Board also affiliated.

FILLIP GIVEN BY FOREIGN VISITS.

The formation of these provincial associations under the A.I.L.T.A. has helped to bring in all the Tennis Tournaments in the country under proper supervision and control. But it is these foreign tours arranged by the A.I.L.T.A. that have given the greatest fillip to the game in this country in recent years. Few will forget those glorious days when Cochet and his companions gave wonderful displays with their racquets. The subsequent visits of other famous players have kept up the enthusiasm. The Tennis players of this country owe a deep debt of gratitude to the A.I.L.T.A. for all its constructive and instructive activities. Needless to mention that I am one with them in my appreciation of its work.

INDIAN INTERESTS ARE SACRIFICED.

There are, however, other matters on which I cannot help criticising the authorities concerned. It is an undeniable fact that the A.I.L.T.A. and its subordinate Associations are practically dominated by foreigners all over the country. Consequently its outlook is not seldom far from National. It is not unoften that we find that the interests of the nationals are sacrificed. A glaring example of this arrangement lies in the person of Colonel Roe.

COLONEL ROE'S ANTICS.

Here is an Anglo-Indian retired Army officer who has been representing India in England for a number of years that I care to recall. It is whispered in certain interested quarters that suitable Indians are not available at hand. Do they want to be shown a number of well-known Indian Tennis players who have become practically residents in England for several years past. The Fyzee brothers are not unknown to the powers-that-be. I should like to know what prevents the A.I.L.T.A. from nominating the elder Fyzee on the billet.

AN AMERICAN AS GENERAL SECRETARY.

Nearer at home, we find an American in the position of the General Secretary for, I believe, half a dozen years. I have nothing to say against Mr. L. Brooke Edwards personally. On the other hand, I pay my tribute to him for the valuable services he has rendered to Indian Tennis during these years. But is that any reason why I should not ask for an Indian to be appointed in his place? To say that there are no capable Indians available for this position would be an insult to Indian talent and capabilities. I hope nobody will advance such a degrading and insulting argument.

AN ENGLISHMAN REPRESENTS BOMBAY!

Coming to our City itself, I see that an Englishman has been representing Bombay on the Central Council. He is also, I am told, the Secretary of the local Association. In this instance also, I have nothing to say against Mr. E. Rose personally. But I should like to ask those gentlemen who run the local show whether they have no Indian then capable enough to take over these jobs. If they have not, it is time they closed down the shop.

A QUESTION OF NATIONAL SELF-RESPECT.

It is not a question of persons and personalities. It is a question of national self-respect. How long are you going to stand aside and watch non-Indians rule the roost in every sphere of life and activity. If you allow the "inferiority complex" to get the better of you, you will never be able to rise and take your proper place in the administration of the country and all its activities.

REALISE YOUR DEGRADED POSITION.

This is a sphere in which we have no quarrels with the officials as such or the Government. I do not at all object to officials holding some of the most important positions in the ruling bodies as long as they are Indians and they serve the national interest. You may just ask yourself what a foreigner thinks when he sees your degraded position.

REMOVE THE STIGMA SOON.

Let not my readers imagine that the above are the only instances where foreigners are playing the dominating parts. There are several Anglo-Indian Vice-Presidents who are decorating the A.I.L.T.A. and like Bombay, Bengal and some other provinces have elected Europeans to the Central Country. It is high time that this state of things was changed at the next elections which, I understand, are not far away. The Provincial Associations are mostly composed of Indians. They can easily come into their own they if will it and act up to it.

LORD BRABOURNE.

GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY BUYS IRISH HORSE

Lord Brabourne To Support Racing In Western India

(By Our Racing Correspondent.)

Ever since Lord Brabourne assumed the Governorship of Bombay he has demonstrated that he is keenly interested in racing, and therefore is not surprising to learn that he is going to patronise the sport as an owner of thoroughbreds. I understand that a high class horse has been purchased on his behalf in Ireland and is shortly expected here.

Lord Brabourne will not be the first Governor to support racing in Western India. It will be recalled that Lord Lloyd owned a couple of horses when he was Governor of Bombay. Lord Willingdon, the Viceroy, has at present two well-known horses in Honeydew and Cardsharper in training with Jimmy Robinson.

It is to be devoutly hoped that Lord Brabourne's support of racing will raise the moral tone of the sport in Western India.

Rovers Cup Football Semi-Final

SHERWOOD FORESTERS DRAW WITH THE HOLDERS

The encounter between the King's Regiment (holders) from Jubbulpore and Sherwood Foresters, Quetta, in the semi-round of the Rovers Cup Tournament on Monday evening, proved interesting and exciting in the extreme. Both sides struggled hard to gain ascendency over one another for a long period and when the Foresters secured that advantageous position, fight became keener and harder. It must be said to the credit of local side that they played the more effective game and on the day's play should have come out victorious even though by a small margin.

The Foresters had their wings on the go all the time which gave them territorial advantage over their opponents time and again. Downing and Dale sent the ball across the goal mouth on many occasion which the Jubbulpore defence were hard put to it clear away. Cartlidge between their posts played a marvellous game and saved several dangerous shot from short range.

The King's forwards tried to dodge too often and lost the ball in their fancy play. In front of the goal, they were deplorably poor. Instead of taking first-timers at the goal, the inside forwards dallied the ball between themselves and thereby lost several golden opportunities. Their half-backs did not prove to the task of intercepting the brilliant flank-attacks by Dale and Downing who made repeated inroads into their danger zone and gave them many anxious moments.

The Foresters scored the first goal through Whittle, their leader, and kept it up till half time was called. On crossing over, the debate went on most vigorously but it took the King's 23 minutes to be an even terms with their antagonists. Jackson their centre forward was responsible for the equaliser. Further attempts to snatch the winning goal before the final whistle failed. Thus the match ended in a draw both sides scoring one.

THE RESULT

KING'S REGT. (holders) 1 goal.
SHERWOOD FORESTERS 1 goal.

THE TEAMS

The King's Regiment—Cartlidge; Newby and Thompson; Smythe, Webb and Quinn; Hodges, Melice, Jackson, Hughes and Collins.

Sherwood Foresters: Dobson; Archer and Fletcher; Vardy, Davey and Lovatt; Downing Felstead, Whittle, Eldret and Dale.

Referee: Mr. H. E. Turner.

To-day's Match.—

ROVERS CUP: SEMI-FINAL

Sherwood Foresters vs. King's Regiment.

LESLIE RUNNING CUP

In the Leslie Running Cup, Customs beat Texaco by 8 points to 7, Sweeny touched the tape in 12 5/8 seconds.

Windsor Lad Has Abnormal Appetite

Quiet Colt Through Whose Legs Child Could Pass

Mr. Martin Benson, owner of Windsor Lad, has been interested professionally in racing for a great many years. He has been a keen bloodstock breeder, and a racehorse owner since before the war.

At one time he owned Shaun Spadah and Sergeant Murphy who each won a Grand National after having been sold by him.

"I could not watch the St. Leger," declared Mr. Benson; "my hands were shaking too much to hold my glasses still. Marsh always told me the horse would win the St. Leger, and I have never had an anxious moment.

Not For Stud Yet.

"Windsor Lad will not go to the stud next year, as I have been advised by knowledgeable people that as he is not fully developed the experience might harm him.

"My big object now," added Mr. Benson, "is to see that Windsor Lad will not be beaten before he does retire."

Windsor Lad has an abnormal appetite. During his St. Leger preparation he consumed between 18lb. and 20lb. of corn every day.

An unusually quiet colt is Windsor Lad. He has never been known to lash out with his heels. A child can walk between his legs and he does not move.

Until this year Marcus Marsh had never won a classic, but with Windsor Lad he has forced himself to the front rank of trainers.

He is a younger son of the late Richard Marsh, who for many years was trainer to King George V. and the late King Edward VII.

Charles Smirke was one of Stanley Wootton's most successful apprentices, and the St. Leger win on Windsor Lad was his second classic as he had been concerned with the colt's Derby victory.

The St. Leger course record of 3min. 1 3/5sec. put up by Coronach in the St. Leger of 1926, was equalled on successive days at Doncaster.

The first to equal it was Cotoneaster, in the Great Yorkshire Handicap, and it must be remembered that the filly carried 9st. 5lbs.—6lbs. more than the classic horses.

Windsor Lad did the same time in the St. Leger on the second day.

HINDU WRESTLING TOURNEY

The time limit for receiving entries for the Wrestling Tournament to be held in the ensuing Navratri Holidays under the auspices of the Hindu Sanrakshan Mandal, as well as from the Institutions for Mass Lathi Drill, Mass Lagim Drill, etc. is extended up to the evening of October 4th.

PRINCIPAL SEN'S SUDDEN DEATH

NEW DELHI, Oct. 1.

Principal, S. K. Sen of the Hindu College a prominent figure in Local Bengali community died of heart-failure about 1 p.m. to-day.

His college opened to-day after the summer recess and after addressing the students he lost consciousness which he did not regain. His funeral was attended by all the local educationists and prominent citizens of all communities.—United Press.

CONSTRUCTION OF COCHIN HARBOUR

Conference To Be Held In Delhi In November

SIMLA, Oct. 1.

It is understood that a conference regarding the construction of the fourth and final stage of the Cochin Harbour will be held in Delhi early in November.

The visit of Colonel Field, AGG, Madras States, last week to Simla was in this connection. It is believed that a final effort will be made to alleviate the proportion of customs revenues as between the Central Government and [illegible] administrations [illegible] A. P.

POET VOTES FOR SARAT BOSE

State Prisoner As Nationalist Candidate For Assembly

CALCUTTA, Oct. 1.

Poet Rabindranath Tagore is one of the two persons who have signed the nomination paper of Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, the State Prisoner, for election to the Legislative Assembly from Calcutta City Constituency.

Mr. Sarat Bose, it may be recalled, has been set up on behalf of the Congress Nationalist Party. It is understood his candidature will not be opposed by the Congress Parliamentary Board.—United Press.

The Nowrosjee Wadia College (Poona) Cricket XI won the David Cup in the Inter-Collegiate Cricket Tournament against the Fergusson College (Poona), XI. Photo shows 3rd from left Sutaliman (Capt.) Prof. N. G. Saru, and A. S. Irani.

MUSI

Match

NAOOMAL

S

KARACH

Dropped catches ch whole complexion of when the overnight Aziz and Abbaskhan their unfinished innings Sind Cricket Pentangul

When the Muslim ba centrated on their def stead of adopting forci it was apparent, they ing draw. Gopaldas dhari onducted the att ter eight overs of fruitl ing, Naoomal took charg ball. Abbaskhan soon his individual 50 after nutes stay at the wicke after, Udhavji brought downfall by brilliantly h ball off his own delivery

Abbaskhan gave a spar hibition of all-round pla being a feature of his 16 of which came in t of fours. Zakaullah Abbaskhan and soon sett to stolid defence. Aziz w dropped. Zakauliah ma exist in 90 minutes after start when he was held d off 131/4-24 of Shridhar over.

The Hindu fielding was when Fateh Mahomed associated with Aziz. A hours 15 minutes' play, 1 up the board.

157 FOR 5 AT LUNC

The dullest patch of th was witnessed before lunch lims lost Fateh Mahomed, paldas capturing his third et. Fateh was caught o Ramchandra in the third (157-5-19). At the time pension for lunch the score Aziz and Ibrahim were with 46 and 7 respectively tras being 10 and the total 5 wickets being 167.

STARTLING DEBACLE

There was a startling b debacle in the Muslims in th innings after lunch, five w falling 95 minutes. The in spell-bowling of Udhavji wi overs, 2 maidens, 2 runs, wickets was mainly respo for this landslide. Ibrahim forts to stick failed when ker held him off Ud (198-6-23).

The dismissal of Gulam homed brought about the catch of the match. He was half an inch off ground form Bhicaji off Udhavji (202- Lanewalla after a shaky skied the ball into the hands the bowler, Udhavji (204/ Aziz was smartly held by Am off Bhicaji (212-9-67). He the saviour of the Muslim

Dropped catches and demo lised fielding helped to swell 67 runs compiled within 6 ho 10 minutes. Ambep claimed last wicket. Naoomal's goog caught Sajan in two minds, being stumped (216-10-0).

HINDUS' SECOND KNOCK

Hindus entered the second kn 10 minutes prior to tea w

CITY BAR SUFFERS LOS

(Continued from page 12.)

the session cases is very difficu to fill and his place will rema vacant for many years to com He leaves behind h a widow and two sons, one of whom pens to be a barrist an daughter.

Mrs. Talyarkhan minent figure in welfare work of B

CITY FATHEI

Mark Of Re Talyarkhan'

The Bombay Mun tion adjourned on de out transacting any bor mark of respect to Mr. F. S. Talyarkha suddenly of heart fa day. The Mayor af minutes of the last m sed his regret at the of Mr. Talyarkhan member of the cor 1899 to 1902.

Mr. M. N. Talpade journment of the ho seconded by Mr. E. H

Mr L R Tairsee on journment motion af house to go by the ready laid down t journ only in case councillor and not councillor.

Dr J C Curseti that the principle was down that the Mayor c

City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Bhadarva Vad 10, 1990
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Akhar 22, 1353
Parsi: Farvadrin 26, 1304
Sunrise: 6h. 29m.
Sunset: 6h. 28m.
High Water: 7-52, * 19-36
Low Water: 14-50
Rotary Club of Bombay: Rotarian Sultan Chinoy on "My visit to the Rotary Convention", 1-30 p.m. Taj Mahal Hotel.
Corporation meeting 3-30 p.m. (B.T.).

NOTICE TO JURYMEN.

Special Jurors' attention is drawn to the notice appearing in the Public Notifications Column.

POSTAL NOTICE

Superscribed Mails for Singapore, and Japan per S.S. "Akita Maru" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 6-30 p.m. to-day (Tuesday).

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Homeward P. and O. Mail Steamer "Corfu" with the mails from Bombay of Sept. 22 ultimo arrived at Port Said at 10 p.m. on Sept. 30th instant and left there at 3 a.m. the following day.

GIRGAUM CO-OP. INSTITUTE.

Under the auspices of the Girgaum Co-operative Institute, Bombay a Training Class in Co-operation will be held to-day (Tuesday) at 6-30 p.m. in Maratha High School (near Opera House Tram Terminus), Prof. S. G. Beri will deliver a lecture on "Marketing of Agricultural Produce" in Marathi.

MR. SASTRI'S LECTURE.

Under the auspices of the Western India National Liberal Association, the Rt. Hon. V. S. Srinivasa Sastri will deliver an address on "Our Political Future" at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Public Hall, Mayo Road, Fort, on Wednesday, the 3rd Oct. at 6 p.m. (S.T.) Mr. Husseinally, M. Rahimtoolah, Mayor of Bombay, will preside. The meeting is open to the public.

I. C. S. EXAMINATION.

Private cables have been received that two more South Kanarites, Messrs. B. Gopalkrishna Rao and Pangal Ramachandra Nayak, have come out successful in the recent I. C. S. Examination. This brings the total of I.C.S. men from South Kanara to 15, which is stated to be a record for any single district in India.

"E" WARD COUNCIL MEETING

A meeting of the newly formed Executive Council of the Byculla D. C. C. will be held to-day (Tuesday), the 2nd Oct. at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.), at the "Hilal Office" near Alexandra Cinema, Belasis Road, Byculla.

Nominations for the election of delegates will be accepted at the Hilal Office before 7 p.m. on the 5th instant.

DIABETES SPECIALIST

PANDIT SWAMI S. SREENIVASA IYENGAR

A costly remedy administered as part of personal treatment to thousands of sufferers during the last twenty years with marvellous success, now made available to the public at a moderate cost of Rs. 15-8-0 per packet of 20 doses. First Packet itself will show wonderful effect. Course of treatment according to the stage of the disease and patient's condition. Tested and recommended by numerous Doctors of fame to their diabetic patients. Descriptive booklet—sent free.

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The CAPITOL

DAILY at 6-30 & 10 p.m.

THE SENSATION OF EUROPE & AMERICA—

with Henry Stephenson J. Farrell MacDonald

DAILY AMUSEMENTS

PATHE—"The Scarlet Empress". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Man of Two Worlds". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"The Thin Man". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Variety Programme" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Ameena". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Nanand-Bhojai". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Lure of the City". Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
ROXY—"Naughty Girl". Time as usual
WEST END—"Toofan Mail". Time as usual
KOHINOOR—"Hurricane Express". Daily at 5, 7-30 and 10 p.m.
EDWARD—"The Invisible Man." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PALACE—"Only Yesterday". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
GLOBE—"Noor-Mahal". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"High Society Bleus" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CARLTON—"Mystery of Mr. X". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

12-0 noon. Time Signal. Indian Selected Hour. 1-0 p.m. Bombay Market: Available Rates. European Lunch Time Music. 2-0 p.m. A Relay from the Rotary Club. 5-30 p.m. Time Signal A Relay from the Capitol Cinema, 6-30 p.m. An Hour in Honolulu. 7-30 p.m. The Dance Hour. News Rhythm Style Music. Sponsored by H. M. V. 8-45 p.m. Weather Report and News Bulletin. Indian Programme. General News in Hindi and Commercial News. 9-20 p.m. A Select Programme. By Bai Kamlabai Barodeker and Bai Saraswatibai Mane. 10-30 p.m. God Save the King-Emperor.

Empire Broadcasting

7-00 p.m. Time Signal from Big Ben. News Bulletin. 7-30 p.m. The Belfast Wireless Orchestra, conductor, E. Godfrey Brown from a Belfast studio. 8-00 p.m. Scrapbook for 1910, a microphone medley by Leslie Baily, produced by Charles Brewer. 9-00 p.m. A light classical concert. 9-45 p.m. Dance music. 10-30 p.m. News Bulletin. 10-45 p.m. British Vaudeville, a programme of gramophone records. 11-00 p.m. The Gershom Parkington Quintet.

PRAVACHAN BY SWAMI ANAND

A meeting will be held in Liberty-Lodge (Juhu Road, Vile Parle) to-day (Tuesday) at 7-30 a.m. (S.T.) under the auspices of the Vile Parle Congress Committee when Swami Anand will give discourse on Gandhiji's Life-incidents.

GANDHI JAYANTI MEETING

To celebrate the Gandhi-Jayanti, 66th birthday anniversary of Mahatma Gandhi, there will be a public meeting under the joint auspices of the B. P. C. C. and G. D. C. C. to-day (Tuesday), the 2nd instant at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the Chaupati sands.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu will preside and Sjt. Bhulabhai J. Desai will address the meeting.

The time has been changed from 6 p.m. to 6-30 p.m. to facilitate the attendance of the office-going people.

Loud speakers will be installed.

GHURYE'S ANNIVERSARY

Under the auspices of the Girgaum District Congress Committee, second death anniversary of the late Mr. Keshav Anant Ghurye will be observed at the public meeting to-day (Tuesday) the 2nd instant at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the Chaupati sands.

Since Mr. Ghurye died on the day of Gandhi's birth anniversary, both functions will take place at the same public meeting.

MANDVI CONGRESS COMMITTEE

The Mandvi Congress Committee received eight nominations for the election of delegates to the Congress.

The following are the eight candidates:

(1) Dr. Dhanwant Shroff, (2) Hatim L. Darbar, (3) Narbheram Popat, (4) Mavji Gordhandas, (5) Dhirajram K. Bhatt, (6) Mohanlal P. Shah, (7) J. Khushaldas, (8) Girdharlal Japee.

One nomination being invalid was not accepted.

All-India Hindi Sahitya Sammelan

(From A Correspondent).

INDORE, Sept. 29.

It has been decided to hold the 24th Session of the All-India Hindi Sahitya Sammelan (A. I. Hindi Literary Conference) in the coming winter. It is a well-known fact that after the Indian National Congress, the All-India Hindi Sahitya Sammelan is the most well organised body in the country and its annual sessions are looked forward with great interest by the millions of Indians. The fact that Hindi is a recognised 'lingua-franca' of the country, adds its importance. The 8th session of the Sammelan held at Indore, under the presidentship of Mahatma Gandhi, had been a great success.

We, therefore, request you to give a wide publicity through your esteemed journal to the news connected with the Sammelan, which we shall be sending to you by post or telegraphically.

THROUGH KHADI TO FREEDOM

The Agent, A.I.S.A. Bombay Branch writes:—

"Do you know that the greatest life-mission of Mahatmaji is Khadi? It gives crumbs of bread to crores of India's poor. The reconstruction and regeneration of lacs of Indian villages lie in Khaddar. The history of India's ruin begins from the date of the slow disappearance of Hand-spinning and Hand-weaving. Poor villagers are in semi-starving state. The day on which we discarded Khaddar we accepted poverty and slavery too."

SARDAR VALLABHBHAI PATEL.

The disappearance of Khadi means the ruin of the Nation. In order to revive Khadi buy Khadi on the occasion of Gandhi Jayanti and thus join the task of accomplishing Rs. 2,00,000 worth Khadi Sales.

ONLY SIX DAYS REMAIN

And Gandhi Jayanti Will Be Over

The Agent. A.I.S.A., Bombay Branch writes:—

Only six days more and the Gandhi Jayanti will be over. Six days are too many! Even this earth was made in six days, it is said. It will not be a great thing if the A. I. Charkha Sangh will be made to show thousands to your credit.

Khadi is to be purchased against cash, the cash goes to spinners and weavers in far off—villages. We are to think over it in case the money is to be given off in charities.

Lest you Bombayites forget that such occasions seldom come. Exclaim Gandhiji's active Jais and flock around Khadi feriwallas in your thousands.

"VALUE OF THE GREAT"

"The greatness of the great is known only after his death, while Gandhiji is still living amongst us. We, therefore, do not realize his mission and imbibe his spirit. But if you really desire to celebrate his birth-day anniversary inquire of your heart whether the time for adoption of Khaddar has become inevitable or not."

SARDAR PATEL.

In accordance with the programme arranged by the All-India Spinners' Association, Bombay to celebrate Gandhi Jayanti on the occasion of his 66th birth-day, join the function and buy Khadi so as to accomplish Sales worth Rs. 2,00,000, of Khaddar, and realise the mission of his life.

THOSE PACTS!

In India's name Government have signed a pact with Japan confirming to let her dump a certain quantity of cloth in India.

By Mody-Lees pact and Ottawa agreement India has been reduced to an open field for all British Trades, especially English cloth.

Ottawa strengthens England's hold over India and paves a much safer way for her articles into India.

THE ROYAL ROAD.

A Royal road to do away with all such pacts with all their intercross-linings and disadvantagious effects is happily known to us. If once determined there is no force whatsoever to prevent us to adopt same. England may make pacts Still then, to provide these pacts with working impetus, in fact, lies with us. The only way out is India's weighty "No" to them all.

Even free foreign cloth, we must realize, is a calamity of the first order. Once this much has been realized all the pacts are simply no-where. To accomplish this end, we are equipped with the best and the only weapon of Khadi.

Let Bombay once again declare its unmistakable disapproval of these and such all pacts and symbolize its determination by buying Khadi and Khadi Hundis to the extent of Rs. 2,00,000 prior to the 7th of October, 1934, the last day of the Gandhi Jayanti.

PUPIL'S OWN SCHOOL

Will Stage Tagore's Playlet

The Pupil's Own School will stage this Thursday at the Royal Opera House Dr. Rabindra Nath Tagore's famous playlet "The Parrot's Education," a charming satire on the present system of education, the sets and the costumes have been designed with great care by well-known artists from Santiniketan and the dances will be conducted under the guidance of Syt. Nava Kumar, the well-known Manipuri dancer. The play has been rendered in Gujarati dialogue and songs by Syt. B. Shukla. Altogether it is a show worth a visit.

Ginning And Pressing Co. Ordered To Be Wound Up

Successful Appeal Against Justice Kania's Order Sanctioning Reconsideration Scheme

The Chief Justice and Mr Justice Rangnekar at the High Court heard the appeal preferred against the order of Mr. Justice Kania sanctioning a scheme for the reconstruction of the Jamnadas Nursey Ginning and Pressing Co., Ltd.

The company was registered in Bombay in 1918 with a capital of six lacs of rupees which was subsequently increased to Rs 20 lacs. On the 4th October 1933 the company transferred certain securities of the value of about Rs. 6 lacs, which it had received from its debtors, to Messrs. Ramdas Khimji and Co., who were alleged to be the creditors of the Company. On 6th October 1933 i.e., two days thereafter, the company was unable to pay its debts in the ordinary course of business and suspended payment.

PETITION PRESENTED

On the 10th October a petition was presented to the Court by Govindji Devjee and others, the creditors of the Company for the compulsory winding up of the Company. The assets of the Company were said to be between Rs. 15 to 18 lacs and the debts to be about Rs. 25 lacs. It was also alleged that the payment of Rs. 6 lacs to Messrs. Ramdas Khimji and Co. was a fraudulent preference. The petition for winding up was opposed by some of the creditors who stated that the Company on an average was making a profit of Rs. 1,50,000 per annum and that therefore it was not in the interest of the shareholders or depositors to wind it up. On the 16th October 1933 Mr. Justice Rangnekar after hearing the parties appointed the Official Liquidator to be the provisional liquidator of the Company and fixed the hearing of the winding up petition on 11th January 1934.

On the 29th January 1934 the present respondents who alleged that they were the creditors of the company to the extent of Rs. 7,74,350, formulated a scheme for the reconstruction of the Company and applied to the Court to sanction it. Under the scheme it was proposed to issue debentures to the depositors and other creditors instead of paying them in cash. From the report of the provisional Liquidator it appeared that the scheme was supported by a vast majority of shareholders and creditors.

This application came up for hearing before Mr Justice Kania on 12th March 1934 and His Lordship sanctioned the Scheme with certain modifications, ordering among other things that the Company should issue debentures to such of the creditors only who proved their claims by filing suits. On the 16th April 1934 this part of the order was varied by the Learned Judge who after hearing the parties ordered that the claims of the respondents and other creditors should be investigated by Mr. H. H. Wadia alone and proved before him instead of the same being proved by filing suits.

From this order of 16th April 1934 the appellants who were some of the creditors of the Company appealed. They alleged that the claims of certain creditors to the extent of Rs. 8 lacs were not valid and required to be investigated by the Court. They said that the scheme of reconstruction had been put forward by certain persons with ulterior motives and against the interests of the creditors whom they represented and submitted that it should not be sanctioned. They further submitted that the variation of the order for the investigation of claims had seriously prejudiced the general body of the creditors.

COURT'S ORDER

After the hearing of the appeal had proceeded for some time the parties came to a settlement whereby the order sanctioning the scheme for the reconstruction of the Company was set aside and the petition for the compulsory winding up of the company was restored. On the petition being so restored their Lordships ordered the Company to be wound up compulsorily and appointed the Court Liquidator to be the Liquidator of the Company.

The Advocate General with Mr. F J Coltman, instructed by Messrs. Pereira, Amin and Fazulbhoy, appeared for the Appellants. Mr B J Desai instructed by Messrs. Madhavji and Co., appeared for the Respondents. Mr C K Daphtary for the Company. Mr. M C Chagla for the original Petitioners. Mr Kenneth Kemp for certain creditors and Mr. T M Guido for some other creditors.

ONLY 6 DAYS

The Gandhi Jayanti Week will be over on the 7th October, 1934. During the remaining six days from now:—

1. Buy Khadi Hundies,
2. Buy Khadi by cash.

and complete the Sales worth Rs. 2,00,000 of Khaddar.

GANDHI JAYANTI IN LABOUR AREA

Under the auspices of the "F" Ward District Congress Committee the monthly Flag Salutation ceremony and inauguration of Gandhi Jayanti celebration was performed at Naigaum Cement Chawl when Sjt. D. D. Wadia, Vice President of the "F" Ward Congress Committee presided.

The president after unfurling the Flag emphasised on the importance of the Tricoloured Flag and appealed to the audience to make the Gandhi Jayanti celebration in the Ward a great success by exclusively using Khadi as against any other cloth and swadeshi goods for daily use.

Sjts. S. B. Mahadeshwar Taralkar Kerkar and L. V. Kondaye also spoke emphasising the importance of Khadi and Gandhi Jayanti celebration.

The Hanuman Band Corps played their band lastly after which the function terminated.

G. B. PANT OPENS KHADI EXHIBITION

MEERUT, Oct. 1.

Mr. Govindballabh Pant, U.P. Congress leader will perform the opening ceremony of the Khadi and Swadeshi Exhibition organised under the auspices of the Students' Khadi League to-morrow in the evening at the Town Hall.

Pandit Malaviya is expected to address a meeting in the evening of October 4.

Further extension of the Exhibition from October 5 to October 10 is being considered.—United Press.

DADAR CONGRESS AND COMMUNAL AWARD

Annual Meeting Supports Working Committee Resolution

The Annual General Meeting of the 'G' Ward District Congress Committee held on Sunday passed the annual report and audited statement of account;

Mr. Ishwarbhai S Patel was elected President and Mr. Y G Patil, Treasurer.

The following members were elected on the council of management:— (1) Jahangir Irani, (2) Marshall Fernandez, (3) V. R. Dighe (4) B. N. Taralkar, (5) B A: Sawant, (6) V B Patil (7) Raoji Devkaran, (8) Jamnadas Dwarkadas, (9) Y S Sawant, (10) Vasant Randive, (11) Mahadev Narayan, (12) R. G. Kokam (in jail) (13) Niranjan Sharma Ajit, (14) K Y Desai (15) Gordhan Sharma, (16) S N Patade, (17) G I Patel, (18) G N Pansare (19) Pandit Ramcharya.

Messrs. C H Shah and Co., were appointed Hon. Auditors to the year.

The meeting passed by a large majority a resolution disapproving the resolution of the council requesting the Working Committee to reconsider its resolution on the Communal Award and fully supported the action of the Working Committee in its decision on this question.

It was resolved to support the Congress candidates in the coming Assembly Elections and appealed to the voters of the 'G' Ward to give their solid support to the Congress Nominees namely Mr. Nariman and Dr. Deshmukh.

The first meeting of the Council of management, after co-opting 4 members, will elect 2 vice-Presidents and 2 Hon. Secretaries.

LABOUR LEADER CONVICTED FOR SEDITION

CALCUTTA, Oct. 1.

Mr. Abdul Halim, labour leader, has been sentenced to 18 months' rigorous imprisonment for a seditious speech at a public meeting organised by the League against Gandhism.—United Press.

In And Around Bombay

(From Our Staff Correspondents)

Fate Of Failed G.D.A.'s

The failed G.D.A. students are anxiously awaiting the results of the meeting of the G.D.A. Board, which is to come off to-day. The Board is meeting to consider the representations made from various centres in India by the unsuccessful candidates. According to the new regulations, which have come into force from 1934, the intending entrants for the new Registered Accountancy Examination will have to put in three to five years as articled clerks in a recognised firm before they are qualified to sit for the examination, while, according to the old regulations, there were no such restrictions for appearing for an examination.

The failed candidates, most of whom have already exhausted their resources on the G. D. A course of two years, finding themselves unsuccessful in the one and only chance offered to them in April, 1934—for the G.D.A. has been abolished—cannot find resources enough to go through another prolonged and costly course.

One of the plucked candidates informed the writer recently that their future would be decided by the Board on Tuesday, and when reminded of the Registered Accountancy Examination, which has come into force recently, he said that it was an effective bar to him still, as there were two new subjects—Economics and Statistics—which were Greek to him. It is expected that the members of the Bombay Board will see to it that the large number of unsuccessful candidates are not affected in their future career by any adverse decision.

Smoking In Tram Cars

The agitation started in this paper against smokers in tram-cars and 'buses has had a salutary effect, and the non-smokers will be pleased to know that from Monday, the 1st instant, the B.E.S.T. Company have kept apart one whole car for the non-smokers and the other car exclusively for the smokers. Hitherto, only the last three or four seats in the rear of the tram-cars were allotted to the smokers. Invariably, however, the smokers used to sit on the front seats, meant for the non-smokers and cause annoyance by smoking. Henceforth of the two tram cars, one in the front and the other in the rear, the front one will be meant only for non-smokers and the rear one for the smokers. The non-smokers need not sit in the rear cars if they do not want any annoyance from the smokers. Likewise, the smokers can, with ease, sit in the rear cars without any protest from the non-smokers.

A TRIBUTE TO LATE MR. GHURYE

Mr. S. K. Patil writes:—

It is exactly two years to-day that the last earthly remains of the late Keshav Ghurye were reduced to ashes on the cremation ground of Visapur Temporary Prison.

Keshav's was a very tragic death. He had a very poor constitution even outside the jail but his was not the nature to remain behind, when fight was on. With his usual enthusiasm and exuberance of spirit, he joined the movement and was arrested.

"D" WARD DELEGATES TO CONGRESS

Only four nominations for delegates' election were received for 3 seats from "D" Ward.

One of them being withdrawn, the following three are declared elected as delegates to the Session of the 48th Indian National Congress from "D" Ward:—

1. Smt. Perinben Captain; 2. Sjt. M. R. Masani; 3. Bhulabhai J. Desai.

Perinben Hawks Khaddar

Under the auspices of the Girgaum District Congress, Committee, Smt Perinben Captain, President of the Girgaum Ward hawked khaddar on Monday morning at Chikhalwadi.

She will again hawk khaddar on Thursday the 4th October at 8 a.m. at Chikhalwadi.

LABOUR LEADER IN CONGRESS HOSPITAL

Mr Tayab Shaikh who was lying ill at the K.E.M Hospital for the last 8 weeks was admitted to the Congress Hospital on 20th September. For the last two days his condition has again become serious although there is no cause for anxiety.

It may be remembered that Mr. Shaikh was released from the Yerwada Central Prison on 21st July last after undergoing two years of rigorous imprisonment.

For more than a year he was suffering with Colitis etc. His condition becoming serious in the first week of July 1934, he was treated at the Jail Hospital but had not fully recovered and since his release he has been lying ill in one Hospital or the other.

BALMOHAN MELA FOR GANDHI JAYANTI

Under the auspices of Girgaum D.C.C. the Balmohan Mela will perform their programme to-day (Tuesday) the 2nd October at 9 p.m. in the Jinnah Hall.

Charkha Competition At Jinnah Hall

The Charkha Spinning Competitors are requested to be present with their Charkhas and Falakas at Jinnah Hall on Wednesday, 3rd October at 3 p.m. sharp. The Charkha competition will be held at 3-30 p.m.

The Screen's Reigning Beauty in a Wild Pageant of Barbaric Splendor!
Adolph Zukor Presents
Marlene DIETRICH
in The SCARLET EMPRESS
A Paramount Picture with
JOHN LODGE • SAM JAFFE
LOUIS DRESSER
Directed by JOSEF von STERNBERG

PATHE

DAILY: 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m. Free List Suspended

The REGAL DAILY at 6-30 & 10 p.m.

LAUGHTER mixed with THRILLS!

Directed by W. S. VAN DYKE.

Telephone No. 12337, Post Box No. 223. Telegrams "Chronicle." Registered No. B-1093.

The Bombay Chronicle

Bad House, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort.

BOMBAY TUESDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1934

SWADESHI PROPAGANDA

Swadeshi agitation has been somewhat lax during the last few months. One reason for this is that Congressmen are preoccupied with their various controversies and another is Gandhiji's recommendation that hereafter Swadeshi workers' efforts should be concentrated on the promotion of small-scale industries. The suggestion itself, interpreted reasonably, is a wise one, being in no sense a boycott of large-scale industries, but an application of the fair principle that special help should be given to that which needs it most. But the new plan, to be worked out satisfactorily, needs considerable investigation and a wide organisation. In the absence of these the old type of Swadeshi propaganda has been lax for some time past, and its place is yet to be taken by the improved type in support of small-scale industries. If, however, Gandhiji's suggestion is to prove constructive rather than destructive, it is up to Swadeshi-workers in the Congress and bodies like the All-India Swadeshi Sangh to take up the subject seriously and formulate a well-considered plan to promote judiciously selected cottage industries.

Ambitious Scheme

Gandhiji himself has in his mind a pretty ambitious scheme of developing village industries. In a summary of his views on the subject, given in the latest number of "Harijan," Gandhiji says:

"I would certainly have our Swadeshi organisation to seek out all village industries and find how they are faring. We will have experts and chemists who will be prepared to place their knowledge at the disposal of villagers. We will through our experts offer to test the articles manufactured by village handicraftsmen and make them suggestions to improve their wares and would sell them if they would accept our conditions."

Few can deny that all this work and a great deal more is necessary if Gandhiji's scheme is to be at all successful. But little or no progress has so far been made on the lines suggested. We cannot expect many Congress Committees to work on these lines. It is best to have a separate specialised organisation for the purpose, though it is certainly desirable for any Congress Committee or Congress worker to co-operate with that organisation. The All-India Swadeshi Sangha, with its affiliated bodies, is best fitted for the task, but unfortunately the Sangha does not seem to have yet definitely accepted Gandhiji's recommendation for the promotion of small scale industries. For the Hon. Secretaries of the Sangha announce that the question will be considered at its general meeting to be held at Abdul Gaffar Nagar on the 29th instant. The Swadeshi exhibition to be held during the Congress session, being restricted to small industries, will doubtless be helpful to the Swadeshi workers and the cause in general, provided the Exhibition Committee strives to make the exhibition fairly representative and calculatd in every way to promote the cause of small industries. We trust the All-Inda Swadeshi Sangha will adopt Gandhiji's recommendaton at its general meeting and take steps to work it out without any further delay.

Popularize Khaddar

Khaddar will, of course, continue to hold a prominent place in any scheme of Swadeshi propaganda. Gandhiji's new plan only extends the scope of Swadeshi work from Khaddar to other useful village industries. Care should be taken that the extended activities do not prejudice the all-important industry of handspinning and handweaving. If Khaddar is to be universalised it is neither necessary nor enough to impose the spinning and Khaddar franchise on every Congressman. But every Congress Committee should be persuaded to make ceaseless propaganda to popularise Khaddar by regularly hawking it from door to door and otherwise. Once the Khaddar organisation is established and strengthened in a village it should not be difficult to utilise it for the proper development of other small scale industries.

Is It Revival Of The League?

The agreement between France, Italy and Britain regarding the independence and integrity of Austria, menaced by Nazi Germany and her henchmen in that country, is significant,—not only so far as the fate of that dismembered land itself is concerned, but also as to the possibility of reconciling the divergent viewpoints of the dominant nations of Western Europe. True, the present arrangement between these three countries has taken place outside the councils of the League. Nevertheless, their coming together on a point on which their divergence seemed so considerable only a month ago, may not unjustly be taken to be a sign of returning sanity in international relations. The agreement between these nations on the question of Austrian independence and integrity, does not, indeed, solve the problem of that country,—whether politically as to the form of its Government, or economically as to its stability. Are the Hapsburgs returning to the Austro-Hungarian throne? Could Austria, dismembered and shorn of its resources, maintain this independence and integrity simply because of the guarantee of these Powers? We are by no means sure that either of these two main issues has been resolved by this agreement between Britain, France and Italy. Nevertheless, the conclusion of even such a limited pact augurs favourably for still closer understanding and co-operation in the affairs of Europe, so far as appearances go at present.

Another considerable event on the international stage is the application of Afghanistan for membership of the League of Nations. Coming close on the heels of the admission of Russia, this application is doubly interesting. The Amanullah experiment at re-doming or reconstructing the country may be said to have failed,—perhaps because the 'tempo' of the reform insisted upon by that great reformer was too high for the people of the country. But the seeds of modernism sown in the Amanullah regime cannot but bear fruit. The tempering zeal of Nadir Shah moderated the pace, but did not negative the entire programme of national regeneration. The present demand, therefore, for being placed on a par with other nations of the world may be rightly taken as an index of the progress that has been achieved in this backward, undeveloped region of the world. Afghanistan cannot, indeed, compare with Persia, Turkey or even Egypt,—among Islamic nations,—for the advance in modernism, which to us seems the 'sine qua non' for understanding and co-operating with European nations, or, if need be, for counter-acting their suicidal race for unrestrained nationalism. We can only wish her inclusion in the League will be a further impetus to her advance on right lines of national regeneration.

The adhesion of each successive country, great or small, spells so much more strength and authority for the League of Nations. Russia and Afghanistan may offer the greatest possible contrast in size and development; their outlook and ideals; but their common membership in such an international organisation as the League must inevitably react beneficially upon the more backward people if only by the mere force of contact with such a revolutionising element as Soviet Russia. The negotiations for the peaceful retrocession of the Saar region to Germany, under the auspices of the League promise to end satisfactorily, all the more because of such developments. And the suggestion of M. Litvinoff that the Disarmament Conference be wound up, and the responsibility for the problem be assumed by the League Council may be welcomed in the hope of greater despatch and quicker results, even though on the face of it, the suggestion seems reactionary. The Conference is essentially ill-suited for handling such a delicate problem as international disarmament. The delegates in such a public gathering cannot speak with the freedom and frankness indispensable if the desired results are to be achieved. In the League Council, on the other hand, where publicity is not to be dreaded, where the representatives of the nations can, therefore, exchange their views more freely and unreservedly, touching the raw spots in international relations without much dread of misinterpretation and are able to pledge, more effectively perhaps, the concurrence of their Governments than in a public conference, the task would be appreciably easier. We trust, moreover, not only in the sense of exhaustion that hangs over the likely combatants in the next war, which God forbid; but also in the known pacifism of Russia, who needs time to complete her schemes and plans for national development, The U.S.A. is not a member of the League yet; but it may be safely assumed, American influence would most certainly be used on the side of peace. Hence the more hopeful outlook for the world because of these recent developments.

SWISS YOUTH'S DISGUST OF WAR

"I Shall Never Shoot Men Who Differ From Me Only In Their Uniforms"

(By "ANON.").

The following is the exact reproduction of a passage from a letter I have recently received from a "pen-friend" of mine—a Swiss schoolboy of about 20. Youth's deep disgust of wars that are waged in the name of "fatherland," "motherland" or "King and Country" finds an echo in the noble sentiments of this letter—as the writer confesses, expressed with difficulty in a foreign tongue. I send this letter to the "Chronicle" in the hope that it will evoke sympathetic response in the hearts and minds of Indian youth and strengthen the bonds of international peace and goodwill that is sure to come of youth's determination to end war and all its consequent evils.

WAR TALKS

"Some days ago I became a recruit. Every Swiss young man of 20 years has to undergo a military service of 3 months, if he is not ill. I am healthy. Since several days newspapers and Radio have been talking of the war, which broke out in Summer, 20 years ago. Just now I am listening to a programme of Swiss Broadcasting: a glorification of military life. To-morrow we shall celebrate our national celebration. Many speeches will be made.

"My dear friend, these things, especially were the motive that I am writing to you. It is not very easy to express one's deepest feelings in a foreign tongue, but I am sure that you will understand me.

"FATHERLAND" BUT?——

"The political circumstances in Europe are not rose-coloured. Everybody speaks of a coming war as of a thing which lies open on the hand. I can't believe that men—after this terrible world-war—will be able to venture into the delusion to begin a new war. For me the word "war" is something which can't be agreed with men of to-day. Perhaps, I am blinded. Next winter or spring, I shall have to do my military service. Well, I am glad that they found me able to undergo this service. I like exertions. But I shall also have to learn to shoot. I shall get a gun in order to defend my "fatherland." Yes, I love my little Switzerland, my Alps and towns and rivers. But, therefore, I shall never shoot men who differ only in their uniform from me. I am really not cowardly, but I should prefer to let myself be shot than to go to the 'front.'"

MATERIALIST SCIENCE

Is It Discredited?

(BY DR. C. L. D'AVOINE).

There is a belief in English speaking countries that some of the newer discoveries and speculations in science have so completely discredited the scientific teaching of the last century, that a perfect intellectual revolution has set in and with it a new orientation which renders a revised interpretation, both in science and philosophy, inevitable.

Let it be said at once that the startling news originated with the discoveries of Einstein in relativity, and the speculations of two eminent British scientists,—Sir James Jeans and Sir Arthur Eddington—in the cosmic field.

Grossly Exaggerated

As one may guess, the press

(Conitnued on page 8).

SEGREGATION IN EAST AFRICA

Racial Prejudice Against Indians Is Shown Even In Public Hotels And Clubs

By NARAIN SINGH V.

As in residence so in travelling, there is no gainsaying the fact that a vast majority of people prefer travelling with members of their own community or race. Very few Indians would like to travel in the same compartment as a European by choice. Indians can be very cosmopolitan in many ways, but they are very clannish in some.

A Victory

Segregation on the railways is one of the few things in which Indians have scored a victory. However crudely their object might have been fought for East African Indians have always been an alert body of men, and have never allowed any attempt to tamper with their right to succeed without at least making a strong protest. Segregation on the railways was an effort to make Kenya a miniature South Africa But the Kenya Indians were not South African Indians They soon made the Government realise that these mischievous practices designed for their humiliation would on no account be tolerated With a bad grace the discriminatory "notices" were removed and Indians began to walk boldly into the "first class" dining cars The sane and just method of "natural segregation" by making people belonging to one community travel together whenever possible, was agreed to.

Hotels

"European" hotels in East Africa are very exclusive "public" places, where white skin is essential as a passport for admission. There are very few Indians who would stay in these hotels even if they were admitted. There are such questions as food society, service, and expenses to be considered. A few Indians would occasionally visit these "pubs" to have a drink, and it does not require a very large amount of the spirit of toleration to concede this insignificant "privilege." It is our weakness that we have not even one well appointed hotel throughout East Africa. If we had a few first class hotels of the same standard as the European, owned and managed by our own people, there would be no more talk of a necessity for segregation in this respect.

Clubs

There are extremists who have tried to force open the barriers which exist against the entry of Indians into Western Clubs. I must say "clubs" should not be included in the list at all. If people belonging to one race desire to have a common social centre entirely of their own, they have every right to have it. Moreover the Europeans have a civilization which is in many ways, quite different from ours. There are things we can learn from them, especially during the present campaign for the emancipation of women, but their own women have gone so far that we can best learn from a distance. The modern "Western" club, of the East African type, with its reckless drinkings and uncontrolled dancings, etc., is by no means an ideal institute which the Indians should try to join.

What the East African Indians want is a spirit of independence. If they are not allowed to join the European clubs, and if the European hotels do not admit them, they must give them the widest possible berth, and have their own clubs and hotels. If racial discrimination is considered to be of paramount importance in social matters by the Europeans, Indians should not try to enforce the removal of this prejudice, but should make themselves so independent as not to feel the disabilities which result from it, owing to the superior position held by the Europeans.

Sports

Wherever Indians have shown real enterprise for the amelioration of their living, they have won praise and admiration from the Westerners. Segregation was carried to its farthest extreme when it was introduced into sports. But the Indians formed their own sports clubs and so the segregation was not felt at all. On the other hand, the inevitable consequence began to appear and mutual visits and sports functions soon became popular. Friendly rivalry in the various games is becoming increasingly keen, which is beneficial to the relations between the two communities. The pity is that a majority, including the wealthiest people, have not taken sufficient interest in the Indian clubs, but in spite of this there are flourishing institutions like the Nairobi Railway Indians, the various Khoja Ismaili Clubs, and the Nairobi Sikh Union The last have recently built an imposing club-house amid charming surroundings in the best part of the town—a result of the grit and determination of a small band of devoted workers. A deplorable characteristic in these clubs, is the communal basis on which they are formed Dar-es-Salaam has its Muslim sports club, Khalsa club, Maratha club Malabar club Sinhalese club Patel club, Goan club, Ismaili club Ishnashri club, Bohra club etc But antipathy between the tiny communities is remarkable for its absence.

The Remedy

Indians in East Africa are steadily becoming a "sporting people." Their standard of living is also improving at a good

(Continued on page 9)

Frankly Speaking

DEATH TRAFFIC INQUIRY?

The Armaments Inquiry in America is, as was only to be expected, having interesting and significant repercussions. According to the "People" of London, so many secret intrigues have been revealed there and so many British interests are involved that a demand for a similar inquiry may be made in Parliament too. The suspicion that "the armament interests were directly behind the attempts to kill the Disarmament Conference," has now been practically confirmed. And M.P.'s, the paper further says, "are especially indignant to find that a secret agreement exists between British and foreign munition firms under which these concerns share out world markets between them....." We doubt how far the M.P.'s will succeed and we doubt, indeed, if there are more than a handful of them earnestly desirous of exposing the "Death Merchants." But the question is worth raising in Parliament. And should an Inquiry be agreed to, the gain to the cause of Disarmament would be simply tremendous.

PECULIAR RESPONSE.

The firing in a Chapra village, during the recent floods is still within public memory. Nor will it have been forgotten that a committee of eminent and respectable non-officials of the town, which investigated the unfortunate circumstances, arrived at the considered opinion that the action of the Magistrate responsible for the firing was hasty, ill-advised and quite unjustified. The least that the Bihar Government should have done in view of public opinion on the subject, was to release the people taken in custody at the time and not to proceed against them. But so far from that being done, more warrants, according to a United Press report, have actually been issued now at this late hour and against no less than 150 persons What a reply to public sentiments!

THE LATE MR. TALYARKHAN.

The Bombay Bar has lost a prominent as well as popular figure by the death of Mr. F. S. Talyarkhan. Mr. Talyarkhan had distinguished himself both as an able lawyer and a sound judge. As the Advocate-General pointed out yesterday while paying a tribute to his memory, he had established his reputation as a first class criminal lawyer. His services were in great demand during sessions trials and for conducting appeals and he had some notable successes to his credit in political cases. But what distinguished him from not a few successful lawyers was his charming and kindly personality which won and retained many friendships. His death will, therefore, be mourned by a very large circle of friends outside as well as inside the legal profession.

LACK OF GRACE.

The communique issued by the Director of Information regarding the forthcoming General Elections to the Legislative Assembly shows that the Bombay Government have not relaxed in general terms the rule disqualifying for election persons who have been sentenced to imprisonment for more than one year. It may be that the Government may remove the disqualification in practice. But a general assurance exempting from the operation of the rule all Civil Disobedience prisoners would have been a graceful act on the part of the authorities. It is to be hoped that the discretionary powers vested in them will not be abused against marked Congressmen.

WILL GOVERNMENT HEED?

Our readers will have read with much interest the article on the Bengal situation, contributed by Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose to the "Reconciliation," a monthly organ of the Christian Pacifist Crusade at London, and reproduced in our columns yesterday. With a clear grasp of the situation, Mr. Bose suggests that if Government want real and lasting peace in the province they should first grant a general amnesty on a generous scale to create the right atmosphere for a concerted attempt to end terrorism, should undertake a scientific inquiry into the root causes of the revolutionary psychology and should enter into direct negotiations with leaders who have real influence over the terrorists. It is a pity, however, that these helpful suggestions have not so far been acceptable to Government, who would rely on force alone to suppress terrorism. Past experience should suggest that something more than force is necessary to root out the movement.

A WELCOME REACTION.

The decision of the South Indian Liberal Federation to alter its constitution so as to admit Brahmins into the Justice Party is much to be welcomed as a sign, one hopes, of a reaction against political organizations on communal lines. The anti-Brahmin feeling was long carried to a sickening extent in the Madras Presidency. But the non-Brahmin communities have at last seen through the movement and have realised that it has in no way benefited them, though it certainly benefited some individuals who exploited the movement to gain their own ends. A good section of the non-Brahmin community, particularly the younger generation, has recently been more and more nationalist in its political outlook and has exposed the reactionary policy of the non-Brahmin leaders. The latter have, therefore, been forced to strengthen their position even with the aid of Brahmins. But whatever the cause of the change, the change itself deserves to be welcomed as the straight contest between Nationalists and Reactionaries will now be less complicated by communal prejudices.

-PRESS VIEWS-

Unity In Congress

The Nation has been for the last eighteen months, if not more, passing through a period of divergences in respect of ideal, standpoint and opinion as well as of policy and programme. The question of questions is must all these divergences be permitted to be reflected in the Congress, nay find a place in it, of which the result will be that the Congress will cease to function as a unitary body? Or shall we come to an honest and reasonable agreement while we are yet on the way to the Congress so that Bombay may not have to register its disruption? The utmost effort must be made to heal the differences which have led to the formation of the Nationalist Party with its fratricidal and anti-Congress programme and propaganda as well as the differences that have once more become threateningly acute between the No-changers and Pro-changers—"Forward".

"MODERN GARGANTUA IN MOSCOW.

Two Year Old Child Lifts Weights And Eats For Ten Men"

—Headlines.

Impossible. There isn't enough in Russia for one man to eat for one man. We have the authority of Bori Bunder and the "Christian Science Monitor" to say so. And, therefore, we confidently deny the existence of the infant Gargantua himself.

* * * *

"When a man grows old" writes Sir Hari Singh Gour, in the "Daily News," "he turns his gaze backwards, to recall the pleasant memories of his past achievements."

* * * *

Let us recall for him his qualitative (included therein quantitative and of course comparative) achievements:—

One ....., Two, ... Three..... Four ..... And —And.

Oh, what a past!

* * * *

Now let us turn our gaze forwards and look at his future—but we need not bother; all you have to do is to read the above backwards.

* * * *

Defending the N. R. A., President Roosevelt "held up England as an example and said that no intelligent observer would accuse England of undue orthodoxy in the present emergency. She did not let nature take her own course, and did not hold to the gold standard."

It is, we agree, Britain's pride to rule nature. But we have also a vague feeling that India should have come somewhere in the above picture.

* * * *

Speaking on the Communal Award, Mr. Khaliquzzaman said at Lucknow....."...consequently the Congress found itself on the horns of a dilemma."

And, therefore, the Congress Nationalists quickly jumped down. Safety First.

* * * *

"HAS JUSTICE PARTY ANY PROGRAMME?"

—Headline.

To be sure, it has:—

(1) Constructive Co-operation with the Government and,

(2) Destructive non-co-operation with the country.

* * * *

Mr. Ramaswamy Mudaliar (nominated by the Justice Party and certified by Sir Shanmukham Chetty himself) violently insists that the foremost need of the country is industrial regeneration and that if we want political advancement we should promote trade and industry.

Which, of course, is the reason (?) why he is a strong supporter of Ottawa and the W. P. No wonder Mr. Mudaliar has been nominated by the Justice Party and certified by Sir Shanmukham.

* * * *

According to the honourable Mr. S. W. A. Rizvi, C. B. E., President of the C. P. Council, "the primary purpose of a newspaper as of a Government is to be a friend of the poor."

It is gratifying to reflect that the Hon'ble Speaker is neither a newspaper not yet a Government.

* * * *

'Forward' says: "Every sensible person will agree with Mr. C. F. Andrews that Jawaharlal Nehru should be released. . . ."

Yes, but every sensible person.

* * * *

In his latest outburst Herr Hitler has "bitterly attacked the intellectuals and over-estimation of mental work." Which ironically enough, amounts almost to a vindication by Herr Hitler of the exiled German Jew Einstein and his theory of Relativity.

* * * *

Thought For A Rainy Day:—

"The flag salutation was the beginning of the monsoon in the political life of the country"—Mrs. Munshi at Ghatkopar.

* * * *

They were discussing the new typist.

"What do you think of her?" asked the manager.

"Well, I don't know," said the chief clerk. "But she spells atrociously."

"Really," said the manager, "she must be pretty good. I'm sure I couldn't spell it."

Malaviya Party Is Communalist And Anti-National

CONGRESS SOCIALISTS & BATTLE OVER AWARD

Benares Meeting Plans Radical Changes In Constitution

R. C. REFUSAL OF PANDAL CONDEMNED

BENARES, Oct. 1.

After lively discussions lasting six hours important resolutions as to the attitude to be adopted by the Congress Socialists regarding the Assembly elections and acceptance of offices of Congress organisations were passed at an All-India meeting of the leading Congress Socialists held yesterday at Benares. Twentyfour delegates from Delhi, Bengal, Bihar, United Provinces, Central, Maharashtra, Ajmer, Central Provinces and Utkal attended the meeting. Mr. Sampuranand presided.

The resolution regarding the Assembly elections runs:—"This meeting of the delegates of Provincial Congress Socialist Parties is of the opinion that the present Parliamentary activity of the Congress in contesting elections to the Legislative Assembly is not of such a nature as to intensify or further the struggle for national independence of British Imperialism.

"This meeting feels that such activity constitutes on the contrary a drift towards sterile constitutionalism which has already involved demoralisation and compromise with elements not believing either in complete independence or direct action and which is bound to lead to complete abandonment of the struggle for independence and compromise with British Imperialism.

"This meeting calls upon the members of the Congress Socialist Parties (1) to decline nomination as Congress or independent candidates for Assembly election and withdraw their candidature if already nominated and (2) to decline to serve as members on the Parliamentary Board central or provincial or any committees formed for electoral campaign."

The All-India meeting of leading Congress Socialists passed the following resolution regarding acceptance of offices on Congress organisations. "This meeting of delegates of Provincial Congress Socialist Parties is of opinion that no member of the Congress Socialist Party should become office bearer of any Congress Organisation except (1) where the party is in a majority or (2) where the organisation concerned has resolved to carry out the party's immediate programme of work as indicated in the draft programme of the All-India Congress Socialist Party and the Executive Committee of the Provincial Congress Socialist Party gives previous permission to accept office, and calls upon those Congress Socialists who are office bearers in any Congress Organisations except such as those indicated above to resign their offices.

Attack On Nationalists.

Condemning the formation of the Nationalist Party the meeting passed the following resolution. "This meeting of the delegates of Provincial Congress Socialist Parties condemns the formation of the so-called Nationalist Party on the issue of the Communal Award as a communalist and anti-national move which has started the futile controversy over an issue which is of no importance to the masses and which has distracted attention from real task of their emancipation from exploitation.

"This meeting is of opion that all attempts to solve the communal problem have been on wholly false basis of the recognition of rights of those belonging to religious groups and this meeting is of opinion that the problem can effectively be liquidated only by clarifying the struggle for economic emancipation of the masses.

Class War.

The meeting also resolved:—"This meeting of delegates of Provincial Congress Socialist Parties is of opinion that the resolutions passed by the Working Committee of the Indian National Congress at Bombay and later at Benares concerning class war and advocacy of confiscation of property are uncalled for and misleading.

"This meeting claims that class war and advocacy of confiscation of property are not inconsistent in any way with the Congress creed."

The All-India Congress Socialist Conference will be held at Bombay on October 21 and 22.

Mahatma's Proposal.

The All-India meeting of leading Congress Socialists sat till 8-30 last night and adjourned till this morning to resume discussion on Mahatma Gandhi's proposals regarding the Congress Constitution.

It transpires that during last night's discussion on Gandhiji's proposals a Bombay Socialist who had been to Wardha and had a talk with Gandhiji conveyed to the meeting. Gandhiji's message purporting to be an assurance from him.

It is stated that Mahatma Gandhi might press his proposal regarding the restriction of the number of delegates to the Indian National Congress but he was not going to press his proposals in connection with compulsory spinning and the Congress.

Committee Appointed.

In view of this assurance some members thought that Gandhiji's statement should not be considered but after some discussion it was decided to give expression to Socialist views on it and a committee of three members was appointed to draft a resolution for consideration this morning.

Another committee of five members was appointed to draft proposals regarding Congress Constitution in order to make the Indian National Congress more democratic.

Among those present at the meeting were Dr. De Silva, (C P) and Mr B P Sinha (Bihar), Mr Masani, Bombay, Acharya Narendra Dev, Mr Srinrakasa, (U P) Mr Shankerlal, Delhi, Mr S M Joshi, Maharashtra, Mr Charles Mascarenas, Bengal, Mr Asawa, Ajmer and Navakrishna Chaudhari Utkal.—A. P.

CONGRESS R. C.'s "NO" TO SOCIALISTS

Benares Meeting Condemns Refusal Of Pandal

BENARES, Oct. 1.

The meeting resumed consideration of Mahatma Gandhi's proposals this morning. The Committee, which was appointed last night in this connection, reported to the meeting this morning that it was unnecessary to discuss Mahatma Gandhi's proposals in view of the information received regarding his intentions. Eventually consideration of Gandhiji's proposals was dropped.

According to private talks in Socialist circles it appears that Mahatma Gandhi does not now intend to press his proposals regarding the yarn franchise and the Congress Creed at the forthcoming Bombay Session of the Congress.

The meetng strongly condemned the spirit and action of the Reception Committee of the Congress in refusing the Congress Pandal for the use of the All-India Congress Socialist Conference.

PARTY ORGAN.

The meeting decided to publish an English weekly as the organ of the All-India Socialist Party. After considering certain questions of minor importance, the meeting concluded at twelve today and the leaders are leaving for their respective destinations.

Mr. Masani (Bombay) will deliver a lecture at the Benares Hindu University this afternoon.

CONGRESS CONSTITUTION.

The Committee which was appointed last night to suggest changes in the Congress constitution will submit its report to the forthcoming Bombay Conference of Congress Socialists. The resolution on this respect says that a Committee consisting of Principal Narendra Deva, Messrs. Jaiprakash Narain and Masani, Dr. Rammandhar Lohia and Mr. Charles Mascarenhas will examine the present constitution of the Congress and suggest changes to make it more democratic and give scope for the development of mass initiative.—A. P.

EYE-OPENER TO CONGRESSMEN

The Publicity Officer of the All-India Congress Socialist Conference writes:—

While frantic efforts are being made to belittle the importance and influence of the Congress Socialists in the Congress ranks it is heartening to find that in the District Congress elections in Byculla, the majority of Congressman voted solidly for the Congress Socialists. Out of 25 seats in the Executive not less than 18 seats belong to the Socialist Party.

Perhaps this might come as an eye-opener to those who by their tactics sought to demonstrate through the Working Committee of the Congress Reception Committee that the Congress Socialists are a negligible factor in Congress politics.

A meeting of the Working Committee will be called any day to raise the question of allowing the use of the Congress Subjects Committee Pandal for the All-India Socialist Conference.

The plausible argument that construction would not be complete in time for the conference has now been falsified. Enquiries made go to show that all construction in the Abdul Gaffar Nagar will be over by the 15th instant. The All-India Congress Socialist Conference is timed to meet on the 20th and 21st inst. and there is no reason to suppose that the Pandal would not be ready by that time.

It is to be hoped that the Working Committee and its next meeting will reverse its previous decision and allow the use of the Subjects Committee Pandal for the All-India Congress Socialist Conference.

CONGRESS SOCIALIST CONFERENCE

Be Member Of Reception Committee

The Publicity Officer of the All-India India Congress Socialist Conference writes:—

Attend the All-India Congress Socialist Conference and make it a great success. Momentous issues that will decide the future programme and policy of the whole Indian political movement will be decided at the Conference.

No Congressman, whatever his political leanings can afford to miss to attend the conference which is so full of possibilities.

Enrol yourself as a member of the Reception Committee of the All-India Congress Socialist Conference at the office of the Bombay Congress Socialist Party, Dadabhoy Manzil, Congress House, Bombay.

REFORM SCHEME FOR CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY

Conference With Govt. In November

CALCUTTA, Oct. 1.

Carrying into effect of those schemes of reform that had been approved by the University of Calcutta and Government would be impossible unless the existing financial arrangements between these two bodies were altered and Government would agree to pay in full the entire annual recurring grant of Rs. 3,60,000. This in brief is the purport of a letter recently addressed to the Government by the Registrar of Calcutta University.

It is understood that various points at issue between the Government and the University would be discussed at a conference to be held in November next.—United Press.

'SANAD' GRANTED TO ABHYANKAR

C. P. Congress Leader Can Now Practise In Court

NAGPUR, Oct. 1.

Permission to resume practice at the Bar was granted to-day to Mr. M. V. Abhyankar, President of the C. P. Congress Committee, by a bench composed of Messrs. Subedar and Gruer, Additional Judical Commissioners, Mr. Vivian Bose, the Government Advocate, not opposing.—A. P.

Mr. S. K. Hosmani, Pleader, Haveri, and President of the Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee, has been nominated candidate of the Congress Parliamentary Board for the Assembly from the Southern Division.

ONE MARKET FOR SILVER TRADING

Canada, Toronto, & Montreal Interests Join Forces To Create Merger

MONTREAL, Oct. 1.

Recognising the desirability of having one market for silver futures trading in Canada, Toronto and Montreal interests have joined forces and created an organisation embracing both the bodies.

The present completed organisation of Montreal Silver Exchange incorporated will be utilized as the nucleus of the new exchange, and under the terms of the merger members of both the exchanges will be accorded membership on like terms.—Reuter's Special.

SUPPORT FOR CHRISTIAN COLLEGES IN INDIA

Archbishop Of Canterbury Heads List Of Appellants

LONDON, Oct. 1.

A letter to "The Times" appealing for support for Christian Colleges in India has been signed by the Archbishop of Canterbury, Anglican Free Church Leaders, Lord Halifax Lord Lothian, Lord Plender, Reverend William Paton, Miss Lynda Grier and Mr. Walter Moberly.—Reuter.

HITLER ATTACKS INTELLECTUALS

BERLIN, Sept. 30.

Germany celebrated a successful harvest as a triumph for the Nazi Government. 750,000 peasants who gathered on Bueckeberg Mountain, near Hanover, were treated to military music and a mock battle by Reichswehr detachments, Bueckeberg being the spot where the Saxon Duke Widukind is supposed to have fought the invader Charlemagne.

Herr Hitler addressed the crowd of peasants. He bitterly attacked the intellectuals and the overestimation of mental work.—Reuter.

BOMBAY FLIERS REACH BERLIN

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

BERLIN, Sept. 30.

Flight-Lieutenant Binley and four machines of the Bombay Flying Club have arrived "en route" to Bombay. They proceed from here to Vienna.

"RIYASAT" CASE RE-TRIAL BEGINS

HOSHANGABAD, Oct. 1.

As ordered by the Additional Judicial Commissioner, 'de-novo' proceedings in the "Riyasat" case began here to-day before Mr. A. J. Rodrick, First Class Magistrate. The Nawab of Bhopal was represented by Pandit Sitacharan Dube, while Sardar Diwansingh appeared in person. As the records had not yet been received from Nagpur, the Magistrate adjourned the case to the 22nd instant.—A. P.

PRINCIPAL SEN'S SUDDEN DEATH

NEW DELHI, Oct. 1.

Principal S. K. Sen of the Hindu College, Delhi, expired early this afternoon. The college reassembled after the Summer vacation today, and Principal Sen after addressing the students was sitting in the office when he suddenly collapsed. The deceased had been suffering from high blood pressure for sometime.—A.P.

WARM WELCOME TO SARDAR

"Your Sacrifices Form Glorious Chapter In Country's Struggle"

KOTHARI PROUD OF PATEL'S LEADERSHIP

WADHWAN, Oct 1.

Mr. Manilal Kothari to-day sent the following message to Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel at Ahmedabad:—

"As your humble lieutenant and the Secretary of the Gujrat Congress Committee, I extend to you warmest welcome to home. Blessed by Bapu, you have during the last one decade and half by your unflinching devotion to the great cause of 'Purna Swaraj' by your unshakeable resolve of life to peacefully resist evil and your rigid discipline in life and administration in all affairs awakened the mass consciousness in the whole of Gujrat.

"Your remarkable services and sacrifices form a glorious chapter in the country's struggle for freedom. The Gujrat Congress is ever devoted to you and we all feel proud and grateful for your leadership. My love and deep respects to you."

We are commencing the Khadi tour in Kathiawar during Gandhi Jayanti week for starting which institution the country is grateful to you.—United Press.

YEAR BOOK OF DEEDS OF VALOUR

Saraladevi's Appeal To Editors

CALCUTTA, Oct. 1.

Mrs. Sarala Devi Chowdhurani writes:—

The Virashtami Committee has decided to compile a Virashtami Year Book of deeds of valour. The kind help of readers of journals and editors is solicited for supplying the committee with names of men and women, who have done any acts of outstanding merit like that of Harnam Kaur, the brave Sikh village girl of Moga in Ferojpur District, Punjab, who fought single-handed with dacoits.

It is the intention of the committee that the book will contain an exhaustive description of brave deeds done all over India from September 1933 to date.

All communications should be addressed to Mrs. Sarala Devi Chowdhurani, President, Virastami Committee, 34/1 Ballygunj Circular Road, Calcutta.—United Press.

MR. MENON FOR BOMBAY

Indian Govt Deputy In Zanzibar Completes Inquiries

KOTTAYAM, (By Mail.)

According to a letter received here by his mother, Mr. K. P. Sivasankara Menon who is deputed to Zanzibar by the Government of India, to make certain enquiries regarding the Indian Imigration, is to arrive in Bombay on October, 8.

After the completion of his work at Zanzibar, Mr. Menon is specially deputed to the Uganda, Kenya and Tanganyika territories in Africa to make a report regarding certain problems in connection with the Indian population there and their new emigration scheme to British Guiana in South America.

As he is to travel a great distance for the fulfilment of his duties, the Government of India has made arrangements for his facilities to travel by aeroplane. During his stay at Zanzibar he was the guest of the Governor of that province.—United Press.

COLLEGE STUDENTS SENTENCED

CALCUTTA, Oct. 1.

Bijoy Sen and Khagen Bose, college students pleaded guilty and were sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment each by the Additional Chief Presidency Magistrate under section 19-F of Arms Act for possessing two unlicensed revolvers and 58 cartridges.

The prosecution alleged that one of the revolvers was country-made and another resembled the type used in the Lebong Shooting Outrage.—United Press.

WELL-KNOWN ENGLISH ACTRESS DEAD

LONDON, Sept. 30.

The death has occurred of Miss Mary Beatie Brough, the well-known actress.—Reuter.

N. R. A. ON ITS SECOND LAP

Roosevelt Outlines Plan For Industrial Peace

REPLY TO NEW DEAL CRITICS

WASHINGTON, Oct 1.

A bid for industrial peace through a conference with capital and labour during October is announced by President Roosevelt in his broadcast address to the nation.

Will Seek Agreements

He said he would seek agreements which could be relied upon in order to determine the wages, hours and working conditions. He declared that he refused to accept the permanent body of unemployed as a necessary condition of the future, and that the National economy must be arranged so as to abolish unemployment as soon as possible.

The N. R. A. was entering its second phase which would be watched carefully, and modified where necessary and its functions, which had proved valuable, might become a part of the permanent machinery of the Government.

Britain's Example

President Roosevelt trounced the critics of the new deal on the grounds of its unorthodoxy. He held up England as an example, and said that no intelligent observer would accuse England of undue orthodoxy in the present emergency. She did not let nature take her own course, and did not hold to the gold standard.

When her reserves were threatened, she did not hesitate to save her Treasury £30,000,000 by the War Loan conversion, and let it be remembered that British bankers gave their assistance.

Britain, since 1909, had advanced farther along the lines of social security than United States. Her relations with capital and labour were more advanced.

Believes With Lincoln

Said President Roosevelt: "I believe with Abraham Lincoln that the legitimate object of Government is to do for the community what it cannot do at all or so well for itself."—Reuter's Special.

United Ireland Party Torn By Faction

O'Duffy Forms Fascist Body After Severance From Blue Shirts

DUBLIN, Oct. 1.

A complete split in the United Ireland Party by the formation of the Fascist Party and its entry into the Dail seem to be foreshadowed. Following a meeting of the dissident Blue Shirt leaders on September 29, General O'Duffy made the statement that the meeting had unanimously agreed to severe the Blue Shirts from the United Ireland Party, and from a completely independent party led by General O'Duffy.

Meantime General Cronin, the new Director-General of the Blue Shirts states that the body still owes allegiance to the United Ireland Party and any Blue Shirt joining General O'Duffy will be suspended. General Cronin declares he has assurances of loyalty from all parts of the country.

The meeting of the Cork League Youth decided to support Cronin.—Reuter.

SECURITY DEMAND AGAINST MADRAS PAPER

Orders Reserved On Editor's Application

MADRAS, Oct. 1.

In the High Court to-day Mr. Justice Madhavan Nair, Mr. Justice Cornish and Mr. Justice Lakshmana Rao heard an application on behalf of Mr. Santanam, publisher and editor of the "Indian Express," for setting aside the Government order served on him demanding a security of Rs. 3,000, the security having been furnished. The petitioner also prayed for refund of the amount.

The paper had published on 26th April a leading article headed "Madras Conspiracy Case" upon which an order demanding the security was issued by the Chief Secretary to the Government of Madras under Section 7 (3) of the Indian Press Emergency Act. It was contended on behalf of the petitioner that the order to furnish security was bad in law, that it did not specify the words in the leading article complained of, nor did the order indicate which portion of that section of the article offended.

The Public Prosecutor on behalf of the Government argued that the notice was perfectly in order, and that it was in respect of the whole article which he submitted, alleged that vested interests, that is, the Government, had brought the case to create opinion against the transfer of law and order. Arguments over, the Court reserved judgment.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu who is on a brief visit to Hyderabad is leaving for Bombay on Tuesday evening.

HAMBURG COMMISSIONER AS D. G. COMMERCE?

SIMLA, Oct. 1.

It is understood that Mr. Sultankar's appointment as Trade Commissioner for India in London vice Sir Harry Lindsay, is temporary, as Dr. Meek, Director-General for Commercial Intelligence in India has been appointed to the post.

The period of Dr. Meek's further stay in India will be largely determined by the time taken in the Indo-Italian trade negotiations which are expected to take place almost at the commencement of the season in New Delhi.

The successor of Dr. Meek as Director-General of Commercial Intelligence in India has not been settled but the name of Mr. S. N. Gupta I.C.S., India's Trade Commissioner at Hamburg, is prominently mentioned in this connection.

"DRINK MILK AND BECOME CABINET MINISTER"

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, Oct. 1.

"Drink milk and become a Cabinet Minister" was the gist of an address delivered by Mr. Elliot, Minister of Agriculture, inaugurating at the Kensington Boys school the national milk scheme which will provide all children with 1/3 pint of milk daily for half a penny.

Mr. Elliott sipped three bottles through straw, declaring "milk puts beef in you." He is a six-footer and weighs 13 stone.

The Board of Education and the Milk Marketing Board have combined to provide one million meals to feed children and dispose of over 100 million gallons of milk which might have otherwise become surplus stock.

Bombay And Assembly Election

WHY YOU MUST VOTE FOR NARIMAN AND DESHMUKH

Our Readers' Views

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Within a month or two the voters of Bombay for the Legislative Assembly will be on their trial. They will have to decide as to who should represent them in the new Assembly. So far, Sir, there are four candidates in the field. Two of them stand with a Congress label, one is a Democratic Swarajist and the other is a Liberal. Out of these four candidates the voters have to select only two candidates. Now the question is which of these four candidates must be elected by them so that the two elected members may adequately safeguard the interest not only of the city of Bombay but also of the whole of India. In this, sir, let us here briefly consider the merits of these four candidates. Of all these four candidates, I think Nariman stands head and shoulder above all the other candidates as far as pure and crystalline merits are concerned. We all know Mr. Nariman and his yeoman's services to this city in particular and the country in general. It is quite superfluous to enumerate here all his services and sacrifices. Suffice it to say that he is a fearless fighter and speaks out his mind without caring for the frowns or favours of the Government. He is gifted with legal acumen and fluency of speech. In short he has in him all the salient qualities which are absolutely necessary in a public fighter in any country. Sir, I am positively certain that Mr. Nariman will be a terror in the next Assembly to the tin-gods of Simla. Therefore, as far as Mr. Nariman is concerned, I think the voters of Bombay will have no hesitation in casting their votes in favour of this redoubtable champion of our country's freedom.

Next to Mr. Nariman in merits comes Mr. Mehta. Sir, I have heard Mr. Mehta speaking from various platforms and on divergent matters, and I have no hesitation in saying that Mr. Mehta, as far as abilities go, is far superior to the other two candidates. I know that his knowledge of finance is unquestionable and he would be of great help to the Congress party in the Assembly. The Congress Parliamentary Board would have selected him as one of its candidates but for his indiscriminate opposition to the Communal Award and his futile revolt against the Congress. I think Mr. Mehta must thank himself for this. Still it is not too late. If Mr. Mehta is very anxious to go to Assembly on a Congress ticket, let him recant what he has done and give up the foolish and indiscreet opposition to the Communal Award. It is this question of Communal Award that has created an unbridgeable gulf between the Congress and Mr. Mehta. The queston is will he do that? I, Sir, have great doubt. If he does then no body would be more pleased than I.

The third candidate that stands in merits is Sir Cowasji Jehangir. We all know Sir Cowasji as a philanthrophist and a budding Liberal leader. We also know our Liberal friends too well. They are more speakers than workers. They only know how to make thundering speeches. Their service to the country consist in passing pious resolutions and not acting according to them. No doubt they are talented men. But their talents are used more in serving the Government than in the service of their Motherland. Our friend Sir Cowasji is one of them. I am sure that if these men were to join Congress, they would be of immense help to our Congress. But the question is will they ever? Echo answers, never. Hence Sir Cowasji's case is out of question as far as the Congress is concerned.

The last candidate that is left over is Dr. Deshmukh. I do admit that Dr. Deshmukh is an unknown quantity in politics. He is known to us more as a well-known surgeon than as a politician. Then why has the Parliamentary Board selected Dr. Deshmukh? The question is very easy to answer. Because our friend Dr. Deshmukh is more consistent than our friend Mr. Mehta. He would never betray the cause of the Congress in the Assembly. The people of Bombay can put implicit faith in him for this very reason that the Board has selected Dr. Deshmukh along with Mr. Nariman to represent the people of Bombay in the Assembly. What we want in the Assembly to-day are not the experts on certain questions, who would make a few impressive speeches and vote according to their whims and caprice, but men who would be useful, even though they may not make eloquent speeches, to the Congress by their votes. In this our friend Dr. Deshmukh is far better than Mr. Mehta and the Board has done well in selecting him as a Congress candidate. I therefore, hope that the voters of Bombay will use their discretion and vote for the Congress candidates only.

In conclusion, I would like to ask Mr. Nariman and Dr. Deshmukh to bestir themselves and start in right earnest their electioneering campaign. The other candidates have already started their campaign and have delivered a number of speeches, vilifying Congress and Congressmen. We know that our friend Mr. Nariman is extremely busy at present in making the ensuing Congress a success; but still, I think, he can, if he wills, spare a little time for it. No doubt it is a difficult job for Dr. Deshmukh to fight single-handed against such veterans like Mehta and Sir Cowasji.—Yours, etc.

K. F. SHROFF.

"A Cheap Gibe"

To The Editor of "The Chroniclee."

Sir,— I am glad that, contrary to your Staff Correspondent's Lukewarm explanations, "Catholic" agrees with me that Sir Cowasji Jehangir did not use the word 'only' when referring to Mr. Nariman as one of his tenants. But his allusion to 'great excitement' and his belief that Sir Cowasji would admit that he was in great heat himself spoils somewhat the force of his backing. To make things doubly sure I went and saw Sir Cowasji Jehangir who, I ascertained, admits nothing of the kind and also flatly denies having used the word 'only.' He thinks that your 'Staff Correspondent' has introduced the word and I am afraid that will be the impression created in everyone who was read the controversy, if a better and more plausible explanation cannot be offered. For example, it might be put down to the noise of the traffic which considerably impaired the acoustics in the hall. But let it be once for all made clear that Sir Cowasji did not say 'Mr. Nariman is only a tenant of mine.' —Yours, etc.

S. A. MEGHERIAN.

G. D. A. Examination

To The Editor Of The "Chronicle"

Sir,—In the history of examining bodies it would be difficult to find one single example similar to the decision of the G. D. A. Board viz., the abolition of the G. D. A. examination. If one examination was abolished some new one was substituted in its place or some other facility was made. But in the case of this examination it has been abolished and the students left to the mercy of hard times. The R. A. examination is no substitute, for it contains more subjects and involves more time.

It must be within the knowledge and experience of the Board that the passes at the first were next to nil, and the percentage of passes at the second and the third attempts was too low. It is not through their neglect or carelessness that they fail, but it is admitted on all hands that the examination has been too stiff all along. It was, therefore proper on the part of the Board to be loyal to the students who had wedded their careers to the Board. I quite endorse the view of your correspondent Ajanoo and the G. D. A. students of Bangalore and Bombay urging the Board to hold two or three more examinations for the benefit of the failed students. Will the authorities show some consideration towards these unfortunate students?.—Yours, etc.,

"A SYMPATHISER."

II

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—In continuation of my letter dated 5th September 1934 which was accorded a space in your issue of 7th ultimo I take liberty to bring to your notice some salient points as to why the G.D.A. examination be conducted once or twice till the continuance of the G.D.A. Board.

The Bombay University had in the past amended the course of study for B.Com. degree and brought it under new Regulations. The students who appeared for the last examination under old regulations but were unfortunately, plucked, were awarded supplementary chances even though examinations, thereafter, under new rules were being held. Similar consideration was paid when the M.A. and the M.B.B.S., examination were revised. The High Court Pleaders' Examination was modified some years back and supplementary chances in that case were also given to the failed students in spite of the fact that three years' prior notice of cancellation of the above examination was given to the students.

The G.D.A. Board should kindly take into consideraton the attitude of the Bombay University whenever examinations were revised and should emulate so far as the final closure of the G.D.A. examination is concerned. With a view to avoid a serious detriment to the interest of many students The rules for granting of auditor's certificate have been altered in entirety and to appear for the examination under new rules is a matter beyond the financial means of many a student. The being te case it may safely be argued that the demands of the failed G.D.A. students for one or two supplementary chances are quite just and proper and should kindly receive sympathetic handling by the members of the Board at the ensuing meeting.

Another point that remains to be brought to light is that on close scrutiny of the results I find that the percentage of passes among the students who had only one attempt at the examination will hardly come to 8.

It is evident from the above that the cause of the failed G.D.A students deserves much sympathy from the public at large and should evoke recommendations to the Board and the Government from several commercial and educational bodies from all over India.—Yours, etc.

B. R. TANAK.

INDIA'S PORT PROBLEM

Conference Between Maritime States And Govt. Will Be Held At New Delhi

(From Our Correspondent).

SAYAJIGANJ, Oct. 1.

It is learnt that a conference between the martime states and Indian Government is to be held in the middle of October at New Delhi for the final settlement of the Port Problem.

With reference to the Kathiawar ports the main issues of discussions will be the Abu Conference proposals, Viramgam customs cordon and customs quota. With the settlement of Jamnagar Port, the other maritime States of Kathiawar are eager for final settlement.

It is understood that the position of the inland States like Gondal, Wankaner, Wadhwan and others with a population of 1,439,000 with regard to central customs revenue will be analysed. The problem of fiscal interests of the Indian Government, becoming very important, will also form a topic of discussion.

It is understood the Indian Government is keen to settle the port controversy finally.

12 EDUCATED YOUTHS IN CUSTODY

Baidyabati Armed Dacoity Echo

HOOGLI, Oct. 1.

Following simultaneous house searches yesterday morning at Uttarpara, Serampore, Baidyabati, British Chandernagore and Hoogly the police took into custody about a dozen educated young men.

The arrests are believed to have been made in connection with an armed dacoity at Baidyabati 2 years back.—United Press.

Keshav Anant Ghurye, the Young Congress worker of Bombay who passed away this day two years ago in Visapur jail and whose death anniversray will be publicly celebrated under the auspices of the Girgaum Congress Committee at Chowpatty this evening.

MATERIALIST SCIENCE

(Continued from page 6).

both lay and religious, has not remained idle with all these rumours floating about. Scenting that such news would be enhusiastically received by the public, the former from a commercial point of view, the latter from a professional one, has grossly exaggerated the importance of these discoveries and speculations and represented them to so revolutionszing as to have completely killed "the materialism of the last century."

The result is "that millions of folk." as Mr J McCabe says in his latest book, "The Riddle of the Universe to Day," who are not clear about the distinction between Einstein and Epstein, upon whom you could pass off Matisse as the author of the nebular hypothesis. know at least that the science of the last generation which had become in their minds as ominous as the Yellow Peril or the Red Peril, is now entirely discredited: that the greater men of science now walk humbly before the Lord and leave all problems that are more profound than the dissection of a beetle or the measurement of a parallax, to the poet, the philosopher, and the professor of theology."

Not Unchallenged.

It must not be imagined that all this wild talk about the death of the materialistic science of the last century goes unchallenged. Sober scientists all over the world look askance at this exaggeration and wonder what it is all about. The trouble is that the popular press and current literature have no time for any sensible exposition of the question.

Professor T H Morgan the eminent American biologist, in his "The Scientific Basis of Evolution" 1932, p 254 expresses himself in the most scornful manner on this new propaganda He says:—

"Assuming that the mechanist is searching for a finalistic solution of the cosmos, philosophy condescendingly points out that the mechanistic procedure is inadequate to give this solution. Having routed the supposed pretensions of the mechanist or, at most, allowed him a limited field for his endeavours, the grander theories are then proposed Now it is unfair to put this burden on the poor mechanist He is not pretending to explain the universe Mechanists make no such claims They do claim, however, that science has greatly profited by the use of its mechanistic approach in the widest sense, and they resent the boundaries set to their progress by metaphsicians. They even question the finality of the decisions of the metaphysicians. The boldest spirits among the mechanists further claim that in time they hope to bring within reach of their methods a study of the lucubrations, hallucinations, and obsessions of the human mind which, masquerading under the illumination of introspective metaphysics and transcendental philosophy, pretend to solve all the riddles of the universe."

What Chalmers Mitchell Says.

Sir P. Chalmers Mitchell, the distinguished British zoologist is no less scornful. In his "Materialism and Vitalism in Biology" (1930) he says:—

"The last quarter of the eighteenth century and the Napoleonic wars of the beginning of the ninteenth were followed by a revulsion from science to easier ways of the thinking.....The last quarter of the nineteenth century and the Great War of the twentieth have been followed by a similar outcrop (a plague of esoteric and mystical doctrine) affecting men of science and laymen. It appears in many guises, but in none more beguiling than the pragmatic effort to load the dice of scientific data with emotional prepossessions...Whatever be the cause, whether it is a mere swing of the pendulum or the shock of the War, or indigestion from a glut of physical discovery, the primitive myth-making faculty has been reawakened. and the opinion is widespread that Victorian conceptions have been abandoned and replaced."

Amusing Part of It.

The amusing part of this clamour about the supposed death of Victorian science is that the very class of people, who are now loud in their exultation at its demise, once totally denied that the science of the last century was materialistic All they said was that a few bold scientists like Buchner, Haeckel and Huxley were, but the rest were always God-fearing men who never ceased to recognize the hand of God in the Universe!

As there are about twenty branches of science which make up the sum total of our scientific knowledge, namely physics, astronomy chemistry, geology, paleontology, biochemistry biology, botany, zoology , anatomy, physiology, psychology archaeology, philology, ethics, aesthetics, anthropology socialogy and economics, the majority of which are firmly established on a mechanistic principle, it is clear that it is only the discoveries of two or three which are claimed to have shown that a mechanistic theory is untenable to account for many phenomena.

These are supposed to be the conception of the universe, the nature of matter and mind, and life. In our next articles we shall see whether the new discoveries justify all the extravagant talk about science now abandoning a natural explanation of these phenomena for a mystical one.

Why Not Cotton Arch To Welcome President-Elect?

BOMBAY MERCHANTS MUST RISE TO OCCASION

Grand Reception Plans For Rajen Babu Who Will Arrive On October 22

FRONTIER GANDHI TO STAY IN HUT

(Through the Publicity Bureau of Reception Committee.)

In about three weeks' time the President-elect of the 48th Indian National Congress, Babu Rajendra Prasad will be in this city. He arrives on the 22nd of this month and will be conveyed to the Victoria Terminus in a special train from Kalyan. On arrival he will be taken, as has already been announced, in a gorgeous procession through the busiest parts of the city.

The route fixed by the President's Reception Arrangments Sub-committee covers Crawford Market Jumma Masjid, Javehri Bazaar, Bhuleshwar, C. P. Tank, Girgaum Back Road, Prarthana Samaj to the Congress House.

It will be seen that the route covers the Cotton Market, the Bullion Exchange, the Jhaveri Bazaar etc. etc. There is no doubt that the whole route will be decorated in all splendour and grandeour, and information received at the Reception Committee's office goes to show that the merchant community, which has played such an important role in the Congress movement, is again stirring itself up to accord to the President-elect of what promises to be the most momentous session of the Indian National Congress the grandest welcome that has ever been accorded to the President of the Congress.

A UNIQUE FEATURE.

There will be arches, festoons, banners, buntings, floral decorations and the like all over the route, but we wish to suggest to the merchants of the Bullion Exchange and the Cotton Market as also to those of the Jhaveri Bazaar and the fruit merchants and florists to co-operate in making the decorations 'en route' most impressive. The cotton merchants, whose association with the Congress has become proverbial and whose loyalty to the Congress has endeared them to many a Congressman, have a special responsibility and duty to perform. It will be a grand thing if they cooperate among themselves to erect a cotton arch welcoming the President-elect when he passes through the market on his arrival. The Bullion Exchange will also, we trust, co-operate with the cotton merchants to make the cotton arch the most unique feature of the decorations.

A.I.C.C. MEETS ON 23RD.

Babu Rajendra Prasad on arrival in Bombay will be putting up in the special hut erected for him in the Abdul Gaffar Nagar at Worli. The Working Committee of the Congress meets on the 21st and 22nd October, but Rajen Babu will not be able to attend these meetings. He will, however, attend the meeting of the All-India Congress Committee at Worli on the 23rd instant, and from then on it can be stated that the work of the Session will have begun.

FRONTIER GANDHI.

Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan, the well-known Red-shirt leader of the Frontier, arrives in Bombay on the 19th and will be accorded a grand reception at the station and taken in procession through important streets of the city. A special hut has been erected for him in the Abdul Gaffar Nagar, where he will stay during the Congress Session. He opens the All-India Khadi Exhibition and Swadeshi Bazaar on the 20th inst.

NO FUSS FOR MAHATMA.

Mahatma Gandhi arrives in the city on the 20th instant. He has warned the Reception Committee not to make any fuss about his arrival so that he may be saved in consideration of his health from demonstrations in connection with his reception. He has threatened that he would get off from the train on some wayside station away from the city, if the citizens of Bombay insisted on according him a demonstrative reception.

It is however, felt that the occasion should not be missed and that Mahatmaji ought to be given a right royal welcome and the Reception Committee is making arrangements to accord to Gandhiji the reception that he deserves as the foremost leader of the Congress and the country. This removes all speculation about the possibility of Gandhiji not coming to Bombay for the ensuing Congress Session.

ABDUL GAFFAR NAGAR TO BE COMPLETED ON 15th

Rapid progress is being made in the construction of the Abdul Gaffar Nagar and the delegates' camps on th Worli Sea Face.

There was general fear that as the construction work was taken in hand very late the Nagar may not be completed in time for the Congress Session, but under the able supervision and ceaseless toil of the Construction Subcommittee it has been made possible to say that the Nagar would be complete by the 15th of October, about ten days earlier than the Congress Session.

NO SERVICE GREATER THAN A VOLUNTEER'S

Dr. Bhaskar Patel Opens "D" Ward Class

Dr. Bhasker Patel, the Chief Medical Officer of the Congress Reception Committe, performed the opening ceremony of the volunteers' training class for 'D' Ward at the Congress House.

A NOBLE DECISION.

Addressing the cadets admitted to the class Dr. Patel said that it was a noble decision on the part of those young men to have volunteered to serve the Congress during the ensuing Session. There was no service greater than that of a volunteer. In him one found a soldier—but a soldier so different from what people generally understood by that term. A Congress volunteer was a soldier of service. To him strict obedience to orders from his superiors, efficiency in the execution of his work and discipline in the ranks should form his chief characteristics. Firmness with courtesy should be the mode of his conduct.

Dr. Patel declared that he had no doubt that the Volunteer Force that was being trained there for service during the ensuing Congress Session will, under the able and diligent leadership of their G.O.C., come out with flying colours and that their services would be remembered long after the Congress Session was over.

ADVERTISEMENTS IN ABDUL GAFFAR NAGAR

(Through the Publicity Bureau of the Reception Committee).

Brisk booking of advertisements on stand boards and kiosks and in specially constructed prominent places in Abdul Gaffar Nagar is going on at the Congress House and those who have not so far booked their orders are requested to take an early opportunity without any delay as important sites in the Nagar will be taken up by the advertisers who come earlier. It is, therefore, in the interests of advertisers to book their requirements at once so that they may not be disappointed when they find important places are already booked.

For special rates for special spaces, advertisers should see the General Secretary of the Reception Committee.

SPECIAL TRAIN FOR CONGRESS SESSION

B. N. Railway To Give Concession To Delegates

BERHAMPUR, October 1.

The President of the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee had a conference with the authorities of the B.-N. Railway in regard to a proposal to run a special train to Bombay for the Congress delegates from Orissa, Ganjam, Vizag and Godavari districts. The train is planned to start from Cuttack and reach Bombay via Vizianagaram, Raipur and Nagpur.

The authorities are, it is learnt, favourable to the proposal and will also grant some concessions in the rates. They are also said to have promised to write to the G.I.P. Rly. authorities for grant of similar concessions on their line.—United Press.

KINGSFORD SMITH DELAYED BY ENGINE TROUBLE

Hopes To Reach London In Time For Air Race

(Special Cable.)

SYDNEY, Oct. 1.

Sir Charles Kingsford Smith one of the entrants in the London-Melbourne air race is fighting against time to reach England on 14th instant which is the latest date on which the competitors must report themselves in England prior to the commencement of the race.

Having flown 1,000 miles to Cloncurry yesterday he was mystified to find engine cowling split in several places forcing him to return to Sydney for repairs. Sir Charles hopes to restart on Tuesday or Wednesday which will give him a narrow margin of 12 or 13 days to accomplish his flight to England.

WORLD BILLIARDS

(Special Cable.)

MELBOURNE, Oct. 1.

The following are the closing scores in billiards world championship heat:

Lindrum 12,603 highest break being 552.

MacConachy 11,861 the highest break being 199.

CESAREWITCH CALLOVER

LONDON, Oct 1.

Following is the Cesarewitch callover:

13/1 England Enfield (taken and offered).

and offered).

15/1 Solar Boy (Offered) 10/6 taken.

20/1 Cotton Easter, Roi de Paris, Spring Morning (taken and offered)

20/1 Polly Stephens (Offered) 22/1 taken.

25/1 Hands Off (taken and offered).

28/1 White Plains (Offered) 33/1 taken.

33/1 Lady Clodagh (Offered) 40/1 taken.

40/1 Shining Cloud, Water Tight, Jack Tar (taken and offered).—Reuter's Special.

Govt. Of India Denies "Premature Disclosure"

TARIFF BOARD REPORT AND U. K. INDUSTRY

Emphasizes, No Outside Pressure Brought To Bear On Them

SIMLA, Oct. 1.

As forecasted by the "United Press" the following Communique has been issued by the Commerce Department:

"In view of the misunderstandings which have been created by certain comments which have appeared in the issue of the "Indian Finance" of September 8 in connection with Protection recently extended to the Indian Iron and Steel Industry the Government of India consider it necessary to state in the clearest possible terms that no premature disclosure of Tariff Board's report took place and that no communication in regard to the subject matter of the report was received from His Majesty's Government before the Government of India had formulated their own decisions as to the line of action to be taken on the report."

The facts are these:

"INVARIABLE PRACTICE"

Following their invariable practice the Government of India forwarded to the Secretary of State for India advance copies of Tariff Board's report. It has been ascertained that the Secretary of State for India communicated the report to the Board of Trade for their confidential information. The Board of Trade in view of complicated issues involved in order to enable them to make representations to the Government of India when time came to do so, sought expert advice of two responsible members of the British Iron and Steel Industry and showed them the report in strict confidence.

BOARD OF TRADE'S POSITION

The report was published simultaneously in India and England on July 12 and neither report nor any summary of its contents or recommendations was disclosed before the agreed date of publication. The Government of India arrived at their conclusions on the report on July 7. The conclusions were not communicated to the Secretary of State for India until July 12, the date on which Tariff Board's report was released simultaneously in India and the United Kingdom. The proposals of the Government of India were contingent on grant of 'quid pro quo' by His Majesty's Government in respect of pig Iron and Manganese and it was essential to ascertain before they became public, whether the Board of Trade and Industry in the United Kingdom were prepared to concede to that 'quid pro quo.' The Government of India's proposals were therefore communicated by the Secretary of State to the Board of Trade after the report had been published. As it was essential that the Board of Trade should give at least a provisional undertaking in reply, they were under the clear necessity of consulting the United Kingdom industry as to 'quid pro quo.' This they did confidentially and sent their reply to the Government of India through the Secretary of State for India on July 18.

"NO FOUNDATION"

The result of this communication was that the Government of India were able to embody unchanged in the Bill, which was introduced in the Assembly on July 25, the conclusions which were arrived at by them on July 7. There is therefore absolutely no foundation for the suggestion that the United Kingdom industry was in possession of the summary of recommendations of the Tariff Board or that anyone in the United Kingdom was aware of the Government of India's legislative proposals before the report was published on July 12.

It is equally untrue to say that the British Industry was in a position to make representations to the Government of India before the interests in this country could do so. Representations were in fact received from Indian Industry as early as July 15, four days before any communication was received from the Board of Trade.

"NO OUTSIDE PRESSURE."

Finally the Government of India would emphasise that no improper pressure was brought to bear on them at any time. All concerned acted throughout strictly in accordance with fiscal autonomy convention. The Original conclusions of Government were arrived at without reference to any authority outside this country and only changes in proposals embodying those conclusions were those effected in Select Committee on the Bill.—United Press.

VAPEX
INHALANT
Breathing Passages Clear
Infection Overcome
Your Cold must disappear

The simple act of breathing the "Vapex" vapour from your handkerchief:—

Opens a way through the mucus-laden passages of nose and throat. Carries an active germicide into direct contact with the infected area. (Every cold is an infection and, therefore, dangerous.)

Always keep "Vapex" in the house so that you can use it at the first sign of a cold—that "stuffiness" which means that the germs are multiplying. Delay is dangerous. Use "Vapex" and Breathe.

Of all Chemists

WHITE LEPROSY
GUARANTEED CURE.
Please ask for "Divine Gifts" with the details of your disease and the name of your birthday Mrs. Amiyabala Devi. "Amiya-Kutir", Dinajpur (Bengal).

GLOWING TRIBUTES TO LATE Dr. BESANT

Bombay Celebrates Her 87th Birthday

Fitting tributes to the unique personality of the late Dr. Annie Besant were paid at a public meeting held at the Blavatsky Lodge Hall, French Bridge, Bombay, on Monday, to celebrate her 87th Birthday Anniversary.

Mr. F. J. Ginwala presided. Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas, giving a brief account of his reminiscence, said that Dr. Besant was one of the greatest personalities that the world ever had. As a lover of freedom, as a great political thinker and leader, and as a social reformer, she never had her equal. The courage of her convictions was very remarkable.

At the Delhi Congress in 1918, at the Amritsar Congress in 1919, and at the specially convened Calcutta Congress in 1920 she gave ample proof of her courage. When she was opposed by an overwhelming majority at the Amritsar Congress, she had stood up and said, "I may be in a small minority of one to-day but I know how to convert this minority into majority." At the Calcutta Congress she had whole-heartedly opposed Non-co-operation resolution with the words," I am opposing this resolution because I know and feel that non-co-operation will bring disaster to the country." Subsequent events, added the speaker, have proved the truth of her statement. If only her Commonwealth Bill been accepted by the Indians, added Mr. Dwarkadas India would never have been in the condition as it was to-day.

Mr. K. Venkateshwaran, speaking next, pointed out that Dr. Besant was at the head of every great movement started in India, during her lifetume. She belonged not only to th past, the present and the future, but she belonged to all eternity. Mr. Venkateshwaran also added that Dr. Besant was a great national leader and a "vitaliser of life."

Mr. Harjivandas Mehta stressed on the unflinching devotion of Dr. Besant to the Great Master.

The meeting terminated with the concluding remarks of the president who stated that this great leader combined in her the three remarkable attributes of courage, wisdom, and love. She loved India with all her heart, and she strove persistently to bring about the emancipation of the people among whom she lived

NOTHING TO DO WITH NEHRU'S LETTER

Mr. Jairamdas Traces Origin Of Gandhiji's Decision To Retire

HYDERABAD, (Sind) Sept. 30.

"Sjt. Jawaharlal's letter to Gandhiji has nothing to do with the latter's decision to retire from the arena of the Congress Leadership as given currency to by the "Bombay Chronicle" said Sjt. Jairamdas Doulatram, General Secretary Indian National Congress to Pressmen.

Further he added that it was not correct that the decision was arrived at in the month of September at Wardha where a meeting of the Working Committee was held. As far as he knew the decision was made at Calcutta in July last when Sjt. Jawaharlal Nehru was still in the jail. He was released in August on parole. Mahatmaji discussed that question of his retirement with Vallabhbhai in the Working Committee's meeting at Benares and it is the direct outcome of the changed mentality of the Congress workers which came home to him while he was undertaking the Harijan tour. It had nothing whatsoever to do with Pt. Nehru's letter.—United Press.

WANTED PRIVATES ARRESTED

Escorted To Jubbulpore Military Lock-up

JUBBULPORE Oct 1

With the Bombay Presidency civil and military police hot on the Privates H. Fowler and H. A. Thompson of "A" Company. The Royal Warwicks, stationed at Poona, who were missing since the 22nd ultimo, their arrests were effected here by the local authorities.

From facts available, Guard V. Wright, who took charge of the Bombay-Calcutta Mail at Itarsi, noticed two men in the second class compartment, whose behaviour appeared suspicious. Suspecting them to be deserters at the next halt Sohagpur, he wired to the station-master Jubbulpore, to have the military present on the platform. On arrival of the mail here, both men were found closeted in the lavatory and arrested by the military police, and escorted to the military lock-up, from where they will be sent back to Poona.—United Press.

MIR OF TANDO TO OPPOSE SIR GHULAM HUSSAIN

KARACHI. Sept. 30.

The Mir of Tando, a candidate for the Legislative Assembly, who is opposing Sir Ghulam Hussain Hidayatullah has made the following statement:—

"The petition filed by Sir Ghulam Hussain that I am ineligible and cannot contest for the Assembly on behalf of the Hindu-Muslim landowners because I do not pay the required land tax has been rejected."

Further he adds that it is not true that he has withdrawn its candidature. He would fight to the end and if successful he would serve the Hindus and Muslims alike.—United Press.

It is announced that Mr. B. R. Puri, M. L. A, is seeking re-election from his old constituency, namely West Punjab non-Muslim (Rawalpindi, Lahore and Multan Divisions).

HOIST WITH HIS OWN PETARD!

"C. R." Tells Assembly Speaker Commons Conventions Can't Apply in India

(By C. Rajagopalachari)

Sir R. K. Shunmugham Chettiar makes a grievance of Congress opposition to his candidature.

I wish to place the following points before the public:—

(1) The Congress did not participate in the election of Sir R. K. Shunmugham Chettiar as President. The House of Commons convention is, I believe, applied against parties that once participated.

(2) I did not say or hint at any time that Sir R. K. had placed himself specially under the orders of the Viceroy. Sir R. K.'s first interpretation of my statement is the correct one, namely, that I referred to the constitutional position of the Assembly President as compared with the House of Commons Speaker and not to Sir R. K. in particular. It does apply to all Assembly Presidents and I do not blame Sir R. K. for it. All the same, without blaming him, we can contend that the convention in regard to the Speaker of the House of Commons in free England cannot be invoked in this country where we are struggling against the bureaucracy at every step and against heavy odds.

A study of the Government of India Act has shown to me at any rate that the Viceroy does exercise many powers which would be impossible in relation to the Speaker of the House of Commons.

(3) It does not appear to me that Sir R. K. Shanmugham Chettiar satisfies the condition precedent for the convention referred to, namely non-participation in active party politics.

(4) We do not seek in this campaign to question or call upon Sir R. K. Chettiar to defend the rulings given by him from the Chair, but only seek to obtain a vote against the politics and the party to which he belongs.

(5) The Ottawa Pact is a proper matter for voters to decide upon, and if one associated with and supporting it chooses to appeal to be returned by the Commerce electorate of Madras Presidency, at the first general election after the signing of the Pact, the issue is automatically raised. The Ottawa Pact surely cannot get cover behind the Speaker's convention.

As regards R. K.'s observations on Congrsss politics, they all come to this, that he bas no faith in a programme of continuing the fight any longer against the Government. It is really for the voters to see whether it is worth while to give a chance to the Congress to lead a fight that it believes it can lead. It is for the voters to see what is gained by returning Sir R. K. or any other who does not think there is any good in further struggling against the bureaucracy As against his want of faith in fighting the Government, has Sir R. K. any programme of his own? None, as far as one can see from the published report of his sppech, except to submit to the new Government of India Act, be it whatever it may. And we know what the Act will be if Sir R. K. and men of his party, determined not to fight, are returned in preference to the Congress candidates at this juncture in the history of our country, when Congress makes a direct and earnest appeal to the electorate for an endorsement of its struggle against the Government and for a vote of confidence in itself.

IUSTICE PARTY'S ACHIEVEMENTS!

Rajah Of Bobbili's Talk About Awakening Of Mass Consciousness

MADRAS October 1.

The Rajah of Bobbili, the Chief Minister to the Government of Madras and leader of the Justice Party in an exclusive interview to the Associated Press said that he was very glad that the Thirteenth non-Brahmin Confederation of the Justice Party had decided to remove the ban on Brahmins. The Rajah Saheb observed

"The question of throwing open the Party to members of all communities has been under consideration for the past five years and more and the present decision to amend their constitution so as to admit Brahmins who sign our creed and subscribe to our principles and programme marks an important stage in the history of the party Our fundamental creed of equal justice and fair play to all remains unaltered and the present decision represents only the logical extension of the principles for which we have always stood and fought. We are opposed to the monopoly of anyone caste or creed and in the peculiar circumstances in which non-Brahmins as a whole were situated it was necessary to restrict the membership in the beginning."

"NO REGRETS FOR PAST"

I have, therefore, no regrets for the past. The greatness of a political organisation depends upon its ability to adjust itself to the changing conditions in the country. The widening of the basis of our party does not mean that all that is possible and desirable has been done in uplifting backward and depressed communities. Thanks to the great work done by our leaders and the awakening of mass consciousness caused by the justice movement the non-Brahmin communities have now arrived at a stage when there is no longer need to retain this restriction and the safeguarding ban has been raised not so much with a view to removing a false impression that our party has been a merely communal body but to demonstrate that we have always been cosmopolitan in our outlook and stand for equal justice for all communities It is a matter for supreme satisfaction to me that the ban has been removed by the Confederation under my presidentship."

Concluding, the Rajah is sure that the new orientation given to the party would strengthen its ranks and rally round its banner all the constitutional elements in the province on the eve of the new Reforms.—A.P.

14 YEAR OLD BOY DISAPPEARS

Believed To Have Kidnapped By Smugglers

LAHORE, Sept. 28.

The disappearance of the fourteen year old son of an excise officer, says a report from Campbellpur in North-Western Frontier Provinces, has given rise to grave fears that the boy had been kidnapped by a gang of Charas smugglers against whom the officer in question and members of his department had been carrying on a relentless "war". Campbellpur is an important "centre of traffic" in contraband charas which is smuggled into India from Central Asia, and large quantities of it pass through North-Western Frontier Provinces and the Punjab.

The victimised father is a Muslim excise officer who had conducted a number of successful prosecutions against the smugglers. Recently both he and his wife were away to Campbellpur leaving their 14-year-old son in charge of the servants. It was expected that the smugglers would carry out a reprisal of some kind, and it is now thought that the miscreants kidnapped the boy apparently from a crowded street because the last account about the boy known is that be was playing with some other boys and watching a marriage party.

FAILURE OF RAIN IN MYSORE

Government Taking Steps To Meet Situation

BANGALORE, Sept. 30.

The Government of Mysore are taking all necessary measures to afford relief in those parts of the State which are seriously affected by the failure of rains.

As a result of the relief measures already taken, expenditure of only Rs. 25,000 over the budgetted grants of the year is envisaged. This amount represents increases sanctioned by the Government in the amount set apart for utilisation as grants for Takkavi Loans. With the addition of these loans it will be possible to meet the present situation satisfactorily.

The Public Department's plan of work will be so drawn up that ryots who are in need of remunerative employment to tide them over the difficulties, will find such employment in their own localities, obviating the necessity for leaving their homes and families and making their living cheaper.

The seasonal conditions show no signs of change for the better and reports received from the rural areas reveal that the prices of food grains are rising.—United Press.

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Nowgong Appeals For Help

Sjt Purnachandra Sarma Secretary, Congress Relief Committee Nowgong (Assam) wires under date October 1 as follows:—

The Congress Relief Committee distributed seven days' ration to 1,900 people last week serving the extremely needy cases in 26 villages and distributed nearly 60 maunds of cotton in Roha and Barapunia centres.

Winter is setting and Congress workers are sending requisitions for blankets.

10,000 blankets are wanted and the Committee will be grateful for those who help them.

SEGREGATION IN EAST AFRICA

(Continued from page 8 column 6)

pace. If the age long habits of neglecting all laws of hygiene and sanitation are shed by the poor sections, if the Indians do become victims of inferiority complex, if they continue the political fight with vigour, if the most unfortunate internal dissensions are smoothed over, and if spirit of independence is maintained, social segregation in Africa will become musty lack of use, and resolve minor position. It will disappear completely.

Latest Commercial News

FALL OF 22 POINTS IN NEW YORK COTTON

Downward Tendency In Cross-rates

GOLD AND SILVER FIRM

Wheat Quiet, Linseed Strong And Tin Steady

BOMBAY, Oct. 1.

On Monday, the sterling dollar and the sterling franc crossrates developed a declining tendency and closed easy.

REACTIONARY TENDENCY IN NEW YORK COTTON.

The New York cotton market developed a slightly reactionary tendency due to some hedge-selling. News that a plan has been devised for orderly disposal of "pool cotton" helped prices to look up later. The closing tone was again weak.

GOLD AND SILVER FIRM.

London gold and silver ruled firm to-day in sympathy with a decline in the sterling dollar and the sterling franc crossrates.

WHEAT QUIET BUT LINSEED FIRM.

Chicago wheat ruled quiet in the absence of any important demand. Argentine linseed prices advanced on speculative buying.

TIN STEADY BUT RUBBER QUIET

Tin was steady but jute and rubber were quiet.

GILTEDGED SECURITIES STEADY

The London Stock Exchange was inactive owing to the lack of interest. Giltedged securities received some support and ruled steady.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

(December 1934)

New York, Oct. 1.

Previous closing	12.52
To-day's opening	12.45
Difference	—.07
To-day's closing	12.30
Difference	—.22

BROACH EXPECTATION

April-May ..... Rs. 208

LIVERPOOL COTTON

(January 1934)

Liverpool, Oct. 1.

Previous closing	6.57
To-day's opening	6.62
Difference	+.05
To-day's closing	6.63
Difference	+.06

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

New York, Oct. 1.

Cotton developed a slightly reactionary tendency due to some hedge selling influenced by favourable weather reports but owing to the favourable interpretation placed on Roosevelts address the market rallied subsequently on an decrease in the selling pressure and covering.

News that a plan has been devised for orderly disposal of "pool cotton" also helped prices to look up and the undertone was fairly steady throughout and the recovery was well maintained.

Trading in December commenced at 12.45 i.e. 7 points lower than the previous closing. The market became somewhat depressed on hedge selling and liquidation as a result of continued favourable reports and higher dollar with price gradually easing to 12.37 but at this stage some covering and speculative buying came in and the market began to recover with December touching 12.42 when movements became rather small and irregular.

The New York cotton market finally closed at 12-30 with a decline of 22 points.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Oct. 1.

The following were the opening ranges

October (12 20/12.20)	12.35/12.35
December (12.34/12.33)	12.45/12.44
January (12.36/12.35)	12.47/12.47

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Oct. 1.

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.

American October (6.60)	6.62
American December (6.58)	6.60
Egyptian October (8.08)	8.16
Egyptian November (8.10)	8.22

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, Oct. 1. 10-30 p.m.

Broach A-M. moved between Rs. 207-0 and Rs. 209 at night. The rate at 10-0 p.m. was Rs. 209 with New York futures 10 points down

COTTON ARRIVALS

Receipts into Bombay on 28th Sept- 3,824 bales.

pts into Bombay to date since 67,000 bales.

ipts into Bombay same time last on 29,938 bales.

Increase 27,362 bales.

NSEED AND WHEAT

Bombay, Oct 1

	lay	6	5 6
	nary	4	0 3
		4	3 3

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON.

New York, Oct. 1.

Previous closing	4.96 1/4
To-day's opening	4.94 1/2
To-day's closing	4.91 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK.

London, Oct. 1.

Previous closing	4.96 1/8
To-day's opening	4.96 1/8
To-day's closing	4.92 13/16
Difference	—.03 5/16

FRANC RATE

London, Oct. 1.

Previous closing	74.71
To-day's opening	74.68
To-day's closing	74.25
Difference	—.43

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Oct. 1.

London Exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.96 1/8 and then rose to 4.96 11/16 but thereafter the rate began to decline steadily due to the lack of support falling to 4.93 15/16 with an easier tendency.

The closing rate was 4.92 13/16.

The franc opened at 74.68 and then eased to 74.59 from which level it further fell away to 74.49 with inclination to ease further. It closed at 74.28

LONDON SILVER

London, Oct. 1.

The market was steady

	Last price.	To-day's price
Spot	22 5/16d.	22 7/16d.
Forward	22 7/16d.	22 9/16d.

LONDON GOLD

London, Oct. 1.

Gold (7-1-1 1/2) £7-1-6

BULLION

London, Oct. 1.

Influx nil.
Withdrawal (nil) nil
Silver Spot (22 7/16d.) 22 5/16d.
Gold per ounce (£7-1-1 1/2) £7-1-6

DISCOUNTS

London, Oct. 1.

3 months (3/4 to 13/16 p.c.) 3/4 to 13/16 p.c.
4 months (13/16 to 13/16 p.c.) 7/8 to 15/16 p.c.
6 months (7/8 to 15/16 p.c.) 15/16 to 1 p.c.

CROSS RATES

London, Oct. 1.

London on Bombay	(1-6 1/16) 1-6 1/16
Paris on Bombay	(5.62 3/8) 5.61 1/8
New York on Bombay	(37.55) 37.40
Berlin on Bombay	(0.93 3/4) 0.93 3/4
London on Milan	(57.50) 57.34
London Shanghai	(1-5 1/2) 1-5 1/2
London on Kobe	(1-2 7/32) 1-2

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, Oct. 1.

Silver opened at Rs. 61/6, 61/6 and 61/8. The market at first showed very little activity but later prices improved on scattered buying influenced by better London advises and closed at Rs. 61/12, 61/14 and 62/0.

Gold opened quiet at Rs. 35/2, 35/3 and 35/4. Trading was little more active on some speculative buying influenced by weaker sterling in terms of dollar and franc and prices improved and closed steady at Rs. 35/4, 35/5/6 and 35/6/6 wheat closed firm May 4/3/9 January 4/1/3 Linseed firm May 6/6.

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Oct. 1.

Liverpool wheat opened steady with October at 61 3/8, December 65 1/4 and March 68 5/8. The market showed little more activity but the enquiry on the whole continued disappointing owing to the hesitancy on the part of buyers.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Oct. 1.

Chicago wheat opened steady with December at 1.02 and May at 1.02 1/4 Trading was rather quiet in the absence of any important demand but the undertone continued to remain steady.

CHICAGO OATS AND RYE

Chicago, Oct. 1.

Chicago oats opened steady with May at 50 7/8. The market was devoid of any speculative interest with traders awaiting further news.

Chicago rye opened steady with May at 87 5/8 but there was very little business passing.

ARGENTINE LINSEED

Buenos Aires, Oct. 1.

Argentine linseed opened steady with November option at 13.22 and prices advanced further on speculative buying and foreign enquiry influenced by unfavourable weather reports, with price reaching 13.27 at noon.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Oct. 1.

The following were the rates at 3-30 p.m. to-day.

METALS.

Tin (£231 1/2 buyers £231 3/4 sellers) £231 3/4 buyers £232 sellers. Steady.

Lead (£10 1/2 buyers. No sellers) £10 5/16 buyers £10 7/16 sellers. Quiet.

Electrolytic Copper (£30 1/4 to £30 3/4) £30 to £30 1/2

Glasgow Iron (£70) £70

TEA.

Indian Pekoe (0-10 3/4) 0-10 3/4
Indian Pekoe higher (3-8 1/2) 3-8 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe (0-10 1/2) 0-10 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-3 1/2) 2-3 1/2

JUTE

Crop Oct-Nov. New crop (£14 5/8 sellers) £14 1/2 value.

Dunlop Sept-Oct. (£17) £17 sellers.

Lengthening (£15 3/4) £15 3/4 sellers.

RUBBER

Spot (£7 1/4) £7 1/8 paid and buyers Jan-March (7 5/8) 7 1/4 paid and value.

LINSEED

Linseed Bombay Oct-Nov. (£11 3/4 sellers) £11 3/4 sellers.

Linseed Calcutta Oct-Nov. (£11 1/2 sellers) £11 1/2 sellers

Linseed La Plata Oct-Nov. (£11 3/8) £11 3/8 sellers

Groundnuts Coromandal Nov. (£11 5/8) £11 3/8 sellers.

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Oct. 1.

	Rs. a. p.
Wheat January	4 1 3
Wheat May	4 3 9
The market was firm.	
Linseed May	6 6 0
The tone was firm.	

LONDON COPPER MARKET

Better Tone

London, Sept. 21.

"In all markets there is a better tone and this has synchronised with a moderate amount of buying by consumers and a consequent improvement in prices. There is still a marked absence of speculative interest in commodities but in view of the high prices and small yields, resulting from securities some new outlet must be found for the plethora of capital and it is quite likely that it will be found before long in those commodities which so far have not participated in the price recovery.

There is no new feature and fluctuations in refined and Standard have been small. Copper is ripe for a moderate recovery. the technical position of the Standard market being very sound but it is generally felt that any substantial improvement will not take place until Germany finds a way to finance purchases which sooner or later, she will have to make.

The turnover for the week is about 3,550 tons.

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

F P Bales	1934-35	1933-34
Receipts to date 29-9-34	1149000	1842000
Receipts yesterday 29-9-34	34000	77000
Exports to date 29-9-34	656000	1318000
Stock at Ports 28-9-34	2791000	3416000
Stock at Interior Towns 28-9-34	144000	1367000
Stock at Liverpool 28-9-34	967000	851000
Visible Supply 28-9-34	5785000	7050000
Quantity in Sight 28-9-34	1799000	2562000
Quantity out of Sight 28-9-34	1332000	2065000

GILTEDGED SECURITIES VERY STEADY & GOLD MININGS FIRM

GOOD REVENUE RETURNS FOR FIRST HALF FINANCIAL YEAR

Wall Street Easy Despite Roosevelt's Speech

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Oct. 1.

On the Stock Exchange giltedged securities maintained a very steady tone in view of encouraging revenue figures for the first half financial year. Otherwise apart from firmness in home rails and goldminings markets were uninteresting owing to the absence of fresh business.

In commodities rubber, after early steadiness, closed easy on lower American advices. Metals were dull apart from tin which was steady on favourable monthly statistics.

Wall Street was easy. Roosevelts' speech is not expected to have much influence on the market.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Oct. 1.

The 3 1/2 p.c. Indian sterling loan closed at £95 7/8.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Oct. 1. 3-30 p.m.

Markets generally were very quiet. Giltedgeds were steady. Mining shares were generally firm. Industrials were generally rather irregular.

BRITISH FUNDS

3 1/2 per cent Consols (£81 7/8) £81 7/8

3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£104 7/8) £104 7/8

4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£112) £112

4 per cent Funding Loan (£114 7/8) £114 7/8

6 1/2 per cent War Loan (£105 5/8) £105 5/8

4 per cent Victory Bonds (£112 7/8) £112 7/8

INDUSTRIALS

Brazilian Traction (dol 12 1/4) dol 12 1/4

International Holding (dol 1 5/8) dol 1 5/8

Hydro Electric (dol 5 1/4) dol 5 1/4

Musical Industries (31-6) dol 30-7 1/2

Princhin Johnson (43-9) 43-9

Imperial Chemical Defd (37-0) 37-0

Imperial Chemical Ord (9-1 1/2) 9-1 1/2

Woolsworth New Ord (114 1/4) 113 1/2

Swadesh Match (7-0) 6-10 1/2

Dunlop Rubber (50-9) 49-7 1/2

University Ordinary (23-6) 23-6

Ford Motors (44-0) 43-6

Cables and Wireless (8 1/2) 8 3/8

British American Tobacco (126-3) 126-3

Camera 'A' (£7 5/8) £7 5/8

Imperial Tobacco Ord (138-9) 134-3

P and O S N Co Defd (17-9) 17-9

Distillers (89-0) 89-6

Bredrurd Dyers (11-0) 11-0

British Celonese (11-6) 12-0

J and P Coates Ordinary (66-0) 66-0

Courtaulds Ordinary (48-7 1/2) 48-1 1/2

Fine Cotton Spinners (9-9) 9-0

Wickers Ltd Ordinary (9-9) 9-9

Inter Nickels (25 1/4) 25 1/4

Bengal Iron and Steel (4-9) 5-1 1/2

Tata Iron and Steel (£110) £110

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western Ord (£52 3/4) £53 1/2

L M S Ord (£23 1/2) £23 1/2

L N E R Defd (£8 3/8) £8 3/8

Southern Defds (£23 1/2) £23 1/2

Landing Pass 5 per stock (£131) £131

London 'G' Stock (£82 1/2) £83 1/2

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (260-0) 260-0

Godul (185-0) 185-0

Moddar New (75-7 1/2) 75-7 1/2

Sub Nigel (222-6) 222-6

Spring Mines (151-3) 153-9

Union Corporation (148-3) 148-3

COMMODITY MARKETS

Wheat Liquidation Over

Bombay, Oct. 1.

Messrs. M. and B. Stern have received the following cable from their Head Office:—

Cotton: "Think possible next Bureau may be increased although twelve cent loan should check any material decline. Look for trading market pending Bureau."

Liverpool Wheat: "Liquidation completed; expect gradual hardening market."

Rubber: "Market featureless."

Sugar: "Recommend waiting policy: but prefer buy distant positions on weak spots."

Linseed Oil: "Looks temporarily lower."

BOMBAY SUGAR

Bombay, Oct 1

Ready Java Rs. 13-10-3
S S Nizam Rs. 3-12-9
S S Fusijama Rs. 3-12
Shipment Oct-Dec Rs. 3-11-9
Shipment Jan-March Rs. 3-11-6
Purtabpur Rs. 13-10
Saraya Rs. 14
African Rs. 13-10
Java spot F. 3.40

INDIAN LOANS

London, Oct. 1. 3-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian Stock (£84) £84

3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£96) £96

4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1958-56 (£113) £113

4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1958-68 (£116) £115 3/4

4 1/2 per cent New Indian 1948-55 (£108 1/4) £108 1/4

3 1/2 per cent New Indian (1954-59) (£102) £102

3 per cent Indian 1943-47 (£114) £114

AUSTRALIAN LOANS.

5 per cent Australian Loan (£111 5/8) £111 5/8

TEA SHARES.

Assam Company (23-10 1/2) 23-10 1/2
Empire of India and Ceylon (40-7 1/2) 41-3
Donaro Tea (55-0) 55-0

JUTES SHARES.

Barnagore (11 1/2) 11 1/2

RUBBER SHARES.

Anglo Dutch Rubber (26-3) 26-3
Gula Kelumpong (22-6) 22-6
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (33-3) 33-0

MINING SHARES.

Nandydrug (56-10 1/2) 56-10 1/2
Burma Corporation (12-4 1/2) 12-4 1/2
Rio Tintos (14 5/8) 14 3/8
East Rand Proprietary (54-9) 54-9
Rand Mine (145-0) 145-0

OIL SHARES.

Venezuela (40-0) 40-0
Anglo Persian (47-8) 47-6
Burma Oil (82-6) 82-6
Mexican Eagle (7-0) 7-3
Shell Transport (48-9) 48-9
Royal Dutch (£20 3/8) £20 1/2

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Oct. 1.

The following were the opening rates on the New York Stock Exchange.

General Motors (dol 29 3/8) dol 29 1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 12) dol 11 3/8
U S Steel Common (dol 33 1/4) dol 33 5/8
U S Steel Preference (dol 75) dol 75 1/4

NAZI TACTICS IN SAAR

Police Called In To Restore Order At Meeting

SARREBRUCK, Oct. 1.

An ordinance published at the instance of the Plebiscite Commission confers on the Plebiscite inspectors the right to requisition meeting halls for the Left parties if the latter were unable to rent them. The German front threatened to boycott restaurant keepers who let premises to anti-Nazi organisations.

The Police were called in to restore order to-day at a meeting of the Christian Metalworkers' Union to elect their new leader. Civil Court has deprived Herr Pick of the leadership following a complaint by the Nazis, but the Governing Commission has convened a meeting to vote on the question of his reinstatement.

Owing to fracas police suspended the meeting.—Reuter.

EDUCATION FOR HUMANITY

Jewish New Year Message

Principal I. W. Slotki, of the Manchester Talmud Torah Schools a well-known Jewish educationist, in a message for the Jewish New Year 5695, says:—

"The advent of the year 5695 finds the pernicious doctrine of racial discrimination and hate threatening to crush out the life of a small and helpless minority on the Continent; in free England private citizens are toying with semi-military uniforms and drilling for heaven knows what; in democratic America industrial dispute is resulting in brute force; and the dark clouds of rearmament are slowly descending upon the world, and civilisation, with all its gifts and blessings, is exposed to the danger of extermination.

Only one course will save the nations from ruin—education in the service of humanity. In a word, education in the sense of the Old Testament maxim: 'And thou shalt love thy neighbour as thyself.' This is the message which the year 5695 brings, I believe, to the human race. They may neglect it at their own peril."

ALLEGED THEFT OF RS. 1,000 FROM V. T. BOOKING OFFICE

Russian Suspect Tells Court He Does Not Know ... English ...

Stanislav Kaminski (45) a Russian who was recently sentenced in Karachi in connection with the theft of currency notes from the Treasury, was produced before Mr. Oscar. H. Brown Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, Bombay on Monday to answer a charge of dishonestly removing Rs. 1,000 from the First and Second Class Booking Office of the G. I. P. Railway at Victoria Terminus on June 13, last.

Before Mr. Mone who appeared for the prosecutions opened the case, the accused intimated to the Court that he could not follow the proceedings as he could only speak the Russian language.

The Magistrate observed that when he was visiting the Jail, the accused had complained to him that he was not receiving the treatment generally accorded to "B" Class prisoners and had on that occasion expressed his complaint in English.

The accused maintained that although he spoke a few words in English he could not follow the proceedings.

The case was then adjourned to October 10.

RUSE OF GETTING CHANGE

Stanislav Kaminski is charged in connection with the mysterious theft which occurred in the booking office of the Victoria Terminus Station on June 13. A man dressed in European clothes, it was alleged, entered the Office while the clerk was counting the cash and tendered four notes of hundred rupees each which he wanted to be changed into notes of smaller denominations. The clerk obliged the stranger but there appeared to be misunderstanding about the denominations of the notes the stranger wanted and the clerk who was very busy at the time hustled the stranger out of the office.

After sometime it was alleged, the clerk found ten notes of Rs. 100 each which he had counted and left on the counter had mysteriously disappeared the clerk raised an alarm but the man who wanted the change was not traced.

The incident caused a sensation as on the previous day the B B and C I Railway was robbed under similar circumstances.

A description of the "man" was then broadcasted and the accused who was arrested in connection with another offence at Karachi, was identified by the clerk as his alleged mysterious visitor on June 13;

An application was then made to the Magistrate and the accused was brought down from Karachi.

MOPLA RIOT PRISONER TO BE RELEASED

MADRAS, Oct. 1.

The Government have directed the release of Mr. M. P. Narayana Menon, who has been serving a sentence of imprisonment for life in connection with the Malabar Rebellion.

His case was recently reviewed by the Government on the completion of 14 years' imprisonment and they decided to release him in pursuance of the jail rules.—A.P.

Mr. M. P. Narayana Menon was convicted for transportation in connection with the Mopla Rebellion in 1923.

Time and again a number of representations were made to the Government of Madras for his release without any result. The question of his release had also come up in the Madras Legislature.

When the Government was revising the cases of other prisoners connected with the Mopla Rebellion, strong popular deputation waited on the Madras Government urging for the revision of the case of Mr. Menon—without success.

Three Arts Fancy Dress Ball

Three Arts Grand Fancy Dress Ball will take place on Saturday next at 9 p.m. Town Hall, M.V. "Victoria's orchestra being in attendance. Among the items the Lynnettes will appear in Shadow Waltz, Carioca, Rumba, an eccentric Tap Dance for the first time in Bombay. Chandravati will render Panya Nautch Song. Spanish fantastic by Miss Hardy and Edwardo. Prizes will be given to fancy costumes representing: "The Three Arts", "The Weekly," Bombay, "Miss 1934." Miss 1934, Fox Trot competition for girls, Fox Trot competition for amateurs, Viennese Waltz competition for professionals. Four Handsome prizes are left to the discretion of the judges for two best Indian costumes and two best European costumes. The judges are Mme. Banasinski, Mons. Anfossy, Messrs. Megerian, Fyzee-Rahamin, & Mr. Cassum Ali Jaffer Cassum.

Reservation at Rose & Co., Marsh & Co., (Ballard Estate), & Alwane 'Rif'at."

Fielden Not In London Melbourne Race

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, Oct. 1.

It has been now decided that Flight-Lieutenant Fielden will not fly in the England-Melbourne race.

FIGHT IS WITH GOVT., SAYS RAJEN BABU

(Continued from page 1).

laid down that the Award could only be altered if there was an agreement between the various communities affected by it and in that view of the matter responsibility was cast upon them to secure the alteration by evolving an agreed formula among themselves.

NOT A WISE POLICY

In such a situation the speaker had no doubt in his mind that it did not lie in their mouth to ask the British Government to alter the Award nor was it a wise policy to depend upon the Government to settle that problem for them. They were fully aware that in so far as the Pact affected the depressed classes it was modified in material respects as the result of the agreement between Caste Hindus and the "depressed" classes. Pandit Malaviyaji however, thought that if they agreed that the Award was anti-National there should be no hesitation on the part of the Congress in rejecting it.

AVOID CONFLICT

But the speaker emphasised that by merely announcing rejection and by approaching the Government to that effect there was not the slightest possibility of the Award being rejected. If Pandit Malaviya had suggested that he would fight the Muslims and in that way extort their consent to the modification of the Award he could understand that position. But if, even according to Malaviyaji agreement was the only way out of the difficulty it was obvious that all the points and opportunities of conflict should be avoided. Panditji's way was calculated to aggravate the difficulties in the way of a settlement and it was therefore, that he would ask of them to give their entire support to the Congress policy in regard to the matter.

INDIA'S AUTHENTIC VOICE

Concluding Rajendra Babu emphasised that the world was looking to see how the Congress fared during the coming elections. Their enemies knew and understood Congress alone as the one organisation that stood in the way of the perpetuation of their rule and they realised that to the extent the Congress won at the coming elections, the verdict of the people of India would be recorded against their rule. To them, defeat of Congress candidates at the polls would mean defeat of the Congress and its repudiation by the people. It was, therefore, that the Congress called upon them to record their vote of confidence in that organisation and thereby proclaim that the Congress was the authentic voice of India.

Babu Jaleshwar Prasad, Advocate and Babu Mathura Prasad also spoke on the occasion exorting the audience to vote for the Congress candidates in the forthcoming Assembly elections.

At the end of the meeting a resolution expressing the deep sense of sorrow at the sad passing away of the Raja of Kalakankar was adopted unanimously all standing.

Four Million Bales To Be Locked Up

CROP-MOVEMENT DELAYED BY RAINS

Short Covering And Trade Buying

NARROW MARKET PENDING BUREAU REPORT

Bombay, Oct. 1.

On Saturday the New York cotton futures market declined during the early part of the day on lower Liverpool but later rallied on buying on reaction theory and coverig by shorts.

DELAY IN MOVSMENT.

There was a marked absence of Southern hedge-selling owing to delay in th ecrop movement owing to rains and diminishing long liquidation created better feeling. There was some short covering and trade buying which resulted in a rise of 60 cents per bals.

LOAN POLICY

It is now said that the 12 cent loan will be effective and will check any material decline. It is also believed that about four million bales of the present crop will be locked up in the twelve cent loan. The loan policy is introduced with a view to check any undue decline in cotton prices particularly during the marketing period when the markets are called upon to absorb daily increasing weight of the hedges.

AWAITING BUREAU.

In the mean time the market is awaiting the next Bureau report which is expected to show some increase in the crop. Now the strike in mills settled but there is not sufficient demand to sustain prices. Speculative activity is at a low ebb and pendinf the Bureau report the market is likely to be a narrow trading affair.

OPENING WEAKNESS.

The New York cotton futures market opened on Saturday at about the lowest level of the day at a decline of 5 points with December 12.33 in sympathy with lower Liverpool closing quotations.

BETTER DEMAND.

There was absence of any selling pressure and prices gradually improved on short covering and trade buying. Prices advanced 19 points from the opening level and the market closed at about the highest level of the day at a net rise of 13 to 16 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 15 points at 12.70c per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was fairly active on improved buying and closed at a rise of 7 to 13 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 11 points at 12.81c per lb.

NEW YORK WEEKLY REVIEW.

Prices on the New York Cotton Market eased under hedge selling influenced by the rapid harvesting of the crop and October liquidation prior to the notice day, together with old long liquidation in the absence of fresh buying incentives.

The settlement of the textile strike accounted for the slight rallies but the labour situation is still in a disturbing condition owing to the Union's claims of discrimination by mills against returning workers. President Roosevelt has appointed a textile labour relations board with broad powers of governing labour relations in the textile industry, and a survey of wages and working conditions will be made.

Some mills remain closed owing to poor demand for cotton goods and new spot demand is consequently limited. The basis however is firm.

The ginning figure exceeded expectations, causing some upward revision of crop ideas. Meanwhile traders are hesitant, awaiting clarification of Government policies as well as President Roosevelt's address to the Nation on Sunday.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a decline of 2 points on Saturday with January 6.60 which was the highest level for the day. There was fair trade calling which met with outside speculative switching of October positions to later months. Later on prices declined on hedge selling and continued October liquidation. The offerings were absorbed by trade calling. The market closed quiet at a decline of 5 to 6 poinas. Middling American Spot cotton prices declined 9 points at 6.82d per lb.

INDIAN COTTON.

East Indian cotton futures market was easy in sympathy with weakness in American cotton and closed at a decline of 8 points. At the close October was quoted 4.87, January 4.86 and March 4.84.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Egyptian cotton futures market was quiet with scattered liquidation. Sakels futures closed 3 to 4 points down while Spot cotton prices were reduced 8 points at 8.33. Uppers futures declined 6 to 4 points and Spot Upper cotton prices closed 9 points down at 7.09d per lb.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET.

The Alexandria cotton futures market was quiet but steady with a slight enquiry for Sakels which closed unchanged to 3 points up. Ashmouni futures were easy on increased selling and closed at a loss of 10 to 8 points.

STABILISATION OF DOLLAR.

Messrs. M & B Stern state:—Despite foreign selling the market recovered on short covering and trade buying on the reaction theory. In view of China's complaint against the U.S.A. Silver purchasing policy and the American Reserve Bank Board Advisory Committee recommending the stabilisation of the dollar on the gold standard some developments in monetary problems are expected during this month.

No details are yet to hand regarding President Roosevelt's speech but should it prove to be constructive, the present reaction may be carried further though pending the Government's decision regarding sales of pool cotton on the 3rd inst. and the Bureau Report on the 8th inst., we are inclined to look for trading markets.

The general idea for the next bureau appears to be around 9 1/2 million bales and should there be a better trade demand, after its publication a scarcity o contracts seems likely with a resultant gradual improvement in prices.

COTTON PRICES.

"The artificiality of the American cotton position—its finance, its marketing and production—is causing an international lack of confidence in its value. Such drastic and unconventionable changes as have taken place already, the ploughing in of crops, the subsidies and acreage restrictions, all tend to undermine security. The trade dare not buy ahead lost some new plan alters the whole complexion of the cotton position. Thus the tendency to consume "Outside" growths is increasing, as the returns of the International Cotton Federation show."—"M G Commercial."

INCOME TAX.

Messrs. Langley & Co. State:—Prices on the cotton market declined on foreign selling on fear of American income-tax, with the prospective selling of pool cotton and expectations of increased crop estimates disturbing confidence but the market later rallied on reactionary buying, pending Roosevelt's address.

PRIVATE CABLES.

N Y December highest 12.52+14 (11-29 a.m.) lowest 12.33—05 (10 a.m.)

Liverpool January highest 6.60—02 (10-1 a.m.) lowest 6.57—05 (12-29 p.m.)

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

New York. Indications seem to favour an advance. Holders are taking their cotton off the market.

New York. Recent decline due to rapid marketing of crop and lack of spinning demand incident to textile strike which is now settled, also cotton of better grade and staple fetching strong premimum over futures. Twelve cent loan becoming rapidly effective with few hedges to-day and expect ultimately four million bales of this year's crop locked up in twelve cent loan. Think with patience purchase at these levels eventually show satisfactory profits.

Messrs. Drennan and Co. have received the following cable from Messrs. Orvis Bros. and Co., New York:—

"Decreased liquidation and Southern selling. Crop movement delayed by rains. Prices rallied on short covering and trade buying."

Messrs. Breul & Co. have received the following cable dated 29th ultimo (10-52 a.m.) from their New York friends:—

"Trades is buying absorbing liquidation; better tone, state that long lines appear fairly well liquidated."

Messrs. Patel Bros. have received the following cable from Liverpool:—

Less hedge selling, spot houses buying December.

Messrs. Langley and Co. have received the following cable from their Liverpool Agents:

Increased hedging and larger crop estimates offset by holding owing 12 cent loan and improved tone American stocks. Wheat declined owing free hedging and long liquidation consider Liverpool wheat good investment.

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Sept. 29.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dolls.
Amer Power & Light Com	5
Amer Power & Light Pfd. 6dol.	15
Amer Power & Light 5 p c P A	14
Amer Forn Power Com	7
Amer Forn Power Gold D	52
Amer Forn Power 7 p c P	17
Electric Bond Common	11
Electric Bond 5 dol. Pfd.	34
Electric Bond 6 p c Pfd	43
Consolidated Gas	30
Columbia Gas	9
Columbia Gas 6 p c Pfd. A	64
United Corp.	4¼
American Tel. & Tel.	111
Western Union Telg.	34½
Radio Corp.	6
Chesapeake & Ohio	43
New York Central	22½
Baltimore & Ohio R R	16
Erie R R	13
Pennsylvania R R	24
Union Pacific R R	102
Great North Pfd	16
National Distillers	20
Hiram Walker	26
Distillers Seagram	16
Amr. Tobacco B	77
Dupont de Nemours	89
Canadian Pacific	14
Alaska Juneau	20
Bethelehem Steel	29
United States Steel	33½
American Smelting	35
Noranda Mines	41
Int Nickel of Canada	25¼
Anaconda Copper Mining	11½
Kennecott Copper	19
Cerro de Pasco Copper	37
International Harvester	30
Ford Motors of Canada 'A'	21
General Motors	29⅞
Packard Motor	4
General Electric	18
St. Oil of N J	43
Philips Petrol	16½
Mid Con Petroleum	12
Atlanti Refining	25
Socony	14½
Plymouth Oil	9
American Radiator	14½
Eaton Mfg.	14½
Chase Bank	21½
National City Bank	19½
Sun Life of Canada	320
Celanese Corp. of Amr.	25
General Foods	30
National Dairy	16½
Remington Rand	8-1/4
Amr. Locomotive	17
Goodyear Tyre	23

Market featureless. Steady. Anaconda 11½; U S Steel 33-1/4; G Motors 29-5/8; I Nickel 25-1/4; City Bank 19½; Chase Bank 21½; Socony 14-1/4; N Y Central 22½; W U Teleg. 34-5/8; Total business:—½ million.

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, Oct. 1.

The local silver market was steady on scattered buying and November delivery after opening at Rs. 61-7 improved to Rs. 61-8-6. Shanghai T. T. on London was quoted at 1.5½. The gold market was also steady with a fair buying. Next settlement is keeping firm and the premium is 1-1/2 anna. The position of Silver is healthy and higher prices are expected in the long run.

Ready Silver	61-7-6.
November Settlement	61-8-6
December Settlement	61-10-6
Ready Gold	35-2-0
November Settlement	35-3-0
December Settlement	35-4-6

ARGENTINE LINSEED

Buenos Aires, Sept 29

October 13.20 plus 12
November 13.22 plus 1c

AHMEDABAD SHARE BAZAR

Closing Prices

	Ahmedabad, Oct 1
Ashok	236 12 0
Calico	443 12 0
Jubilee	192 8 0
Marsden	88 12 0
Monogram	86 4 0
Rajpur	324 6 0
Saraspur	177 8 0

BOMBAY COTTON

Disappointment On Roosevelt's Speech

INCREASED SELLING PRESSURE

Bombay, Oct. 1.

On Saturday night with a rise of 14 points in New York Cotton futures, the local cotton markets ruled firm with active speculation buying and short covering which raised Broach April/May delivery to Rs. 211.

The local market was expected to open to-day at Rs. 210/8 for Broach April/May but the market opened easy at Rs. 209/14 being influenced by President Roosevelt's speech disappointed bull operators who were anxiously awaiting some show necessary change in N. R. A. and calling of a conference of millowners and operators to establish satiscactory relation between capital and labour.

At the opening there was scattered short covering which hardened prices to Rs. 209/10 for Broach but the demand was soon satisfied by liquidation and prices declined to Rs. 208/12 on withdrawal of support. The undertone of the market was easy.

Liverpool market opened at a rise of 5 points but later on was quoted 7 points up. There was some improved demand in the local market and prices advanced to Rs. 209/8 Later on the local market was quiet and closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

Broach A/M. Rs. 209
Oomra D/J. Rs. 181/12
Bengal D/J. Rs. 131/12.

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Oct 1

Bengal Superfine	138/40
Bengal Fine	125/27
Bengal F G	115/20
Sindh-Punjab Fine	125/27
Sindh-Punjab F G	115/20
Wardha-Hingt	193/195
Nagpur/Savner	191/193
Pundhurna	183/185
Yeotmal	182/183
Arvi	181/183
Ellichpur	181/183
Amraoti-Berar	179/181
Khamgaon	180/181
Mulkapur	171/173
Khandesh	168/70
Jalna/Sailu	169/171
Burwah/Sanavad	173/178
Broach Fine	204/06
Punjab/American	214/16
Punjab/American mix	204/09
Cambodia	269/74
Miraj/Sangli	199/204
Compta Good	194/199
Bagalkot	179/184
Kampala	341
Busoga	340
Jinja	337
Manza	332

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

Bombay, Oct 1

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed bales.

	29-9-34.	This year.
Khandesh	...	1,173
Central India	92	2,666
Barsi and Nagar	...	798
Hyderabad Gaorani	...	309
Berar	...	2,513
Centarl Provinces	...	688
Total Oomras	92	8,147
Dholera	1,067	5,254
N W Provinces	...	514
Rajputana	...	689
Sind-Punjab	...	5,361
Broach	...	737
Coompta and Dharwar	...	5,613
Westerns-Northerns	102	6,206
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	221	9,570
Persian	...	1,814
American	...	1,594
Egyptian and African	...	23,483
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	...	...
Total	1,482	68,482

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY

1st Sept. to 27th Sept

In full-pressed bales

	29-9-34.	This year.
Europe	399	21,110
Japan and China	1,200	44,111
Coast Ports	85	2,278
Up-country by Rail	...	12,360
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan	...	3,273
Total	1,684	83,132

PRODUCE RECEIPTS

Bombay, Oct 1.

Central India	92 bales.
Dhollera	1,067 bales.
Western-Northerns	102 bales.
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	221 bales.
Total cotton	1,482 bales.
Wheat	1,214 cwts.
Linseed	1,147 cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustard seeds	168 cwts.
Gingellyseed	3,336 cwts.
Poppyseed	45 cwts.
Groundnuts	8,077 cwts.
Castorseed	2,395 cwts.
Rice	23,387 cwts.
Myrabollams	972 cwts.
Cottonseed	5,659 cwts.
Mowraseed	710 cwts.
Gram	763 cwts.
Joowar	147 cwts.
Barley	254 cwts.
Bajree	633 cwts.
Coal	1,493 tons.

AMERICAN COTTON BELT

Weather Forecast

East: Partly cloudy, with occasional showers.

Central: Most cloudy, probably local thundershowers.

West: Fair and colder. Thundershowers in East Texas.

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, Oct 1.

B. C. Rate—
T T D D 1/6
LONDON—
Banks selling T T D D 1/6 1/32 Oct January.
Banks selling T T 1/6 Feb-May.
Banks selling T T 1/5 31/32 June/Sept. 35.
Banks buying T T 1/6 1/16 Oct-Dec.
Banks buying D D 1/6 3/32 Oct-Dec
Banks buying 3 mos 1/6 5/32 Oct Dec.
Banks buying 3 mos 1/6 1/8 Jan-Mar.
NEW YORK B. C. RATE—
T T 271 1/2
Banks selling T T 269 1/2
Banks buying T T 267 1/2
PARIS.—
Banks selling D D 558
Banks buying D D 568
AMSTERDAM.—
Banks selling D D 54 1/4
JAVA—
Banks selling D D 54
JAPAN—
Banks selling T T 78 3/8
Banks buying T T 78 nominal
HONGKONG.—
Banks selling D D 108 1/2
SHANGHAI—
Banks selling D D 98 3/4
SINGAPORE—
Banks selling D D 157 1/4
BERLIN—
Banks selling D D 90
CROSS RATE—
New York/London 4.96 1/4 29th ultimo
Shanghai/London 1/5 1/2 1st instant
Japan/London 1/2 3/16 1st instant
Java/London 7.22 1/2 29th ultimo
London/Paris 74.71 29th ultimo
London/Belgium 21.06 29th ultimo
London/Switzerland 1.509 1/2 29th ultimo
London/Italy 57.75 29th ultimo
London/Berlin 12.25 29th ultimo
London/Stockholm 19.39 29th ultimo
London/New York 4.96 1/8 29th ultimo
London/Amsterdam 7.26 1/4 29th ultimo
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Duh.
Gold £7-1-0 1/2 28th ultimo £7-1-1 1/2 29th ultimo
Silver London Ready 22 7/16 28th ultimo 22 5/16 29th ultimo
Silver London Forward 22 9/16 28th ultimo 22 7/16 29th ultimo
Silver New York Ready 50.00 28th ultimo 49 7/8 29th ultimo
London discounts 3 mos 3/4 per cent 28th ultimo 3/4 per cent 29th ultimo
London discounts 6 mos 1 per cent 28th ultimo 13/16 per cent 29th ultimo.
Imperial Bank Rate 3 1/2 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 1 per cent.
3 mos 1 1/4 per cent.
6 mos 1 1/2 per cent.
Tone:—Easy.

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

STRADDLE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool:—
Liverpool New York October 133 at Cross Rate 4.96 1/4
Bombay Liverpool:—
Broach A/M 1935 210 Liverpool May 1935 6.58 Rs. 76 1/2 at Exchange 1/6
Bombay New York:—
Broach A/M 1935 210 New York May 12.73 Rs. 75 1/2 at Cross Rate 4.96 1/4.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Sept. 29

September 1-04—5/8c
December 1-02 3/4—7/8c
May 1-03—5/8c

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Sept 29

October 61 5/8 —5/8d
December 65 1/4—1/2d
March 68 1/2—1/2d
May 70 1/4—5/8d.

LONDON RUBBER MARKET

No Restriction In Siam

Messrs. M. and B. Stern have issued the following report dated London, September 17:—

"The market during the early part of the week was quiet with prices fluctuating within narrow limits.

On Friday last a statement was issued to the effect that Siam had refused to ratify the Rubber Restriction Scheme, which caused a sharp setback and value dropped 1/8d to 3/16d. At the lower levels however, some support was forthcoming and a steadier tone set in.

On the publication of the American questionnaire figures which can to hand this morning, prices were 1/8d. higher with a steady undertone. These figures were as follows:—And those for July are also shown for the purpose of comparison:—

	Aug. 1934. Tons.	July 1934 Tons.
Consumption	33,310	32,647
Arrivals	33,248	41,530
Afloat	40,278	45,869
Stocks	362,647	364,883
Reclaimed	8,493	8,175

We believe that the question of the difficulty of Siam's attitude will be overcome at the next meeting of the International Regulation Committee and we are still of the opinion that purchases should be made on any weak spots.

To-day's values are as follows:—

	Buyers.	Sellers.
Spot	7 3/8d.	7 7/16d.
Oct-Dec	7 1/2d.	7 9/16d.
Jan-Mar	7 5/8d.	7 11/16d.
Apl-June	7 13/16d.	7 15/16d.

Stocks in this country show an increase on the past week of 2,468 tons.

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

Smart Rise In Steel Shares

MILL SHARES QUIET

Bombay, Oct. 1.

To-day being the last day for evening up open business for the present settlement, there was a fairly large budli business. During the early part of the day there was active speculative buying in Tata Steel shares. Tata Steel Dfd. shares advanced to Rs. 347-8 and Ordinary shares improved to Rs. 87-4. At this level there was considerable profit-taking which resulted in some decline from the highest level.

Cotton Mill shares were also firm but later on there was some long liquidation. Tata Power and Andhra shares were also active with a good enquiry. Cement shares remained neglected and Bombay Burma shares were steady.

Quotations at 2 p.m. were as under:—

Later on there was improved demand for Tata Steel shares which again ruled firm. Heavy liquidation was easily absorbed by new buyers and the market kept up firm undertone. Andhra shares were steady but Power shares were strong and closed at a rise of Rs. 15.

The general sentiment continues bullish and plenty supply of cheap money is attracting in new buyers. It is true that there is considerable improvement in various industries and most of the factories are working at a satisfactory profit. But the rise in share values also fully discounts the improved outlook. Under the circumstances, it will be advisable to unload a portion of holdings with a view to secure profits and replace on good declines.

TEXTILE MILLS

Bombay, Oct. 1.

100	Ahm. Advance	312 8
500	Bom. Cotton	65 0
250	Bombay Dyeing	853 12
250	Bradbury	110 0
100	Century	280 10
100	Central India	288 12
100	Colaba	130 10
100	Coorla	102 8
100	Crescent	7 4
250	Currim	5 0
250	David	60 0

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, Oct 1

Bombay Dyeing 860 862 857 852 853/12
Century 286 287 282 280/10
Central India 296 298 293 292 288/12
Colaba 131 132 131 130/10
Kohinoor 200 204 197 193/12
New Great 181 180 177 176/4
Simplex 93 95 90/10 91/14
Swadeshi 235 237 233 230/10
Bundi 32/10 32/12 32/8
Indian Cement 445 450 443/12
Tata Steel Defd 331 340 348 338 347 348/12
Tata Steel Ord 86/8 87 86/8 87/4 87/2
Bombay Steam 305 303/12
Bombay Burma 467 469 472 466 465
Tata Hydro 154/6
Andhra 1541 1540 1546 1542/8
Tram 159/6 161/14 160
Tata Power 1236 1235 1242 1240 1245 1247

250	Dawn	395 0
1	E D Sassoon	0-4-9
100	Finlay	112 8
100	Gokak	173 12
1000	Hindustan	1,755 0
100	Indore	113 12
50	Kastoorchand	0 8
100	Khatau	86 14
100	Kohinoor	193 12
250	Laxmi	735 0
100	Madhavji	10 8
250	Madras United	65 0
1000	Morarji	1,500 0
250	Model	85 0
50	Mysore	93 12
200	New Great	176 4
100	Oosmanshahi	N72 8
100	Phoenix	310 0
25	Sassoon Silk	39 0
1000	Sholapur	2820 0
50	Simplex	91 14
100	Swadeshi	230 10
100	Swan	65 0
25	Tata	9 12
500	Vishnu	1435 0
1000	Western	832 8

BANKS.

50-100	Baroda	103 8
25-50	Central	33 12
500	Imp.	1562 8
125-500	Imp. Contry.	397 8
50-100	India	121 0
5	Union	5 1 0

CEMENTS.

10	Bundi	32 4
70	Gwalior	96 0
250	Indian	443 12
40	Katni Df.	1152 8
100	Katni Ord.	330 10
75	Okha	192 8
10	Punjab	23 14
100	Shahabad	349 6
70	United	86 0

INSURANCE.

15-100	Jupiter	13 13
15-75	New India	37 8
200	Oriental	3830 0
10-100	Vulcan	8 4

ELECTRIC.

100	Ahmedabad Old	182 8
1000	Andhra Valley	1542 0
10	Ajmer	9 3
50	Bom. Tram.	161 0
100	Bom. Suburban	157 0
10	Broach	11 0
100	Karachi	213 12
100	Poona	N195 0
100	Surat	173 12
100	Tata Hydro	154 6
100	Tata Power	1247 8

RAILWAYS.

500	Ahm. Prantij	858 12
100	Amr. Patty	121 4
100	C. Province	89 0
100	Dhon. Baramati	90 0
100	Gujrat	72 12
100	Mandra Bhon	91 4
100	Pachora Jamner	85 0

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Oct. 1

SETTLEMENT

3 1/2 per cent G P N Sett 91/13/6
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash 91/14/6
4 per cent 1960/70 Sett 107/11
4 per cent 1960/70 Cash 107/12
5 per cent 1945/55 Sett 117/9
5 per cent 1945/55 Cash 117/11

TAX FREES

4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore 107/12
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 118
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore 111/4
6 1/2 per cent 1935 B D L 104/10

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES. (CASH.)

3 per cent 1941 99/6/6
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 101/8
4 per cent 1943 105/9
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 112/12
5 per cent 1939/44 108/5
5 per cent 1940/43 105/5
5 per cent 1935 102/9
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 109/7
6 1/2 per cent 1935 T B 103/12

CORPORATION LOANS (TAXABLE)

4 per cent B P T 1974 103/4
4 per cent M Deb 1974 102/2
5 per cent M Deb 1959 113/8
6 per cent M Deb 1954 124/4
6 per cent K P T 1956 124/4
6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937 109/8

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government Paper opened to-day at Rs. 91-13 and after advancing to Rs. 91-14 declined to Rs. 91-13.

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Sept 29

Broach A/M 1935 opening 208 1/2; highest 208 1/2; lowest 207 1/2; close 208

Oomra D/J opening 181; highest 181; lowest 180 1/2; close 181

Bengal D/J opening 130 3/4; highest 131; lowest 130 3/4; close 130 3/4

Tejimandi for Broach A/M 1935 (31-3-35) Rs. 19 1/2

Tejimandi for Broach Settlement (21-10-34) Rs. 6 1/2

Danger Of Counting Money In Public

A man who was counting some money on the high road on Saturday afternoon had a nasty experience when a Mahomedan is alleged to have walked up to him and struck him on the hand and grabbed the money. A police constable arrested the culprit.

On Monday Moosaheb Kallankhan was placed before Mr. Oscar H. Brown and charged with the offence. He was remanded into police custody for seven days pending further inquiries.

100	Sara Sirajgunge	93 8
500	Tapty Valley	X.D.762 8

MININGS

10	Shivrajpur	34 0
30	Tata Steel Def.	348 12
75	Tata Steel Ord.	87 2

MISCELLANEOUS

100	Alcock	200 0
50	Belapur Sugar	218 12
250	Bom. Steam	303 12
125	Bom. Burma	465 0
50	Bom. Burma Contry.	148 12
8sh.	Br. B Petrol	4-3-6
50	Bombay Telephone	109 4
100	Ind Bleaching	150 0
100	Ind. Radio Df.	530 0
100	Ind. Radio Ordy.	475 10
1000	Port Canning	607 8
15	Scindia	12 10
30	Tata Construction	79 8
25	Tata Oil	19 4

PREFERENCE

7	p.c. Andhra Vly XD	1,310 0
6	p c Bombay Steam	293 12
7	p.c. Bom. Tram	80 0
5	p.c. Central India	505 0
7	pc. Katni 1st	138 12
7	p.c. Katni 2nd	151 4
7	1/2 p.c. Punjab Cement	14 8
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	135 10
7½	p.c. Tata Power	1335 0
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	178 12
7½	p c Tata Steel 2nd	171 0
5-1/2	p.c. Tata Mill	17 8
7	p.c Vishnu	840 0

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JUPITER AND INSURANCE go hand in hand. J1

REGD. NO. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1934

JUPITER GENERAL is doing all classes of INSURANCE Business. J2

A Leading Bombay Legal Luminary Passes Away

F. S. Talyerkhan Dies After Brief Illness

CITY BAR SUFFERS LOSS

Man Who Made Name In Eventful Political Cases

We regret to announce the death of Mr. F. S. Talyarkhan, Bar-at-Law, the well-known leading counsel of the Bombay High Court, which occurred on Monday morning at his residence in Marine Lines, after a brief illness.

The news of Mr. Talyerkhan's death came as a shock to his many friends in the High Court, and all over the City, most of whom were not aware of his illness.

Two years ago Mr. Talyerkhan underwent a serious operation and, under medical advice, went to Europe for six months to recuperate. He returned much improved in health and resumed his practice at the Bar with all his old "flair" and activity.

This year he again went to Europe and on his return seemed so well that his friends supposed he had quite recovered. Two days ago, however, he was again taken ill and this morning he passed away in the presence of his sorrowing family.

Fardunji Sorabji Jehangir Talyerkhan had been for many years a distinguished figure at the Bombay Bar, of which he was one of the oldest members, having joined it at about the beginning of this century. A man with a natural aptitude for the law, it did not take him long to acquire a busy practice and after a quarter of a century, his outstanding merit as a lawyer possessed of sound judicial acumen were recognised by his appointment to an acting vacancy on the Bench. His conduct as a Judge gave general satisfaction, and it was the loss of the public that after the termination of his acting appointment, he did not again seek judicial office.

Though, as a practising barrister, he displayed all-round qualities, which caused him to be sought after in every class of litigation, F.S. Talyerkhan was at his best in appeals and Sessions trials. Many will remember his brilliant defence of F.S. Spratt a few years ago, when he secured Communist on his trial for a pamphlet he published in Bombay on the military expedition to China. The pamphlet was proscribed by the Government, but the Crown failed to secure his conviction for sedition, thanks largely to the ability with which his case was conducted by Mr. Talyerkhan and the eminently judicial attitude maintained by the Judge, Mr. Justice Fawcett.

"Indian Daily Mail" Case.

Another case, the able conduct of which by Mr. Talyerkhan will be long remembered, was the appeal against the order for security imposed on the "Indian Daily Mail" for two articles written by Mr. B.G. Horniman in that journal. Mr. Talyerkhan in a brilliant analysis of the articles completely justified them on the basis but he could not get over the rigid and uncompromising provisions of the Press Ordinance. Though he lost the day, his advocacy was a brilliant "success d'estime."

"Defence Of Reason."

Mr. Talyerkhan was responsible for a striking victory in another historic case, when he defended Dr. D'Avoine who was prosecuted for two articles in "Reason," the organ of the Rationalist Society. For his services he was presented with a handsome coffee set by the gratified members of the Society.

Recently he was responsible for securing the substantial reduction of the sentence of imprisonment passed on the Printer of "The Bombay Chronicle" under the Ordinance from nine months' rigorous imprisonment to one month's simple imprisonment, though a substantial fine was added.

As a Journalist.

Mr. Talyarkhan apart from being a well known lawyer was also keenly interested in journalism and started "The Parsis" a weekly journal about twenty-five years ago which was very popular among all classes of the public. He was also editing "The Iran League Bulletin" and was keenly interested in the affairs of Persia.

Late Mr. F. S. Talyerkhan.

FEELING REFERENCES IN HIGH COURT

Mourned As Personal Friend, Says Chief Justice

Touching references were made to the late Mr. F.S. Talyarkhan by the Judges and members of the Bar on Monday morning.

The Chief Justice, sitting on the Appellate Side, said that in the death of Mr. Talyarkhan they had sustained a very great loss. He had a large practice, mainly on the original side, and he always maintained the highest traditions and standards of the profession. He was a man of singularly charming and kindly nature. Many of them mourned his death as the loss of a personal friend.

Mr. P.B. Shingne, Government Pleader, speaking on behalf of the Appellate Side Bar, associated himself with the sentiments of the Chief Justice. He said that he had the pleasure of knowing Mr. Talyarkhan personally for many years, and had the highest opinion of his ability as a lawyer. His straightforwardness and friendly and genial nature had endeared him to the members of the Bar. In him they had lost a lawyer who was more devoted to his duty than anything else.

On Original Side.

On the Original Side, Mr. Justice Blackwell, also made a reference. His Lordship observed that Mr. Talyarkhan was not only a most distinguished advocate, but a most charming and courteous gentleman. When his Lordship first came to Bombay, he had the pleasure of frequently meeting Mr. Talyarkhan, who was then acting as an additional judge, and had become his personal friend. When he saw Mr. Talyarkhan last in Europe, his Lordship was very much struck by his altered appearance, but he little dreamt then that they would lose him so soon. Mr. Talyarkhan was a most affectionate husband and a devoted father. Their sympathies must go out to his widow and family in their bereavement.

Sir Jamshed Kanga, Advocate-General, speaking on behalf of the Original Side Bar, associated himself with Mr. Justice Blackwell's observations. He said that Mr. Talyarkhan had enjoyed a very extensive practice and was a very fluent speaker. He had established his reputation as a first class criminal lawyer and had appeared in many big cases in the mofussil. He was always highly respected by the Judges.

TOUCHING REFERENCE IN POLICE COURT

At the Esplanade Police Court, Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Presidency Magistrate, made a touching reference to the sad demise of Mr. F. S. Talyarkhan.

Mr. Brown said that the news of his death was received with profound grief, as Mr. Talyerkhan was one of the leading legal luminaries of his day. He had earned an enviable reputation at the Bar and had twice officiated as a High Court Judge. On behalf of the bar he extended their sympathies to the bereaved family.

Mr. N. T. Jungalwalla on behalf of the bar associated himself with the sentiments expressed.

IN MEMORIAM

By Sohrab R. Davar, Barrister-at-Law

In the sudden death of Mr. Furdoonji S Talyarkhan an old and well-known landmark in the High Court of Bombay has been lost for ever. Mr Talyarkhan was well known for his courtesy to all the members of the Bar as well as to his clients He was a very eloquent lawyer and his greatest successes were won before the juries in the Sessions Courts.

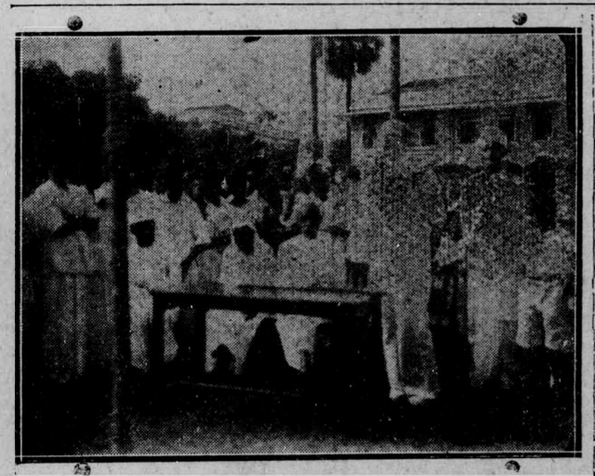
On the Civil side also he at one time commanded the highest practice, though later on owing to ill-health he could not regularly attend to his professional work with the same activity and ability he displayed in his younger days.

The strongest point of Mr. Talyarkhan was his excellent cross-examination of witnesses in which he excelled almost all the members of the Bar in the High Court. This was largely due to his constant practice in his early days in the Mofussil Courts as well as in the Police Courts where he was retained on high fees in almost all important cases of the day.

He occupied the bench as an Acting Judge for a short period but his forensic ability and strenuous practice of defending and prosecuting people in the High Court were unsuited for a judicial position where different faculties are required.

The loss of Mr. Talyarkhan as an able lawyer, particularly in

(Continued on page 4).



Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel (seated in centre) inaugurated the Gandhi Week in Matunga by hoisting the National Flag at 9 a. m. on Sunday morning.

SARDAR AT AHMEDABAD

Fight For Freedom Never Ceases, He Says

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 1.

After a lapse of nearly three years Sardar Vallabhbhai arrived here this morning and was received at the station by prominent Congressmen and citizens.

The Sardar was evidently overjoyed at being in the midst of his colleagues and workers. Several Congress workers from Gujarat had specially come to meet him. Immediately after his arrival to this place.

UNFURLS NATIONAL FLAG

He unfurled the National Flag at the Congress House before a large audience. In doing so, Sardar said that he was not yet conversant with the affairs in Gujarat and, therefore, he could not tell them anything at present. He would have to study the developments that had taken place during his absence

FIGHT NEVER CEASES

But he would tell them that nobody should think that they were defeated and nobody should also believe that the fight was stopped—"fight for freedom never ceases, until they reach the goal. But the present period was a period of rest for those, who are tired During this period they must purify themselves.

Despite the present differences and quarrels, he believed that India was progressing and that their destinies were being moulded. How could he believe, said Patel, that the fight was stopped, when the Government had not yet returned several Congress buildings in Gujarat.

He asked them to march forward and be prepared for the sufferings as what they had suffered was nothing in comparison with what the other nations had suffered in their fight for freedom.

He appealed to them to be true to the national flag, which they had just saluted and be prepared to die for it, if it need be.

In noon, he attends the ladies meeting.

Rewa's New Political Secretary

JUBBULPORE, October 1.

According to an official notification issued by the Government of Rewa State Mr. Vishweshwar Prasad Trivedy, has been appointed as a Political Secretary by H H. the Maharaja of Rewa. Mr. Trivedy, until recently was the District and Sessions Judge at Rewa, and had worked on the post for the last 14 years.

He is now succeeded by Mr. Chhatter Singh Pancholi Mr. Pancholi was the tutor to the heir-apparent of the Rewa State. —United Press

WILL FIGHT SINGLE-HANDED

Vallabhbhai Says Struggle For Freedom Will Continue

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 1.

"You should not think that we are defeated or disappointed," declared Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Congress President, unfurling a National Flag at the local Congress House this morning before a large gathering.

He added that the fight for freedom that had commenced did not and would not stop till freedom was achieved. The people, once roused, would not go to sleep.

The Government had not returned the Swaraj Ashram at Bardoli, the building of the Gujarat Vidyapith, etc. If the fight for freedom was stopped, concluded Sardar Villabhbhai Patel, he would continue it single-handed, if necessary.—A.P.

JUBILATION IN PATNA

Rajen Babu Thanks Bombay Reception Committee

PATNA, Oct. 1.

All Patna is jubilant over the unanimous election by the Reception Committee, of Babu Rajendra Prasad as the President of the Bombay session of the Indian National Congress.

Babu Rajendra Prasad accepting the presidentship, wired to the Reception Committee as follows:

Thanks. Feel overwhelmed by the responsibility to accept the nation's call in humbleness of spirit, full of faith and hope.—United Press.

SEVEN INJURED IN BUS ACCIDENT

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 1.

A motor bus plying for hire dashed against a stone and fell into a tank outside the City as a result of which about seven passengers including a policeman were injured.—A. P.

EXPORT OF UNSEALED MATCHES PROHIBITED

HYDERABAD (Deccan), Oct. 1.

A notification by the Revenue Department states that with effect from to-day the export from the Dominions of unbanderiolled matches is prohibited. Any matches so exported are liable to confiscation.—A. P.

SARDAR'S PLAINSPEAKING TO CONGRESSMEN

"Fighting For Forms Of Swaraj Before We Have Got It"

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel presided over the Flag-Salutation ceremony which was performed at Matunga in the open maidan near Napoo Hall, under the auspices of Matunga Taluka Congress Committee, before a good gathering of Matunga residents. Mr. B G. Horniman, Seth Dharamshi Bhavan and Mr. B. N. Meisheri were present.

The ceremony began exactly at 9 a.m. with the singing of "Bande Mataram" by the students of Shri Visha Oswal Jain Boarding, Sardar Vallabhbhai then unfurled the National Flag. Mr. B. N. Maheshwari the president of M T C C then welcomed the Sardar. Mr. B. G. Horniman also spoke a few words welcoming the Sardar. Vallabhbhai, delivered a forceful speech covering the problems that are agitating the country to-day. He refused to speak in English, even for the convenience of Madrasi people whom he exhorted to learn Hindi.

He began by saying that he was a peasant and as such believed more in doing than in speaking He declared his undiminished faith in the potency of khadi which was the true philosophy at the root of Swadeshi movement and mass production.

Challenge to Socialists.

He called upon socialists who wanted to replace the symbol of the charka in the National flag by the tractor to work among the peasants and handle tractors themselves. "It is no use condemning Congress and Congress leaders for doing this and omitting that. Let them accompany me from Cape Comorin to Kashmir, work amongst the peasants, handle tractors and examine the comparative value of all their theories imported from the West." He declared Socialists were suffering from brain fever.

As regards Mahatmaji's retirement, he said he could not share the optimism of Mr. B. G. Horniman, who had stated somewhere that after all Mahatmaji would not retire.

Mahatmaji was simply disgusted with the hypocrisy and cheating that were rampant in Congress organisations. A man gives a hundred rupees and gets 400 members enrolled. At the time of election, he buys some khadi and clothes these members in it to vote for him and gets a place in Congress Committee.

This was sheer hypocrisy. Gandhiji could not stand it. If you want Gandhiji to remain at the head of the Congress, you will have to take to charkha. If not, let him retire. Even outside Congress, he will be always working for the Congress and do everything he can to strengthen Congress. His greatness is all his own. It cannot enhance in the Congress it cannot diminish outside the Congress.

Dictatorship Inevitable.

We are in the midst of a great struggle for Independence. Even in wars of violence, there is always set up dictatorship. If every soldier were to think and act for himself, the war cannot be carried on, much less won. Ours is a non-violent struggle. We must accept some limits to democracy of thought and action. What had happened with us was that everybody had got his own opinion and so-called plan of action.

"Have we not brains? is the constant query. Well, I say we have really speaking no brains. Otherwise the brains of a few Englishmen would not have kept us in bondage for so long a time. A handful of Calcutta English merchants are really governing India to-day. We are a set of lunatics who would be difficult to find elsewhere even in a lunatic asylum. We have brains indeed and hence we are fighting amongst ourselves as to the forms of Swaraj before we have got it.

Nationalist Party.

Had I been out of jail, I would not have allowed the formation of the Congress Parliamentary Board. Pandit Malaviya along with Dr. Ansari creates this board. He leaves it and forms a Congress Nationalist Party against the Congress. Dr. Ansari the President of C P B goes out of India. I would not allow such a dilatory method of work

As regards differences on Communal Award I plainly told Malaviyaji that by setting up his party against Congress he was practically digging the grave either of the Congress or his public career. What is his party going to do in the Assembly? Moslems, Christians, non-Brahmins, will all vote for the Government which can still further depend upon some Hindus like Mr. Jayakar and Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru. Malaviya party will be simply out voted.

As for the Liberals, we have their gifts to this country of Mody Pacts and Ottawa Pacts.

I had been to Madras. I could understand a minority community seeking protection against the majority community. But when non-Brahmins welded into a Justice Party and forming the majority community demand protection against a handful of Brahmins who are mostly government servants, my surprise knows no bounds but that is really what the Justice Party is doing.

Coming Elections.

I strongly advise you to vote for the Congress candidates only and decline to vote any man outside Congress.

People change their professions very quickly. I was surprised to hear that our friend Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta was standing on Sanatan Dharma ticket. When questions like Sarda Bill or widow remarriage come up and Assembly, will he vote against these bills to satisfy his Sanatanist supporters?

One Shankaracharya has given as far as to advise people to vote for Sir Cowasji Jehangir on the ground that he will support Hindus and Hindu religion. When I heard this, I found it difficult to breathe.

Such are the ways of people who work against Congress to-day.

I therefore appeal to you all to vote for Congress and Congress alone. Thus Sardar concluded his speech.

MALAVIYAJI CONGRATULATES MAHATMA

Considers His Work To Be Of Greatest Value To Country

NEW DELHI, Sept. 30.

Pandit Malaviya has issued the following appeal:—

"I heartily join with the rest of my countrymen and country women in rejoicing on the 66th birthday of Mahatma Gandhi.

"Apart from rousing othe general political consciousness among our people, the work of Mahatma Gandhi which I consider to be of the greatest value to the country as a whole is the revival of the spinning wheel and khaddar. And in my opinion the best way of celebrating 66th birthday will be to endeavour to the best of one's power to give a strong impetus to the production and use of khaddar.

This will be a fine economic and humanitarian service to the poorer section of our people."

It is understood that Pandit Nekiram Sharma has resigned the Presidentship of the Punjab Congress Nationalist Party.—A. P.

Edited by SYED ABDULLAH BRELVI and Printed and Published for the "Bombay Chronicle" Co., Ltd., by KESARINATH RAMKRISHNA GANDRE, at the "Bombay Chronicle" Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.